imenday duning

MILIA

KONG

Two UK

warship

before

yards link

dest ral Hijack passengers face second ordeal

Shia Moslem gunmen blew up the cockpit section of the Jordanian Boeing at Bearut, after releasing the passengers and crew. They had hijacked the sircraft on Tuesday, and had it flows to Larmaca, Cyprus, and Palermo, Sicily, and were twice refused permission to land at Tunis.

Later in the day a Palestinian seized a Middle East Airlines Boeing at Landard At least eight result on the select of the product of the other big.

Larneta. At least eight people on board had been aboard the other hijacked aircraft, six Jordanian crew members and two Americans. Jacket autorut, six Joruanian crew members and two Americans.

Passengers said the hijacker said he was acting to avenge the previous hijacking. Eventually he gave up and was escorted from the aircraft by police, who said he asked to be flown back to Amman, the capital of Jordan.

World news

Pakistan to Two UK lift ban on parties rates

Pakistan is to lift a six year ban on political parties, said Prime Minis-ter Mohammad Khan Juneja. The date would be decided after a parliamentary committee named last week to recommend a political framework to replace martial law issued its report.

Rebel base falls

The main base of the anti-Sandinista guerrilla organisation Arde has fallen to Nicaraguan troops. The base on the San Juan river, which separates Nicaragua and Costa Rica, has been the logistic and com-mand centre for Arde for more than two years. Page 4

israei stops project

Israel has stopped work on a controversial SI.5bn project to produce electricity by channelling water from the Mediterranean to the Dead Sea Jordan and other Arab countries had protested about the plan, which would have involved a 160 km canal through the occupied

Minister for trial

Former Bonn Minister for Inter-German Affairs Egon Franke is to be tried over the disappearance of be tried over the disappearance of more than DM 5m (\$1.6m) from ministry funds

President re-elected

Malian President Moussa Traore was re-elected for a further six-year term in a general election in which he was the only candidate. He col-

Peru rights probe

President Fernando Belaunde Ter- dustry. Page 27 ry of Pera said two U.N. officials rould arrive in Peru on Sunday to investigate the disappearance of more than 1,000 people during the government's five-year-old fight ngainst Maoist guerrillas.

HK backs down

The Hong Kong Government bowed to public pressure and scrapped proposed legislation denounced as an attempt to muzzle the press and stifle dissent in the run up to Hong Kong's return to China Under the legislation anyone who defamed the Legislative Council or reported its closed sessions could be jailed for three years.

Minister injured

South African coloured (mixed race) Deputy Minister Luwellyn Landers was seriously injured in one of three grenade attacks on homes and a police station in the Cape Town area. Page 3

PIRELLI, the leading Italian cable and tyres group has won a L46bn (\$23.5m) contract to provide the Cape Town area. Page 3

Weinberger spy call

U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, commenting on a spy scandal that has compromised U.S. Navy security, said he felt spies should be shot.

Shoddy display

Incompetence at one Soviet shoe factory reached such a level that an entire shipment of boots was despatched to the shops with high heels attached at the toe. The boots were put on display at an exhibition of defective goods held in the Ukreine to shame manufacturers into raine to shame manufacturers into improving efficiency.

Business summary

banks cut

TWO leading British banks, Bar-clays and Midland, cut their base lending rates by % point to 12% per cent, bringing them into line with the other two largest banks, Lloyds and National Westminster. Page 24; Money markets, Page 37

TOKYO stocks drifted lower despite brisk trading in large-capital stocks. The Nikkei-Dow market av-erage shed 10.92 to 12,748.01

LONDON issues reversed their previous session's trend to close lower. However, gilts continued to edge higher. The FT Ordinary share index closed 14.4 down at 984.0

WALL STREET: At the close the Dow Jones industrial average was down 7.5 at 1,306.34. Page 44

DOLLAR showed little change in London, closing at DM 3.889 (DM 3.088), SwFr 2.5985 (SwFr 2.598), FFr 9.41 (FFr 9.4125) and Y249.8 (Y249.85). On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange rate index was unchanged at 145.7.

STERLING was firmer in London, aining 45 points against the dollar to close at \$1.2875. It was also higher at DM 3.915 (DM 3.9), SwFr 3.295 (SwFr 3.2825); FFr 11.92 (FFr 11.87) and Y316.75 (Y315.5). The pound's exchange rate index finished at 79.2 against 79.3. Page 37

GOLD fell \$1 an ounce on the London bullion market to \$314.25. It lost jost \$0.25 in Zurich to finish at \$315.00. In New York the Comex August settlement closed at \$316.70.

SINGAPORE's five biggest shipyards have agreed to call in an outside consultant to advise on the rationalisation of the recession-hit in-

CONTROL DATA, U.S. computer group, has abendoned plans to sell its Commercial Credit financial services unit because of the risk of not finding a buyer at the right price.

SKIS ROSSIGNOL, French sports equipment maker, lifted its profits from FFr 27.4m (\$2.9m) to FFr 41.9m in the year to March and expects demand to remain buoyant in the current year. Page 25

L'AIR LIQUIDE, French industrial gases group, stepped up its consoli-dated net earnings from FFr 1.09bn to FFr 1.29bn (\$137m) last year and plans a one for five scrip issue.

NORWEGIAN shipping group turned investment company, Laly, is raising NKr 250m (\$20m) through a sale of 5m new NKr 50 shares at

par. Page 27 Public Utilities Board of Singapore with cables. The cables are to be manufactured in Milan and in-

stalled before April 1987. DEUTSCHE SHELL, West German subsidiary of the Royal Dutch/Shell group, boosted net profits to DM 415m (\$134m) last year from DM 344m in 1983 despite continuing heavy losses in its basic oil business. Page 25

UPI, the U.S. newsagency which filed for protection from creditors under bankruptcy laws, is seeking further concessions from its em-

Soviet leader explains plans for economic reform

FOR AN HOUR on Tuesday night, ing investment to implement the Soviet television viewers watched new reforms.

Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, their new The problems have been apparleader, explain how he planned to ent for many years. The structure change at every level the way in and organisation of the Soviet econ-

He said that the ruling Polithuro had sent back to be redrafted the next five-year plan (1988-90), which determines most aspects of Soviet change towards quality production, economic life. "Above all," Mr Gorbless rigidly controlled from the cenachev said: we need a mechanism tre and less dependent on cheap that will make the output of outdat-ed and ineffective products unprofi-table."

mists who are protagonists of re-form, have advocated in the past Mr Gorbachev is now promany of the changes now envis-aged. The difference this week is that Mr Gorbachev and the Polithuro have started taking practical measures in planning and allocat-

first veto

price cuts

BY IVO DAWNAY IN LUXEMBOURG

WEST GERMANY last night carri-

ed out its threat to veto a proposal

to cut EEC grain prices in a move that carries political implications

far beyond the reform of the Com-

This first formal exercise of the

veto in the history of German EEC

membership lays to rest for the for-

seeable future any hopes of a radi-cal change in voting rules aimed at suppressing a member-state's right

to block decisions reached by ma-

jority voting.

Reform of Community voting procedures is scheduled to top the

agenda when EFC heads of govern-

ment meet at the Milan summit later this month. But Bonn's willing-

ness to use the national veto over

the cereals issue ensures that it will

remain a part of Community deci-

sion-making even if a much greater

use of majority voting is agreed in

Bonn's action is also likely to

hamper efforts by the strongest ad-

vocates of European union to win

agreement for a special inter gov-

armmental conference to revise the

Treaty of Rome - the legal founda-

tion stone of the Community. Until

the cereals row erupted three

months ago, Bonn had formally

supported abandonment of the right of veto and a substantial revi-

A more modest proposal from the UK, aimed at politically disciplining.

the use of the veto, could now form the centre of the Milan discussions.

Furthermore, failure to agree a

proposal for a cereals price cut of A per cent not only leaves unre-

solved a key element in the Com-mission's strategy to restrain farm

surpluses, but casts doubt on the

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

month by a consortium of compa-nies, with heavy Japanese involve- Mr Ichizo Ts

The Japanese victory over a condustries (IHI), the leader of the Jap-sortium which included the Cleve-anese consortium, said that very

sortium which included the Cleveland Bridge subsidiary of Trafalgar
House of the UK was badly received in Britain because of a
\$205m aid loan offered by the Japanese Government. Mrs Margaret
Thatcher, the British Prime MinisThatcher, the British Prime MinisThat the Mrs Variables Nales

The proof of the UK variables of the UK companies of the Subscript

The proof of the UK variables of the UK companies of the Subscript

The proof of the UK was badly retically that Cleveland Bridge would not be given the subcontract for the

British Prime MinisThe proof of the UK companies of the UK companies. He said specifically that Cleveland Bridge would go

The proof of the UK was badly retically that Cleveland Bridge would go

The proof of the UK companies of the UK companies. He said specifically that Cleveland Bridge would go

The proof of the UK companies of the UK compan

Thatcher, the British Prime Minis-ter, wrote to Mr Yasuhiro Naka-strictly commercial with no bearing

sone, her Japanese counterpart, on international trade friction becomplaining about unfair competition, and asking that British companies be offered important subconwhich included Mitsubishi Heavy

sion of the Rome Treaty.

mon Agricultural Policy (CAP).

Bonn uses its

against cereal

which the Soviet economy was run, omy, devised to overcome underde-writes Patrick Cockbarn in velopment and the need to industrivelopment and the need to industri-alise at speed, was formed in the 1930s. Little has changed since. Mr Gorbachev said on Tuesday

that by the early 1970s the failure to natural resources and labour, was having a serious impact. Despite sporadic calls for reform little was Mr Gorbachev and Soviet econo-done until 1982, the year that Presi-

Mr Gorbachev is now proposi to raise national income by more than 4 per cent a year without reducing the defence budget or cutting back on the growth in con-

possiblity of a successful conclusion

to the current debate on CAP re-

Yesterday's veto came after al

most four months of debate

throughout which Herr Ignaz

Kiechle, the German Minister, had

vigorously opposed cereals price

cuts. After lengthy soundings, Sig Filippo Pandolfi, the Italian minis-

called a vote.

presiding over the Council,

But when Herr Kiechle invoked

the so-called Luxembourg Compro-mise, which enshrines the right of

veto, Britain, France, Greece, Den-

mark and Ireland abstained, there-by signalling their support for the

block a decision where they judge

Only the Benefux countries and

their vital interests to be at stake.

discussed at the Milan summit.

European Commission is obliged to manage the cereals markets. Ironi-

cally, Mr Frans Andrissen, the

Farm Commissioner, made clear last night that he did not rule out

measures that would enforce the

price cuts Germany has so long op-

UK work for Bosporus 'unlikely'

BRITISH COMPANIES will not be said yesterday that they were any ment has adopted a hands-off attigetting any major subcontracts on loss not to set "a bad precedent" by the controversial £450m (£570m) which third-country governments bridge contract, won last were able to influence Japan over and Industry (Miti) also said that

Mr Ichizo Tsubaki, a manager at Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy In-

tween Japan and the West. The Jap-

industries, said they had "no con-

Japanese side of the consortium the matter. The Japanese Govern- nation satisfactory.

However the companies on the tact" with government officials on Government did not find his expla-

ciple that member states can



Mr Mikhail Gorbachev isting plants rather than building

struction yields a return approxi-mately twice as great as that in new

construction," the Soviet leader either be finished quickly or moth-said.

He cited the iron and steel industry as an example of how investat had been mismanaged in the past. Some 50bn roubles (\$42.8bn) had been invested over 15 years most of which was "channelled into new, non-integrated construction, while no attention was given to the technical re-equipment of enter-

per cent of all equipment now op-erating in the Soviet Union has

been used for 15 to 20 years. The plan for the next five years is to put half of capital investment in-to re-equipping plant, double the innt in machine building and speed up the retirement of obsolete equipment to twice its present rate.

The time taken for construction work is incredibly prolonged," Mr Gorbachev said. "Projects must

Investment for the next five-year plan will be concentrated in the most productive areas and not said Mr Gorbachev quoting a Russian saying, dissipated on the principle of "earnings for all sisters." He said agriculture would not get a higher percentage of investment and was showing a poor return.

One Soviet anthor says that 30-40 Gorbachev's programme is to increase productivity by linking pay to quality production. Individual enterprises will get greater autonomy to determine their budgets, be less under the control of a central plan implemented by ministers and will

> Prices will rise. Such changes require an enor Continued on Page 24 Editorial comment, Page 22

see more rewards for their labour.

sell-off The other central feature of Mr

BRITISH Shipbuilders is to combine two of its leading warship yards before selling them to the pri-vate sector in September. Vickers Shipbuilding and Engineering, Brit-ain's largest warship builder, is to take over Cammell Laird.

The reorganisation by the stateowned group aims to create a compination of warship facilities capable of building any large ship required, although other UK yards will also compete for naval con-tracts. The Vickers sale will be by

far the largest in Britain's disposal of warship yards. As a subsidiary of Vickers, Cammell Laird will benefit from Vick-ers' technical and marketing strength, giving the yards the combined capacity to build nuclear and conventional submarines, frigates, destroyers and support vessels. It will keep its own identity.

Vickers is to build Britain's Trident nuclear submarines, for which a £200m (\$254m) covered building facility is under construction at Barrow-in-Furness in north-west

England.

The Vickers yard was formerly owned by the Vickers industrial concern, one of several groups seeking more compensation from the UK Government over nationalisation under Labour in 1977. Their cases will be heard by the European

Court of Human Rights Going up for sale in the next few weeks will be the Vosper Thornycroft warship yard in Southampton. Yarrow on the River Clyde in Scotland is being bought by Britain's General Electric (GEC) for £34m, while a management team hopes to acquire Swan Hunter on the Tyne in north-east England.

Northern Engineering Industries, the higgest employer on Tyneside, looked over Swan Hunter this month, but is thought unlikely to make a bid. Total proceeds from slice, are likely to total less than the £140m cost of one frigate.

On its own, Cammell Laird is not regarded in the industry as an attractive prospect for sale to the pri-Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign vate sector. But it won a life-savin frigate order in January as the government showed recognition of kept in London for the state visit of most of the workforce's return to At the same time, they both warned of the economic challenges

Mexican president. Herr Hansnormal working by crossing picket
lines during last year's discontinuous lines during last year's disruption man Foreign Minister, signed on over job cuts at the yard near Liver-

> British Shipbuilders as a whole is was held in the Royal Palace, the expected to announce shortly a main speakers emphasised the revi-much reduced trading loss of nearly £50m for the year to March 31.

reorganise, Page 27

Basque killings cast a shadow

By David White in Madrid

BASQUE terrorists struck a multiple hlow to undermine yesterday's EEC treaty-signing ceremony in Madrid, killing four people in shoot-ing and bomb attacks.

The murders in Madrid and the

Bilbao region took place within hours of the arrival in the Spanish capital of EEC heads of government and foreign ministers for last night's membership formalities, after a similar ceremony in Lisbon. Terrorists in Madrid shot dead an army lawyer, Col Vicente Romero.

and his military driver, and then claimed a third victim by boobytrapping their car with explosive The car used for the shooting attack was left in an underground car park near a busy department store in the centre of the city. One policeman was killed and several others injured when they were sent in to try

About 8,000 people had been successfully evacuated from the El Corte Ingles store before the bomb went off. The terrorist commando was reported to have comprised two men and a woman.

Italy voted positively, indicating The double attack, part of a spectheir long-standing refusal to actacular new series of killings attri- 1011s to The Italian presidency has now sation, was followed in the early af- pean development. abandoned any further attempts to ternoon by the shooting of a navy resolve the grains issue, raising speculation that the row may be petty officer at Portugalete in the port region outside Bilbao. In the absence of a decision, the

it one of the worst periods for separatists violence for several years. The attacks and their timing are

Decisions will have to be taken seen as having a double aim: as a show of strength at a time when Basque and Spanish political forces rapidly as new marketing years for rape seed and other grains begin on July 1 and August 1 respectively. are showing an unprecedented spir-Brussels soft pedals Vredeling it of collaboration in the fight directive; Paris low key view of summit, Page 2 against violence, and as a protes

the matter was a strictly commer-

ders for British companies might be

granted, perhaps in procuring materials such as steel bars and wire

Last week, Mr Geoffrey Pattie the British minister for information

technology, revealed during a visit

to Japan, that Mr Nakasone had re-plied to Mrs Thatcher's letter,

claiming that the loans involved in

the project were development assis-

tance rather than export promotion

Mr Pattie said that the British

EEC is enlarged with a flourish of signatures

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN MADRIO

EIGHT prime ministers and four foreign ministers yesterday signed twice - in Lisbon and in Madrid the Treaty of Accession to bring the Treaty of Accession to bring the speeches at the signing cerem-Spain and Purtugal into the Euro-onies was put on the political impepean Community.

They gave their formal endorse-

ment to the terms for enlargement of the EEC from 10 members to 12 at symbolic ceremonies in both capitals, marked by piedges on the fur-ther political integration of Europe, and staunch support for the revival of democracy in the new member

A cavalcade of official delega-tions, headed by the prime minis-ters of France, Italy, Ireland, Bel-gium, Denmark and the Nether-lands as well as Spain and Portugal themselves, simified across the Ibe-rian peninsula to perform their twin duties and provide the theatre for saturation live occurrence on local for saturation live coverage on local television stations. In emotional speeches to mark

the colmination of eight years of negotiation for membership, Sr Feony was completed with remarklipe González, the Spanish premier, and Sr Mario Soares, his Portu-guese counterpart, pledged their efbuted to the Eta separatist organi- grated in the mainstream of Euro-

their countries will have to face Congress in Madrid issued a formal condemnation of the attacks, with the backing of all parlia
The Treaty of Accession, and the

mentary groups.

The killings brought the toll of deaths by Basque terrorists since the beginning of May to 13, making so-called Final Act incorporating all the details of the entry negotiations, have to be formally ratified over the next six months by all 12

national parliaments before membership can be final. The overwhelming emphasis of

tus for enlargement of the community, and on the need to bolster Spanish and Portuguese democracy after the demise of the Franco and Salazar dictatorships.
Sig Giulio Andreotti, the Italian Foreign Minister and current Presi-

dent of the Council of Ministers. speaking for the 10 current members, said: "Membership of the European Community follows naturally from the restoration of the values inherent in a phyralist democra-However, in an implicit warning

to any state that might abandon its democracy, he declared that "within the process of European integration, there has never been, nor can sale of the warship yards, with there be, any turning away from Vickers accounting for the largest the path of freedom."

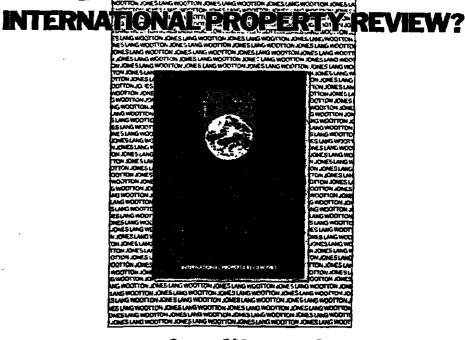
able despatch, finishing more than 30 minutes ahead of schedule. Sir their countries reinte- Secretary, signed for the UK in the absence of Mrs Thatcher, who was behalf of his country.

In Madrid, where the ceremony

talisation of the community thanks to enlargement.

Sighs of relief, Page 2

DESCRIPTION OF STANDARD STANDA



Jones Lang Wootton has

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Low-key approach to Milan by Paris

By David Housego in Paris

FRANCE now expects that the EEC schieve no more than modest steps wards institutional reform but it has not entirely put aside hopes of political integration.

That low-key approach towards the heads-of-government meeting was outlined yesterday by M Michel Vauzelle, the Elysée spokesman, and contrasts strongly with the expectations President François Mitterrand aroused earlier in the year with remarks about a "surprise" initiative in the EEC.

President Mitterrand had hoped that the settling of outstanding bud-get disputes and the enlargement of the Community would be followed at Milan by substantial steps to-wards political integration and a revision of the Treaty of Rome.

But in the face of lack of consis tency towards the EEC by Chancel-lor Helmut Kohl of West Germany, and opposition towards a treaty re-vision by Britain and Denmark, France has since lowered its sights.

France now believes that a consensus is emerging among Con nity members over issues such as majority voting, the opening up of the internal market and the setting up of a political secretariat to co-or-

But the French Government does not believe that those steps will be sufficient to satisfy public expectations aroused in France, Italy and to some extent West Germany, of more substantial steps towards political integration.

Ouentin Peel watches Spain and Portugal sign their treaty with the EEC

Sighs of relief greet the Iberian accession

greeted yesterday's solemn signing ceremonies of the Spanish and Portuguese treaty of accession to the EEC was almost audible in 12 European capitals.

The signatures marked the culmination of more than eight years of activity, since Portugal submitted its application to join the Community in March 1977, reaching a climax of frantic negotiations and detailed draft-ing of the legal text in recent weeks. Negotiations on the final details were only completed at

5 am last Friday.
The signing of the treaty of accession and of the final Act to give it effect, now paves the way for ratification by all 12 national parliaments of the ennational parliaments of the en-larged Community, in order to allow Spain and Portugal to become full members by January 1 next year. The timetable is tight but none of the member states believes it is

From now on, however, both From now on, however, both countries will sit in on EEC meetings as observers whenever matters affecting them are discussed. From September, they will be fully integrated into political co-operation meetings of foreign ministers, seeking to co-ordinate the foreign policies of the member states. Inevitably, there were a few blank spaces in the 1,300 pages



struggle to finalise and confirm the translations into all nine community languages.

aspects of community activity, from the common agricultural policy to the steel regime, is hedged about with special deals which the negotiators could not iron out in the final months.

crease employee involvement in ing the so-called Vredeling propos-large companies to take a back seat al, which in different forms has in the interest of fostering a joint been on the table for nearly five UK Government. Although there is

protocols on subjects from Spanish motor car tariffs to restructuring the Portuguese steel industry, and 47 declarations and joint declarations by the different member states on issues not finally resolved.

They include 36 annexes, 25 regions will be eligible, and protocols on subjects from whether they will have "superpriority" status, remain to be

All amendments to secondary legislation of the community also have to be finalised; from the trivial, just in-Key issues such as the appli-cation of the EEC social and EEC directives, to the more sub-

for British, Danish and Irish membership in 1973. This is partly a reflection of the growing complexity of EEC affairs, but has also happened because the transitional arrangements for Spain and Portugal have been creek out in second been spelt out in separate articles, not combined.

The desperate rush to have the treaty signed by June has been dictated by the knowledge that it will take six months to get ratification by all the national parliaments. If the process were left any longer, national elections in several member states would intervene, and jeopardise the outcome. "It has been an awful sprint

in the list of "appellation controllee." The European Commission

has not yet been able to carry out a detailed study of the Spanish steel industry and how

its restructuring compiles with the regime in the rest of the community, another potentially

sensitive area. The treaty itself runs to 403 articles, compared with only 161 for the accession document

these last few months to get it finished," says one national negotiator. "It would have been much more comfortable to have had another six months' nego-tiation. But politically it was not on to put off the signature. Anyway, knowing the community, it would never have been finished without a final dead-

Jaruzelski

loan hopes

By Christopher Bobinski in Warsaw

THE POLISH leader. Genera

Wojciech Jaruzelski, says that four Western countries have been "forthcoming" in their response to Poland's quest for

response to Poland's quest for new loans.
He named West Germany, Italy, Finland and Austria, during talks here with Mr Shintare Abe, the Japanese Foreign Minister, who told him that Japan could only

consider fresh credits once Poland had signed its agree-ment with the Paris creditors

ing \$12bn worth of debts falling due between 1982-84 was.
initialled last January, but
Poland insists it will only
sign once the chance of fresh

Western credits opens up."
A delegation headed by Mr

Zbigniew Szalajda, a Deputy Premier, is at present in West Germany exploring the pros-

pects for increased co-opera-tion, backed partly by credits. But the Poles, who are look-ing to the West to raise some

\$1bn this year in fresh loans, reckon the as yet undisclosed

West German credit offer to be too small for their needs.

Mr Abe, for his part, con firmed Japanese support for Puland's application to join the International Monetary

Fund. This support comes as progress on the application seems to have slowed as a result of U.S. displeasure at

recent human rights viola-tions in Poland.

Polish officials have said that work by IMF experts on

that work by IMF experts on the application was completed at the beginning of April, and Mr Jerzy Urban, the government spokesman, has refused to be drawn in public on when Poland might join. IMF officials responded yesterday that Poland's application was being processed in the normal way. Fund afficials had made three trips to Poland this year, but could not yet assess how long entry preparations would take.

Defence lawyers making their final speeches in the trial of three prominent Solldarity activists at Gdansk

have declared their clients' innocence and implied that the defence was hampered by

the ludge.

At the same time, Pope John Paul II spoke in Rome yesterday of his concern about the trial,

on resignations

ries of state representing Lisbon's minority Social Democrats (PSD) in Portugal's two year-old centre left

coalition are expected today to send

their letters of resignation to Sr Mario Soares, the Socialist premier.

This obeys the pre-emptory an-nouncement last week by the new

PSD leader Sr Anibal Cavaco Silva that his party would abandon the coalition 24 hours after the signa-

ture of Portugal's EEC accession

The President of the Republic,

General Antonio Ramalho Eanes,

who must find a solution for Portu-

gal's latest government crisis, will

continue his consultations with po-

litical parties and the consultative

Council of State after the long

pause created by two public holi-

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By Diena Smith in Liabon THE 19 MINISTERS and secon

Lisbon move

hints at

France ready to meet Jordanian, Palestinian team

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS AND ROBERT MAUTHNER IN

terday.

He also confirmed that the matter would be brought up "in the next few days" in the EEC Council of Ministers. The general assumption is that it will be discussed at the Council of Foreign Ministers in Luxembourg on June 18, following a preliminary exchange of views on the subject between the foreign ministers at their informal meeting in Stresa last weekmai meeting in Stresa last week-

end.
It is understood that the possibility of Britain receiving a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation was raised at the talks between King Hussein and Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, in London last

Mrs Thatcher's view, however, is said to be more cautious than

FRANCE is ready to meet a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation as part of the search for a Middle East peace settlement. M Roland Dumas, the French Foreign Minister, told the French National Assembly yes to the process of finding a manage settlement. that it would first of all have to be clear that such a visit would help the process of finding a peace settlement.

The names of possible Palestinian members of the joint delegation which have been mentioned appear to be acceptable to the British government. But it sees no virtue in seeing a delegation which would not also be acceptable to the Israelis. The ultimate aim, after all, is to bring about direct talks between the Palestinians a officials stressed.

officials stressed.

Another problem is to decide on the right sequence of events: when and where the joint delegation should be received. Britain is anxious that the efforts by the U.S. and Jordan to work out an agreement on this question should not be preempted by any untimely European moves.

French bank chief urges lifting of exchange controls

BY PAUL BETTS IN PARIS

M MICHEL CAMDESSUS, the governor of the Banque de France, yesterday called for a gradual lifting of French foreign exchange controls, arguing that the move would strengthen European monetary integration.

about the outcome of the international monetary talks. He claimed that the confidential two-year study prepared by the Group of 10 to be discussed at the ministerial meeting in Tokyo next week contained "nothing in It."

The central bank governor added that he also hoped sterling would eventually join the European Monetary System since this would represent a "notable progress" for integra-

The French Government has aiready begun easing the country's rigid exchange controls with a series of relatively modest measures, but it was the first time that M Camdessus expressed in public his support for ifting controls.

The French central banker, in an address to the American Chamber of Commerce in France, referred to the West German argument for the need to remove exchange controls in Europe to strengthen the Europe "The Germans are right and result of discussions in Tokyo.

The Germans are right and ceed is expected to be at the centre of discussions in Tokyo.

M. Camdessus also argued for the control of other industrialised.

French residents transferring rinds abroad and on French acceptable, he said. "If the companies investing outside U.S. economy slows down we France. The French monetary authorities also recently reopened the Eurofranc bond mar
He implied that countries like

Group of 10 to be discussed 2' the ministerial meeting in Tokyo next week contained "nothing in it."

Marine Tr

The study on the reform of the international monetary system was commissioned at the Williamsburg summit of industrialised nations in 1963. France plans to push its concept of currency "target zones" at the Tokyo meeting to try to reduce large scale and rapid exchange control fluctuations.

However, U.S. officials made

it clear yesterday that the U.S. would not make any concessions on this issue, although it was prepared to continue consultations on reforming the international monetary system.

France appears to be mainly interested at this stage to see this consultation process con-

the Socialist Government has countries to take up the slack been relaxing exchange con-from a slowdown in U.S. trols in France by reducing economic growth. Although he in France by reducing economic growth. Although he of the constraints on acknowledged that the idea of "locomotives" was no longer acceptable, he said. "If the U.S. economy slows down we

He implied that countries like Japan and West Germany would However, M Camdessus have to accept their responsi-appeared generally pessimistic bilities in economic growth.

Weak growth and fall in inflation rate forecast

BY OUR PARIS STAFF

FRENCH private forecasting institutes believe the inflation rate will continue to fall in France next year but that economic growth will remain

The BIPE which published its forecasts yesterday anticipates that after a 6.7 per cent year on-year rate last year, the French inflation rate will fall to 5.6 per cent at the end of this year and to 4.9 per cent this year and to 4.9 per cent by December 1986 are level not this year and to 4.9 per cent by December 1986 — a level not reached since 1970.

The OFCE Observatoire francisco in 1986.

purchasing power and investment will give a boost to economic activity, the recovery will be slow. The OFCE sees a 0.6 per cent growth in real GNP this year rising to 2.1 per cent in 1986, while the BIPE fore-casts a 1.1 per cent real growth rate this year followed by 1.7 per cent in 1986.

The two institutes differ in The OFCE Observatoire franmiques (OFCE) gelieves the
inflation rate will fall to 4.8
per cent next year.
Although both institutes foresee that increases in domestic

The OFCE observatoire franto FFr 8bn in 1986.

The OFCE observatoire franto FFr 8bn in 1986.

OECD warns of threat to Iceland's strategy

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT, IN STOCKHOLM RISKS OF permanent setback to iceland's counter-inflation strategy are "looming large," according to the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. Substantial gains have

made since the early months of 1983 with inflation falling from an annual rate of more than 130 per cent to about 15 per cent by the third quarter of 1984. But the Government's economic

programme was thrown badly off course by strikes last automor which forced through a series of in-flationary wage settlements. These have helped send inflation back to 25-30 per cent. In its latest survey of Iceland's

economy, the ORCD is severely critical of the Government's failure to support its stabilisation policies with fiscal and monetary restraint. The country's recent experience illustrates clearly "the risks in-volved in trying to achieve lasting success against inflation without appropriate monetary and fiscal

The OECD appears doubtful that icelanders have accepted "the nec-essary costs of stabilisation policies," but it argues that the country has no realistic alternative to pursuing its anti-inflation programme

The policy options of the past when Iceland was able to operate in a high inflation environment with out a serious impact on real growth and living standards, are no longer available, says the report.
The fishing sector - on which

the country is still heavily reliant is faced with serious structural difficulties, foreign indebtedness is very high and real interest rates have now become substantially positive; the current external balance runs a large deficit; price and wage

increases have re-accelerated." The organisation expres particular concern about the wa lceland's foreign debt has soured The level in relation to Gross National Product at about 63 per cent last year was the second highest in last year was the second hi the OECD after Ireland.



Prime Minister Mario Soares (centre) pictured in Lisbon yesterday with Sr Felipe Gonzalez (left), his Spanish counterpart, and Sr Fernando Moran, Spain's Foreign Minister

The whole mass of documentation, intended to spell out the exact process of incorporation of the new members into all the

prepared to allow proposals to in- discuss social affairs today, includ-

regional funds in both coun-tries, including which Spanish Spanish and Portuguese wines

a readier acceptance of the princi-

Brussels soft-pedals Vredeling proposal their employees. Mr Peter Sutherland, the Com-The proposal has divided the emmissioner for Social Affairs, will

the subject without abandoning the proposal itself. employer-union approach to improving the operation of the EEC labour market, writes Paul Cheeseright in Brussels.

a readier acceptance of the principle among other REC countries, way companies consult and inform a readier acceptance of the principle among other REC countries, way companies consult and inform the details.

The fear is that a dispute on ple among other REC countries, way the details.

seek to prevent a political row on

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South Africa bomb

attack injures

eady to

Thursday June 135

thief urger

ange com

5 AT 11 A

MR LLEWELLYN LANDERS, a part of a renewed terror camterday by a grenade thrown into

mine fixed to the wall of the police station.

A hitherto unknown group, calling itself the Western Cape Suicide Squad, later claimed responsibility for the attacks in a telephone call to the local offices of the South African pages apparery. Sana.

offices of the South African news agency, Sapa.

President P. W. Botha, who visited the injured deputy minister in hospital denounced the bombings as "a cowardly act of terror." Mr Louis le Grange, the minister for law and order, who is expected to face opposition calls for his resignation when Parliament debates the Kannemeyer Commission report on the Uitenhage shootings today, said he had no doubt that today, said he had no doubt that the attacks had been made by the banned African National

the banned African National Congress (ANC).

Mr le Grange described the attack as "a premeditated murder attempt" and added "it confirms our own evidence that we're not dealing with children's games here."

The hombings which follows

coloured minister BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN JOHANNESBURG

MR LLEWELLYN LANDERS, a 37-year-old coloured MP who was appointed as deputy Minister of Population Development in President P. W. Botha's recent governmental reshuffle, was severely injured early yesterday by a grenade thrown into participation (in the new tri cameral Parliament) is proving Another coloured Labour Party MP, Mr Fred Peters, escaped injury in a similar attack while a Soviet made grenade was also thrown at a police station in the nearby black Cape Town township of Langa. Police later found an unexploded Soviet-made limpet mine fixed to the wall of the police station.

cameral Parliament) is proving a success and is an attempt to shift the spotlight from them."

The participation of coloureds (mixed race) and Asians in Parliament deeply split the two communities. Opposition to the new constitution was one of the rallying points of the anti-partheid United Democratic Front (UDF) and other organisations which have contributed rallying points of the anti-apartheid United Democratic Front (UDF) and other organi-sations which have contributed to the increased radicalisation of the South African political scene over the last 20 months. But the rise in violence over recent months is not confined to opponents of the constitution.

as was revealed in a seperate
Press conference held in Johannesburg yesterday by the UDF.
The Rev Frank Chikane, a
UDF activist, told the conference that the Front had unference that the Front had uncovered a plot by an unnamed group of whate extremists to kill or kidnap 13 prominent black leaders, including Bishop Tutu, the Nobel Peace Prize

Tuth, the Nobel Peace Prize winning Anglican Bishop of Johannesburg.

Two whites, Dr David Niddrie, editor of the Sunday City Press, a newspaper aimed at black readers and Mr Stanley Kahn, director of the Funda Educational Centre in Soweto, were also on the list. were also on the list.

Meanwhile, leaders of the

dren's games here.' South African Council of Churches (SACC), who have a spate of similar attacks on semi-military targets and the lence between rival black facoffices of mining companies tions in the township, yesterday Anglo American and Anglovasi in Johannesburg and elsewhere in recent weeks, appear to be the cause of justice and peace."

Alain Cass and Simon Henderson examine the fears that Karachi is close to acquiring nuclear weapons

The nuclear threat behind Pakistan's grim pursuit

temples overlook the Khan Research Laboratories at Kahuta, south east of Pakistan's apital. The site used to be a favourite picnic spot for foreigners living in Islamabad. In 1979, a few months after the French Ambassador, one of his staff and a British journalist were beaten up by security men guarding the top-secret Kahuta plant, an American diplomat took a visitor for a picnic. The diplomat was extremely nervous

but the visitor, a satellite photography expert from the U.S. National Security Agency, had come to do a job and he was fascinated by what he saw.

It is no longer possible to pictic by the old temples. picnic by the old temples. A beavily-guarded road-block turns away snoopers: tanks guard all roads to Kahuta, while French Crotale surface-to-air French Crotale surface-to-air missiles and anti-aircraft guns watch the skles. The complex is widely believed to be the nerve centre of Pakistan's persistent efforts to acquire nuclear weapons,

What goes on behind the heavily-guarded harbedwire.

What goes on behind the heavily-guarded barbed-wire perimeter wall at Rahuta will be a topic of prime importance when Mr Rajiv Gandhi, the Indian Prime Minister, meets senior U.S. officials, including President Ronald Reagan, in Washington this week

Pakistan has always denied any intention to make nuclear weapons, claiming that Kahuta is part of its civil nuclear pro-gramme. Yet Pakistan's sole power reactor in Karachi uses natural uranium rather than

the enriched uranium that Kahuta can produce.

Also, in 1982, Western governments stopped attempts by Pakistan to buy in Europe 48 hollow stainless steel spheres, each the basis of an enriched each the basis of an enriched uranium bomb with the destructive power of that used on Hiroshima in 1945.

BY TONY WALKER IN CAIRO

The directive was provoked

by a threatened demonstration

tomorrow by followers of a mili-

The call, by Sheikh Hafez

Salama, for a march on Cairo's Oruba Palace — President

Mubarak's administrative head-

quarters—is a direct challenge

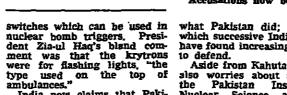
Egypt's existing legal code.

planned agitation.

INDIAN Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi is waging a propganda war with baseless charges that Pakistan is building nuclear weapons in an attempt to damage Islamabad's relations with the U.S., the Pakistan government said yesterday. AP reports from Islamabad.

Mr Zain Noorani, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, told the National Assembly that Mr Gandhi has been making numerous "baseless statements" about Pakistan's nuclear research programme. Mr Gandhi has repeatedly charged in recent weeks that Pakistan is close to building a nuclear bomb.

Mr Noorani said: "The Government of Pakistan is disappointed and perturbed at the Indian attitude.



India now claims that Pakistan is close to acquiring nuclear weapons. For the first time this year the annual report of the Indian Defence Ministry raless the issue of nuclear weapons on the subcontinent. It warns of Pakistan's "relentless pursuit of nuclear capability with the assistance and complyance of certain and connivance of certain countries."

Mr Gandhi, shortly before his visit to the U.S., repeated the claim and warned that India may have to reconsider its policy of not producing its own system. India exploded a nuclear device in 1974 and now has a major nuclear energy programme including three large plants. But the Government has

Egypt braced for confrontation

demonstrations.

An Interior Ministry directive issued late yesterday warned against attempts by "some elements to whip up the feelings of the masses by urging them to participate in marches or demonstrations." It said instructions had been given to

adultery. Sheikh Salama, a popular

Egyptian resistance against the

Israelis in the town of Suez

in the 1973 gar, said last month

that if the Government refused

demonstration and Sheikh Salama appealed against the

ban to the administrative court

which deferred a decision antil

Saturday, the day after the

with Islamic fundamentalists

THE EGYPTIAN Government, been trying to avoid a confron-facing a growing challenge tation with Islamic neilitants from Islamic fundamentalism, over the imposition of sharia.

has threatened to use force The Islamic code, which dates against unauthorised street back more than 1,000 years, demonstrations.

security agencies" to confront nationalist figure, who

tant Egyptian activist who wants to begin applying sharia by the immediate introduction of mid-June, he would organise a

Egypt's existing legal code.

The Government banned the

the Government which has planned demonstration.



Accusations flow between Pakistan's President Zia (left) and Indian Prime Minister, Rajiv

what Pakistan did; a position which successive Indian leaders have found increasingly difficult Aside from Kahuta, there are

also worries about activity at the Pakistan Institute of Nuclear Science and Tech-nology (Pinstech) in Islamabad. Pakistan has built a small reprocessing facility capable of producing plutonium, another possible bomb material, at the complex there called the New Labs. American intelligence says that at another block in the complex Pakistan is trying to forge specially-shaped plates, crucial parts of an atomic bomb. from 1972, following the country's defeat in the third Indo-Pakistan war over Bangla-

desh. Since then, Pakistan's covert efforts to acquire a nuclear weapons capability has deve-loped rapidly. The Kahuta centre was established in 1976 Last year, a Pakistani was always maintained that it would and a series of clandestine arrested in the U.S. for trying neither develop nor stockpile operations were launched to buy 50 krytons—electronic nuclear weapons, regardless of abroad to acquire the necessary

It is unclear whether Sheikh

Salama plans to go ahead with the march. In any case, the

episode will not mark the end of skirmishing between Mr

mentary committee was em-powered to examine Egypt's

ence in Egypt was almost cer-

tainly in part responsible for the

recent abolition of a 1979 law

divorce and also the decision in

May by a Cairo court to ban

new, unexpurgated editions of the Arabic classic, "Thousand And One Nights," on the

grounds that it was salacious

differed from sharia.

which sought to

material.

women's rights in the

technology to manufacture nuclear weapons.

Most Western officials now believe that Pakistan is not far from acquiring nuclear weapons.
One knowledgeable U.S. official said: "The reasons for which Bhutto originally wanted Pakistan to have the bomb haven't changed. Pakistan has always strategic importance Bhutto originally wanted Pakistan to have the bomb haven't changed. Pakistan has always believed in the need to restore the equilibrium with India which is much bigger and more powerful. Pakistan now has the additional worry of 100,000 Russian troops in Afghanistan. What would you do in their shoes? I'm afraid it's inevitable."

weapons by Pakistan and a decision by India to follow suit would have a profound impact on the balance of power in the subcontinent as well as posing real dangers. India, might be tempted to mount a conventional attack on Islamabad's nuclear installations, almost certainly triggering another war between the countries. The Soviet Union would

strategic importance When Mr Gandhi meets U.S.
Officials he will demand that
Washington exerts even greater
prassure on Pakistan to halt its

bomb-making efforts. The U.S. will point out that it is doing everything it can to restrain Pakistan. Last September, President Reagan sent President Zia his sternest warning yet. The unpublicised letter warned that the U.S. aid programme, started in 1981 after the Russian invasion of Afghanistan, would be put at risk if Pakistan continued to proces uranium at the Kohen Pint bound 5 nor the Kahuta plant beyond 5 per cent enrichment. Natural by Pakistan as a fair-weather uranium contains 0.7 per cent friend. The U.S. for its part, of the fissile isotope uranium would not wish to have to

heed of the U.S. warning and has slowed the Kahuta programme down temporarily. Early this year some 200 cmployees were made redundant at Kahuta. At the same time Dr Abdel Qadeer Khan, the man who heads Pakistan's nuclear effort, was made responsible for some non-nuclear weapons

development.
China, which was publicly accused last year by U.S. Scnator Alan Cronston of providing Pakistan with design assistance since the late 1970s, has also come under increasing pressure from President Reagan to distance itself from Islama-

bad's efforts.

The Nuclear Co-operation
Agreement between the U.S.
and China initialled last year
has been held up because of
Peking's refusal to give sufficient assurances about its
Pakistani connections.

However, there are limits to U.S. leverage over Pakistan. The Russian invasion of Afghanistan has transformed Washington's attitude to Pakistan which it now regards as a front-line state in the fight

against Soviet expansion. Western and Indian officials are also aware that technological advances mean that it is no longer absolutely necessary to earry out a full-scale nuclear test before going on to manu-One approach to persuade Pakistan to abandon its nuclear efforts would be to offer it a broad defence treaty with the U.S., possibly placing it under the American nuclear umbrella like Japan. But Pakistan would be loathe to depend entirely on the U.S. for its securitythe U.S. has cut off aid to Islamabad three times in the past and is already considered

Mine owners and unions begin talks on wages

BY OUR JOHANNESBURG CORRESPONDENT

platinum and coalmine owners, and the national Union of Miners (NUM) representing 110,000 black miners begin today after lengthy delays caused by disagreements among mine owners about the negotiat-

ing mandate. The NUM delegation, headed by Mr Cyril Rampahosa, the general secretary, is expected to claim a 40 per cent wage rise, improved holiday pay and fringe abolition of labour preference rules which reserve many skilled positions for white

miners. Last year the NUM put for-ward a 20 per cent wage claim cent after the first brief legal

NEGOTIATIONS between the strike by black miners. This South African Chamber of year's talks take place against African Chamber of year's talks take place against representing Gold, the background of bloody and coalmine owners, strikes and mass sackings in national Union of Anglo American and Aglovaal mines two mouths ago and rising militancy among black

miners.

Meanwhile AECI, the chemicals, paint and explosives corporation, owned 40 per cent by Anglo American Corporation and 38 per cent by Imperial Chemical Industries (ICI), yesterday reported that a threatened strike at two chemical plants and sympathy strikes in six of possible 14,000 black workers did not take place.

A controversial ruling by a Rand Supreme Court judge last week made labour history by declaring sympathy strikes legal under certain circumstances.

Unita releases missionary

UNITA, the South Africanmovement fighting a guerrilla war against Angola's left-wing government, has released an Irish missionary wounded in a Unita ambush at Malanje, about 200 miles from the capital, Luanda, our foreign

staff write. Father John Kingston of the Holy Ghost order was attacked on May 26 when he returned to Malanje from a trip to the interior, despite the fact that Unita had temporarily seized the town. Another Holy Ghost

Father Kingston is recover-

temporary control over a regional centre like Malanje, on the main railway line from Luanda to the interior, high-lights the weakness of the Government's hold over much sionary, French-born Father of the country.

HK softens press Bill

to three years. Chief Secretary David Akers-

Etienne Wosnyak, was killed in

ing in hospital at Malanje where the government has re-

Chinese sovreignty. Reuter reports from Hong Kong.
Under the legislation, anyone who defamed the Legislative

THE Hong Kong Government Council or reported its closed bowed to public pressure yester-Jones told the council, the territory's appointed administrators, that these clauses would be dropped. He said other ways to safeguard secret information would be considered.

bowed to public pressure yester-day and scrapped proposed legislation denounced as an attempt to muzzle the press and stifle dissent in the run-up to the British colony's return to

ef thre

gained control. He was march and carried through the bush for 11 days by a Unita column before being released. Unita's ability to gain even

Marcos warns on insurgency BY SAMUEL SENOREN IN MANILA

of the Philippines acknowledged yesterday that insurgency had become a serious threat to the stability of his 20-year-old Government, but quickly assured the nation that the armed forces were prepared to

In a rare public appearance outside his palace yesterday afternoon, Mr Marcos spoke for 40 minutes at nearby Rizal Park during rites marking the Philippines 87th year of independence

The celebration, organised by

PRESIDENT Ferdinand Marcos military hardware, mostly light of the Philippines acknowledged armoured vehicles and heli-

Mr Marcos told the audience that he would not hesitate to use armed forces "to protect the stability and peace of the The 67-year-old President who also commander-in-chief of

the armed forces, had threatened to reimpose martial rule "the moment there is fight-ing the streets." He ruled by decree from 1972 up to 1981.

Mr Marcos' martial rule Mr Marcos' powerful wife insurgency problem. Yester-Imelda, featured a grand mili-tary parade that showed the latest deliveries of U.S. supplied divided nation.

While Mr Marcos addressed a crowd led by government func-tionaries, another large group of anti-Marcos protesters and opposition politicians held their own celebration in a park about

mile away. In suburban Quezon City, the largest opposition party, Unido, held its convention with some 10,000 people attending, and proclaimed its chairman, former Senator Salvador Laurel as its presidential candidate for

the 1987 elections. Mr Laurel, 56, believes that Mr Marcos' martial rule a "snap" presidential election regime spawned the rise in the will be held before 1987. ester- Mr Marcos has already day publicly declared that he will run again for the presidency in 1987.

Elections help Ershad to consolidate grip on country

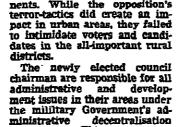
BY SAYED KAMALUDDIN IN DHAKA

THE SUCCESS of the recent two-phase local elections in Bangladesh has helped Lt-Gen Hussain Mohammad Ershad, the country's military ruler to further consolidate his grip on

Despite the political opposition's efforts to prevent the polls, more than 40 per cent of the 45.6m voters turned out to elect nearly 500 chairmen of local councils from among more than 2,000 candidates.

Formal political activity was banned in March, when the military regime reimposed harsher martial law rules. But harsher martial law rules. But the candidates were allowed to campaign individually, and it is estimated that these "free-spending" candidates spent about taka 500,000 (about f14,705) on average for a total of more than taka 1,2bn, en-cush to attract a large number ough to attract a large number

country to democracy. Obviously jubilant, Gen Gen Ershed has effectively continued said that the people had out-matched his political oppo-



rejected the politics of violence and opted for returning the Ershed has effectively

Ershad: confident

nents. While the opposition's terror-tactics did create an impact in urban areas, they failed to intimidate voters and candidates in the all-important rural The newly elected council

administrative and development issues in their areas under the military Government's administrative decentralisation programme. This programme evolved out of Gen Ershed's personal policy when he took power through a bloodless coup in 1982. He said at the time that "Bangladesh will survive only if its 68,000 villages sur-

The council chairmen will be heading mini-secretariats with a dozen officers and other sup-porting staff dependent on the central Government for funds. In effect, they will be acting grass-root extensions of the establishment and will have to

They will also emerge as the President Ziaur Rahman, head most influential political group in the countryside and could become the natural base for Gen Ershed's further political ambitions, playing a pivotal role in parliamentary and pre-sidential elections, if and when Gen Ershed decides to hold

Gen Ershad, appearing con-siderably more confident after the elections, has again started suggesting a possible relaxation of martial law, a fresh dialogue with the opposition and the gradual resumption of formal political activity.

He has released the two most

important opposition leaders held under house arrest since the March crackdown; Mrs Sheikh Hasina Wajed (daughter of the late President Sheikh Mujib, who is chief of the country's 15-party opposition alliance and president of the establishment and will have to Awami League) and Begum behave loyally to obtain finance. Khaleda Zia (widow of the late

of the country's seven-party opposition party alliance and president of BNP). Other detainees are expected to be relessed soon.

• Gunmen killed a former MP and his son and wounded a nephew in Jessore district southwest of Dhaka, police told
AP yesterday in the Bangladesh capital. They said Mr
Said Exhlasuddin Ahmed, his son Ehteshamul Huq and the nephew were riding a motor-cycle on Tuesday when assailants hiding in a bush

opened fire. Police said they arrested a young man in connection with the slayings and were investi-gating the possible motive. Mr Exhlasuddin was a leader of the Awami League, and opposition parties have called for a halfday general strike in the MP's hometown of Narail to protest



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A member of the Trafalgar I fouse Gre

Reagan pledge to explore direct Nicaragua talks

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan has adopted an unusually conciliatory tone towards Nicaragua in a bid to persuade the Democrat-controlled House of Representatives to approve new aid for the anti-government contra rebels. With the House due to vote late last night, Mr Reagan formally disclaimed any intention of trying to overthrow the Sandinista Government by military force and promised to explore ways of resuming direct talks with Managua.

In a letter to Mr Dave McCurdy, an Oklahoma Demo-crat working with the Republicans to with passage of a \$27m (£21.4m) "humanitarian" aid package for the rebels, Mr Reagan said he was determined to pursue political, not military, solutions in Central America.

"We do not seek the military overthrow of the Sandinista Government or to put in its place a Government based on supporters of the old Somoza

regime." Mr Reagan said.
Mr McCurdy, who earlier
voted against aid to the
contras, said the letter reprecontras, said the tetter repre-sented a "shift in emphasis" in the Administration's policy, and that the Democrats should "stand up and declare a victory." In a serious rebuff to Mr Reagan in April, the House refused to approve any aid plan for the contras.

Mr Reagan, who in February called for the removal of the Sandinista Government " in the sense of its present structure ", with other Central American countries how and when the

THE PRINCIPAL base of the anti-Sandinista guerrilla organisation ARDE has fallen to Government forces in southern Nicaragua, Tim Coone reports from Managua. The base at La Penca, located on the San Juan River which separates Nicaragua and Costa Rica, has been the main logistic and command centre of ARDE for over two years and its capture on Tuesday by Government forces is widely seen as being a major defeat

for the guerrila organisation. The base was equipped with an airstrip which had been constructed with bulldozers brought over from Costa Rica. and from where light aircraft and helicopters supplied guerrilla units operating deeper inside the country.

U.S. might resume direct talks sharply divided over whether with the Nicaraguan Governthe aid should be distributed with the Nicaraguan Govern-ment. He placed a higher priority, however, on talks between the Government and the rebels, which the Sandinistas have consistently refused. The \$27m in aid for the rebels, intended for "non-lethal" equipment such as clothing and medicines, would be released in three instalments, ending next March, with a Congressional review at each step, If it is adopted, a final package would have to be agreed in conference negotia-

uons with the Senate, which last week approved \$38m over 16 months. two houses remain Congress. **UAL** strike settlement in sight

By Paul Taylor in New York

UNITED AIRLINES (UAL), the largest U.S. carrier yesterday reached a tentative settlement with the Airline Pilots Association (Alpa) over the bitter pay structure strike which has crippled UAL for nearly four

The tentative agreement was due to be put before Alpa's 30member executive council for ratification later yesterday. The agreement was announced in Washington by the National Mediation Board after an all-night bargaining session almed at resolving the one remaining outstanding issue—the highly emotive question of back-towork terms.

The key back-to-work issue was UAL's refusal to take away higher paying jobs it had promised to non-striking pilots who crossed the Alpa picket lines. Yesterday no immediate details of the tentative agreement were available although UAL said it included " a resolution of all the back-to-work issues.'

Agency, as the Senate wants, or whether the agency should be excluded from the operation, as the House version demands, About 95 per cent of UAL's 5,200 pilots walked out on strike vote on two Democrat-sponsored amendments, which the Administration fears would gut the aid plan. One would prohibit U.S. funds for intelligence agencies being used directly or on May 17 in a dispute which hinged upon UAL's determination to introduce a new wages structure based upon paying new pilots less than veterans. The dispute was seen as a key test of "two-tier" wage strucwhich have recently tures spread throughout the U.S. airmonths, after which another vote would have to be held in

Robert Graham recently in Guatemala, writes on the coming elections

Guatemalans flirt with democracy

habit of being blighted by ugly regimes. Guatemala exemplifies this. It has majestic scenery of tall tropical trees, mysterious volcanic lakes and mighty vol-canoes swathed in whisps of cloud. Yet it possesses a military regime that has the worst human rights record in the region. Since a reformist government was toppled in 1954 up to 100,000 persons have died;

the majority of them ethnic Indians caught in the middle of a vicious counter-insurgency campaign. Guatemalans have become as unfamiliar with democracy as with their national bird, the Quetzal, long banished to the remote jungle by hunters seek-

But the military, now laden with the spotls of office and discredited by brutality, are giving ground to civilians. After permitting elections to a con-stituent assembly last July, presidential elections are to be beld in November. The cam-paign is already under way with four main candidates, whose platforms range from the extreme right to moderate centre left.

None are so rash as to promise democracy, knowing that the exercise is a test of the military's tolerance rather than the electorate's wishes.

Nevertheless the bolding of
the elections is an implicit
admission by the military that PACIFIC OCEAN *

"The elections should ensure a resumption of American mili-tary aid and raise the general amount of U.S. economic sup-port," commented one Latin American diplomat. Since 1979. ing its lustrous green tail U.S. military assistance has been halted pending an im-provement in Guatemala's human rights record.

The Reagan Administration is clearly anxious to bring Guate-mala in from the cold since it is the most populous and resource-rich country in Central America. (Its 8m population is double the size of its smaller neighbours). The prize for the Americans is 10 persuade Gua-ternals to openly correct Nicetemala to openly oppose Nicaragua.

The right's most acceptable candidate is Sr Jorge Carplo, a newspaper proprietor who foun-ded the National Centre Union the elections is an implicit (UCN) 18 months ago, Sr admission by the military that Carpio, exploiting his news-Guatemala's image needs repaper, El Grafico, and a well-furbishing and that the colled publicity machine, occurountry's economic recession needs proper technocratic campaign; but he has upset the military by his own independ-

tentacular involvement in busi-

The Christian Democrat candidate, Sr Vinicio Serezo, is the much less and what it absorbs most popular. A good communicator and a clever politician, he also has a record of courageous American countries for unpaid and the mail is owed \$200m by Central American countries for unpaid opposition to the military, goods, talents which in the past led Guat

and the economy, the candidates are offering few clear policies. This is because the security situation is an exclusively mili-tary domain and economic poli-

The army claims to have broken the back of the guerrilla movement and obtained co-operation with Mexico on their operation with mexico on their cross border refuge but activity has increased this year. In the first three months, 170 Government troops were killed in 56 clashes.

Security is eating up 20 per cost of the hydget during a

campaign; but he has upset the cent of the budget during a military by his own independ- sharp recession; and with

ence and has yet to woo the \$492m (£387.4m) to pay out in private sector away from the debt service this year (\$7 per MLN. The powerful private sector is caught between fearing change and wanting to seize the treasury. Guatemala's tradichance to cut back the military's tional exports of coffee, sugar tentantles implement in business and control between his barn heart his business. tional exports of coffee, sugar and cotton have been hit by falling prices: the Central American market is absorbing

Guatemala is stick with surtalents which in the past led to at least two attempts on his plus capacity, high unemploying. The dark horse is Sr Jorge Serrano of the National Democratic Co-operation Party (PDCN), an evangelical candidate who could tap the 30 per cent of Guatemata is stick with surface with unemployment (up to 40 per cent in the capital), and a series of growth projections based on the assumption of more oil finds that have not materialised. Public spending has been cut to 3.8 per cent of GDP mainly at the expense of health and On the key issues of security at the expense of health and and the economy, the candidates education. The Government urgently needs to squeeze more

revenue.

In theory, this should not be situation is an exclusively military domain and economic policies are now being handled by a national commission. The creation of the latter by the military leader, General Oscar Humberto Mejia Victores, was an astute move, shifting responsibility for economic decisions on to a group of experts and sector representatives.

In theory, this should not be difficult since Guatemala has very limited taxes, mainly levied on exports. Fiscal prescure is under half the Central American average. However, any change to higher income and corporation taxes has been flercely resisted by business. Last month a set of new tax measures were withdrawn by the military after vigorous promeasures were withdrawn by the military after vigorous pro-tests, and the Economy Minister was made a sacrificial lamb to their anger. Meanwhile, the economic calcu-lations for 1985 made by the central bank have gone to the winds by this action, and the rectional geographic compilersion is

national economic commission is trying rather impotently to concoct a watered down fiscal package that risks pleasing no

U.S. may have to put up taxes

A U.S. HOUSE and Senate conference committee, straining this week to produce a compromise budget, once again confronted the possibility that only a tax increase would reduce the massive budget deficit to an acceptable level.

Facing new predictions by the Office of Management and Budget of ever higher deficits, Mr William H. Gray, the House budget committee chairman, said a tax increase could come after the conference committee will actually lose revenues. Mr had agreed on at least \$50bn James Baker, Treasury Secre-(£40bn) in spending cuts for tary, said the plan could gain

speaker, insisted that any tax increase would have to carry with it President Reagan's approval because Democrats are approval because Democrats are tired of being labelled "big taxers." Mr Robert Dole, the Senate majority leader, hinted that a small tax increase might be acceptable within the new

tax reform measure. In hearings elsewhere on Capitol Hill, the Administration's new tax plan came under fire by economists who say it fiscal 1986.

—or lose—as much as \$47bn

Mr Tip O'Neill, the House over five years.

Republicans, worried about labels, expressed concern that the plan would hurt the middle class and give the Democrats the ammunition to accuse them of being "the party of the rich." Meanwhile, the National Asso-ciation of Manufacturers yester-

Nicaraguan armed forces have been mounting a sustained offensive along the

San Juan river for over two

weeks involving several infantry battalions specialised in jungle guerrilla warfare and supported by artillery

and supported by articles, and aircraft. According to the Ministry of Defence, the offensive is continuing with the objective of re-establish-

ing government control along the whole length of the 200 km border and re-establishing

civillan boat traffic which has been suspended for over two years because of the war.

The river was an importan

communication route linking the Pacific and Atlantic coasts

of the country and the only supply route for many isolated communities on the

The House was also due to

indirectly to support military or paramilitary operations in-

side Nicaragua. The other would delay aid to the contras for six

country's Atlantic coast.

jection of the economy remain sluggish, particularly month's budget for indexation during the first half of the year. the Association said. Although the economy may improve in

day issued a pessimistic pro-

Protests grow against Canadian pension plan

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

A WAVE of protest against important element in the Canadian Government plans for budget's aim of containing the partial de-indexation of old Canada's growing government key test of Ottawa's economic policies. Several prominent business

groups this week joined opposition parties and senior citizens lobbies to urge the Government Growth rates are expected to to reverse a proposal in last of old age pensions to be limited to increases in the inflation rate above 3 per cent.
The de-indexation plan, which the Autumn, it could eventually also extends to other social slip back into recession by 1987. security payments, was an

deficit. Partial de-indexation is expected to save about C\$2bn (£1.2bn) a year by 1990.

Opponents of pension deindexation argue that it flies in the face of promises by the Government last year not to reduce benefits to the elderly. Mr Thomas D'Aquino, president of the business council on national issues, a group of 150 chief

U.S. assures Gandhi on arms

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagen
yesterday assured Mr Rajiv
Gandhi, the Indian Prime Minister, that U.S. arms sales to
Pakistan were not directed
both outlined their main contended to remove the need for
manner, U.S. officials said.

Pakistan to "go nuclear," U.S. Washington would strengthen
the tradition of the U.S. and
India "working together."
The American side at the
talks explained that U.S. policy
was to seek global saleguards
against the spread of nuclear Pakistan to acquire nuclear weapons.

In White House talks described by U.S. officials as "extermely warm and friendly." Mr Reagan stressed that the arms sales were designed to help Pakistan with security problems on its Western frontier created by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. The executives of Canada's largest frontier created by the Soviet companies, said that the battle invasion of Afghanistan. The pressed respect for India's non- to Pakiston of 50 krytrons, of the deficit should not be fought on the backs of the poor should reduce the incentive for said that he hoped his visit to nuclear explosions.

WORLD TRADE NEWS

cerns in an uncontentious manner, U.S. officials said. While Mr Gandhi has rewhile Mr Gandhi has repeatedly expressed anxicty over
U.S. military support for
Pakistan, and the risk of
Pakistan developing nuclear
weapons, the principal U.S.
concern has been the closeness
of India's relationship with
Mocsow.

weapons, which would include India as well as Pakistan. Washington could give no specific assurance that it would stop Pakistan developing su-weapons, U.S. officials said.

They recalled, however, that U.S. authorities had recently acted to stop the illegal export

y, international market leaders in the design and manufacture of modular display systems, vish to appoint a Financial Controller for their UK

UK FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Reporting to the Group Financial Controller, the key responsibilities will be to organise and maintain a financial accounting service, to maximise cash flow and profit whilst maintaining the accounting and appropriate statutory records of the business.

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U.S. to pursue unfair

trade case

THE U.S. Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA) has voted to continue to prepare an unfair trade case in an effort to bolster U.S. efforts to pry open the Japanese marke; in talks scheduled to begin

in talks scheduled to begin next week.

Industry representatives are consulting top Administration officials about charging Japanese companies with "predatory pricing practices." However, because many members of the industry import as well as manufacture semiconductors the SIA cave it is against retailia. facture semiconductors the SIA says it is against retaliatory curbs in the U.S. markef. Early this mouth, Mr. Lionel Olmer, then the outgoing under-secretary of commerce, complained that Japanese manufacturers were dumping Eproms (eraseable programmable read only memory chips) in the U.S. He had with him in Tokyo a memorandum from Hitachi, in which distributors in the

in which distributors in the U.S. were urged to under-cut the chip prices of com-

There has been discussion within the Commerce Department of "self initiating" an unfair trade case against Japan—an unprecedented but legal procedure. The industry, which is apparently reluctant to charge dumping, prefers to focus on gaining market access in Japan. The industry claims that despite all supposed liberali-

sation measures taken by Japan, the U.S. market share of the Japanese market has hovered around 19 per cent for years. In an analysis prepared for he Congressional Joint Economic Committee, SIA argues that Japan deliberately created a market structure in which its principal con-

suming companies are the same major electronics companies that also are the largest semiconductor pro-The Japanese share of the \$11.6bn (£8.8bn) semiconductor market was 14 per cent last year, according to the SIA. The U.S. share was

83 per cent and Europe's 3

per cent. The association predicts that the Japanese semiconductor market will grow from \$8bn last year to \$13.65bn in

ECGD management changes urged

BY CHRISTIAN TYLER, TRADE EDITOR

A NEW management structure for the Export Credits Guarantee Department (ECGD) is proposed by an internal review of the department published yesterday.

The report says that the present senior management system "does not work effectively" and that "there appears
to be a vacuum at the top."

It proposes that the secretary, official head of the government department, should be redesigneted chief executive. Instead of an advisory council of industrialists and bankers there should be a board of four or five outside part-time directors, one of whom would be chair-

man.
The board would submit a the board would submit a business plan annually for approval by ministers, but day-to-day control would be the chief executive's responsibility.

The review team, led by Mr Fred Chapman, principal finance officer of the ECGD, and business are consultant and control of the principal consultant consulta including management consul-including management consul-tants Coopers Lybrand handled in Cardiff, but there be the responsibility of a re-Associates, also proposes major are two offices for senior sources management group and

can Finance Minister. Sr Jesus Silva Herzog, signed an agree-ment in London providing up to £90m in finance for the pur-

to an extra \$10m of cover for

chase of Mexican products.

THE BRITISH Government is giving "urgent and sympa-thetic" consideration to demands that the UK provide China with cheap credits, Mr Paul Channen, UK Trade Minister, told MPs yesterady, writes Christian Tyler, Trade

An announcement was ex-pected soon, the minister told the Commons Select Committee on Trade and Industry.

Mr Channon was pressed to declare the Government's hand, during questioning

changes lower down the officials in the City of London. hierarchy. It suggests the business should be divided among five new groups. Medium and long term export credit insurance would be handled by a project group, while short-term (under 2-years' credit) would be managed by a "Cardiff group."

Britain announces ECGD to

Standard Chartered.

London on Tuesday.

ECGD has not given a figure Mexico's President, Sr Miguel but it is understood to amount de la Madrid, who arrived in

medium and long-term credit
on top of the existing \$600m.

Announcing the extra cover
the Trade Minister, Mr Paul
Channon, said he hoped this
would provide a "significant boost" to British trade with
Mexico which last year
amounted to \$200m after a peak the IK Prime Minister, before

extend credit cover for Mexico

This boost to Anglo-Mexican

trade has been timed to coincide with the state visit of

Mexico which last year amounted to \$200m after a peak of \$450m in 1980.

ECGD has been further authorised to extend its cover not just to guarantees provided by the Mexican Central Bank for private sector deals but also to eign debt. The two leaders also on the Mexican side it is the first time that sterling credits have been made avail-

about British Government help for exporters in the fast-moving and competitive Chinese market. Britain has a modest technical co-operation programme with China, funded by the Development Administration for consult-

ancy work

But there is no capital aid programme, nor are British hidders for capital projects in the country able to call on the ODA's aid and trade

The two groups would deal with all underwriting, claims and recoveries "in order to bring together the market knowledge." An international group would handle the ECGD's negotiations with foreign debtors and relations with other countries agencies.

The loan, which is being funded by Grindlays Bank and guaranteed

by the UK Export Credits Guaran-tee Department, will help to finance the sale of British manufactured

The agreement was signed in

the Mexican Minister of Finance

and Public Credit, and by Mr Alex-

ander Ritchie, chairman of Grind-

"Mexico's recent economic prog-ress has won the admiration of the

capital goods

lavs Bank.

was the announcement by London by Sr Jesús Silva Herzog

a management services group. handling, among other things, department's computer systems.

An immediate review of the computerisation programme is

computerisation programme is called for.

The team rejects the common view that civil service rules hinder the ECGD. "Nor have we found that ECGD has suffered exceptional losses of staff to the private sector," it says.

But it argues that officials' progression up the civil service pay ladder should be linked to performance, and that principals and higher executive officers

and higher executive officers should be able to earn more than the maximum in their

tain the maximum in their salary band.
The review was ordered last November by Mr Paul Channon, Britain's Trade Minister, after the Government had rejected the central recommendation of its own committee of inquiry that the ECGD should be turned Mr Channon said yesterday he

would be announcing the Gov-ernment's response to thereport "in due course."

Cementation to build **Omani** hospital

THE OMANI Government and Cementation of the UK yester-day signed a contract for buildnay signed a contract for building a teaching hospital for Oman's first university, Reuter reports from Muscat,

Company officials said the contract was worth \$117m (193.6m) made up of £58m and 15m right (243.4m).

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April 11 1

15m rials (\$43.4m). Cementation won a £215m contract for the university in 1982 and must finish building it in time for the opening in autumn 1986.

The 500-bed hospital is due for completion in the summer

for completion in the summer of 1988 and will receive its first medical students two years later, Cementation officials said.

India signs U.S. counter-trade deal

India's minerals and metals trading corporation (MMTC) has finalised its first countertrade deal for the export of naphtha in exchange for fertilisers from the U.S., writes K. K. Sharma in New Delhi.

The deal involves the export of 50,000 tonnes of naphtha worth R170m to U.S. fertiliser suppliers who are to ship 100,000 tonnes of diammonium phosphate and urea to India this year.

The government-owned cor-poration hopes to be able to negotiate similar contracts for the Indian Oil Corporation, the Government-owned refining company, this year.

Computer group to expand Irish factory AMDAHL, the world's largest manufacturer of IBM-compat-

ible large-scale mainframe computers, is to spend £12m on expanding its Irish factory at Swords, north Dublin. The expansion by the Cali-fornia-based group will be grant-aided by Ireland's Industrial Development Authority, and will more than double the

factory's capacity to produce the Amdahl 580 series of largethe Amdahl 580 series of large-scale computers.

The factory, which produces 40 per cent of Amdahl's output of mainframes, will increase employment from 350 to 550 by the time full production is reached in 1888. Building work starts immediately, and the ex-

starts immediately, and the ex-tension is due to be completed by mid-1986, Amdabl exports from Ireland to Europe, Canada, the Middle East and the Pacific Basin.

Hong Kong raises HK\$500m

HONG KONG Nuclear Invest-THE BRITISH Government yes able to purchase Mexican port Credits Guarantee Department (ECGD) has been authorised to extend its cover to both the Mexican private and public sector.

At the same time the Mexican Finance Minister, Sr Jesus Silva Harron signal an agree.

At the same time the Mexican Finance Minister, Sr Jesus Silva Harron signad an agree.

At the same time the Mexican Finance Minister, Sr Jesus Silva Harron signad an agree.

At the same time the Mexican Finance Minister, Sr Jesus Silva Harron signad an agree.

Bell to purchase Mexican are both outside the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting pany of Hong Kong, vesterday signed HK\$500m (£51m) bills of exchange facility, AP-DJ reports from Hong Kong.

Countries and are affected by signed HK\$500m (£51m) bills of exchange facility, AP-DJ reports from Hong Kong.

The company, a subsidiary of China Light and Power Countries and are affected by signed HK\$500m (£51m) bills of exchange facility, AP-DJ reports from Hong Kong.

The company, a subsidiary of China Light and Power Countries and are affected by market.

Cantillary Brandis Export Finance has signed a loan agreement with Banco Nacional de Commercio Exterior of Mexico for £35m (£44m)

Cantillary Brandis Export Finance has signed a loan agreement with Banco Nacional de Commercio Exterior of Mexico for £35m (£44m)

by August with contractors for construction of the company's planned nuclear power plant in China.

issued by tender. No bill can exceed HK\$200m, and the company has set a maximum interest rate for the one, two and three-month notes at an undisclosed rate above the Hong Kong interbank offered rate. Money from the facility will

go towards the company's equity investment of HK\$800m in the Guandong, a joint venture between Hong Kong Nuclear Investment Company and China, The remaining HK\$300m will come from China Light and

plant at Daya Bay in Guangdong province, China. Energy from the plant will go to China and

for nuclear plant

The commercial paper will be

The Guangdong venture was created to build a nuclear power

nocracy

m arm

to build

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hospital

AT LEAST SHE'LL STAY IN BETTER SHAPE OVER

Poor old Mary Rose has had quite a bit to contend with, these last five centuries.

THE NEXT 500 YEARS.

When she went down, on a sparkling summer's morning in 1545, she was the jewel in the crown of Henry VIII's Navy.

But her 91 guns were no match for the ruthless onslaught of the murderous currents that flow beneath the Solent.

A deep scourpit was eroded on the port side of the hull.

The currents then relentlessly shrouded her in a thick layer of silt.

By the early eighteenth century a hard layer of shelly clay had sealed the once proud warship in her watery grave.

On October 11th 1982, a salvage operation on a scale never before attempted brought the forlorn remains of the Mary Rose to the surface.

Not only the hull, but a host of precious artefacts that tell of life in Tudor England were rescued from the muddy sea-bed. But in the process of drying them out they could easily be harmed or destroyed.

In order to preserve them, we gave the Mary Rose Trust a chemical solution called polyethylene glycol. Once these items (such as wooden bowls and leather shoes) have been soaked in this solution, they undergo a freeze-drying process that will carefully preserve them for posterity.

The Mary Rose and her 'treasures' are on display at Portsmouth Naval Base, 7 days a week.

At the same time, the bulk of the hull is sprayed with water to stop it from drying out, and to prevent microbiological decay.

After two years of this treatment a lengthy round-the-clock spraying of an ethylene glycol will begin, before the hull is left to dry out.

The whole process to preserve the Mary Rose will take about twelve or fifteen years to complete.

But in the extraordinary life history of the Mary Rose that's just a drop in the ocean.

YOU CAN BE SURE OF SHELL



UNEMPLOYMENT

The lessons of New England's economic revival

By Brian Groom

MR JAMES HOWELL, chief the same as that of the still ing jobs in the seven years to economist at the Bank of depressed Mid-West, but below Boston, called it "the most the South's 20 per cent and the spectacular event in the history West's 24 per cent."

In the same as that of the still ing jobs in the seven years to of Western capitalism" in an interview with a New Hamp-shire newspaper last December. Unduly euphoric, no doubt — particularly with the computer industry's current problems —

but the high technology-based economic revival of New England has been remarkable.

In 1975, Massachusetts' 11.2 per cent unemployment was well above the 11.5 of 5 well above the U.S.'s 8.5 per cent. By last year it was down to 4.8 per cent, compared with the national average of 7.5 per cent. Officials from other American cities, Europe and even Japan are flocking to the region, seeking advice. They come to Boston and to

cities like Lowell, once a downand-out textile centre, which has cut unemployment from nearly 13 to less than 4 per cent in 10 years, and now claims it can turn its nose up

manager. The miracle which the visitors see needs qualifying. The cut in unemployment has been made easier by New England's slow population growth. Its 4 per cent increase in the 1970s was

And now there is real anxiety high-tech industry which has brought lay-offs, falling shares and tumbling profits—for instance, the 66 per cent third quarter fall at Lowell-based Wang Laboratories.

New Englanders are asking whether this is a cyclical rebound from last year's capital spending boom, exacerbated by the high dollar, or a structural mid-life crisis in which some computer-based companies are weeded out and others shift production overseas.

The growth of high-tech industry around the famous Route 128 near Boston began in the 1960s. New England's traditional textile, clothing and leather industries had fied south in search of cheaper labour after World War II.

at investors it does not want.

"For too long Lowell was associated with sweat shops. We are selective," says Mr James Campbell, assistant city manager.

"Her world war it.

But in the early 1970s the future seemed gloomy amid cuts in the space and defence budgets, the Arab oil embargo and the recession of 1974-75.

There were feare that invest. There were fears that invest-ment would seep away to California's Silicon Valley and to states such as North Carolina

which offered lower taxes.

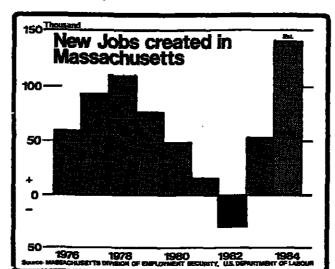
the focus of revival has been about the recent slump in high-tech companies, computers, defence, medical, space, communications, instruments—whose payrolis have grown by 65 per cent to 280,000 workers since 1976.

> High-tech accounts for 10 per cent of employment in Massachusetts (24 per cent in Lowell) compared with 4 per cent nationally, and supports many service jobs.

> How did the revival come about? Supply side economists point to a more pro-business climate, notably tax cuts which have reduced the proportion of each \$1,000 of income that wageearners pay in state and local taxes by 22 per cent since 1977. In the state they once called "Taxachusetts" personal taxes are 5 per cent below the national average and business taxes are on a par with other industrial areas.

The real picture is more complex. Tax cuts may have sup-ported the revival, says Mrs Lynn Browne, vice-president of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, "but I do not think they caused it. It was already under way."

Then came the turnround. Even with lower public spend-After losing 252,000 manufacturing, a creative industrial policy



has channelled incentives to the private sector. The quasipublic Massachusetts Industrial after 1978-80, and now Massachusets Industrial after 1978-80, and now Massachusets in well placed to win Star Wars business. The Lexington-bonds (giving tax exemption to investors) to re-equip old industries and renovate city centre commercial property. Now President Reagan's tax simplification proposals threaten to kill these off.

kill these off.

ill these off.

England's revival, however, was
Defence and space contracts that with such companies as

equipped to benefit from the growth in the markets for com-puters and office equipment

The climate for innovation developing Liverpool. esulted from a remarkable But Liverpool would be hard ducation and research environresulted from a remarkable education and research environment—there are 260 colleges in New England, including Harvard and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology—combined with an enterprising banking and venture capital community.

Massachusetts trails only New York and California in venture capital, and in 1983 the state's financiers controlled 13 per cent of U.S. venture funds, or more than \$1.5bn. It benefited from the national cuts in capital gains tax which boosted the industry in 1978

In the current high-tech climate there are fears of overdependence, particularly in the Lowell area, where the office, accounting and computing machines industry accounts for 40 per cant of manufacturing

But even if the maturing mini-computer market is overcrowded, most economists still see Massachusetts as a resilient incubator for research and bio-technology, artificial intelli-gence and robotics.

Mr Patrick Jenkin, Britain's

Wang, Digital Equipment and Environment Secretary, along Data General, it was well with Merseyside County Council and the Merseyside Task Force, may commission a study of Lowell as a model for re-

> vital factors in Lowell's revival: its fortunate position as a low-cost labour pool on the edge of the high technology belt look-ing to expand, and the decision by Wang to locate its head-quarters there, providing 15,000 jobs.

> These make it difficult for other cities, such as Detroit and Pittsburgh, to copy Lowell's

example.

More generally, there is a limit to the number of regions which high technology can revive, even if the present slump proves temporary. New England's combination of research, venture capital and computer technology and critical thinking, have set up an unusual venture known as the Boston Compact.

Under this, private employers have agreed to provide job opportunities for school compact. search, venture capital and defence spending is hard to reproduce, though lessons can be learnt.

reproduce, though lessons can be learnt.

Most European countries are aware of the need for better links between universities and business. In Britain, the explosion of venture capital, the creation of the Unlisted Securities Market, and the proposed alleviation of Government red tape should help the climate for innovation.

The real problem is the failure of small ventures like for Europe.

the hundreds which have sprouted around Cambridge
University to grow into glant
Apples, Wangs and Hewlett
Packards. And that may be a
failure of managerial vision, rather than public policy.

Meanwhile New England is worried about labour shortages, particularly in the Boston area. The baby boom generation is a thing of the past, and by 1995 there will be 20 per cent fewer people in the job entry age group in the U.S. Business leaders, worried at not having enough workers with basic skills in language, mathematics,

job opportunities for school leavers—704 last year, even-tually rising to 1,000—in return for setting measurable goals

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UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980=100); engineering orders (1980=100); retail sales volume (1978=100); retail sales value (1980=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted.

Indl. Mfg. Eng. Retail Retail Unemprod. output order vol. value* ployed Vacs. 102.0 102.4 133.3 164.0 139.9 149.6 194.9 101.0 100.3 101.0 4th qtr. October 105.5 101.8 104.6 100.3 105.0 101.8 107.0 102.5 3,138 3,124 3,144 3,147 3,176 134.4 130.2 136.5 140.3 April May

OUTPUT—By market sector; consumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, textiles, leather and clothing (1980=100); housing starts (000s, monthly average).

Consumer Invst. Intmd. Eng. Metal Textile Housg. goods goods goods output mnfg. etc. starts*

95.7 98.2 97.5 97.0 97.0 10.5 105.3 104.6 106.5 106.0 107.0 99.4 99.0 99.0 102.0 ist qtr.

EXTERNAL TRADE—Indices of export and import volume (1980=100); viable balance; current balance (£m); oil balance (£m); terms of trade (1980=100); excluding reserves.

Export Import Visible Current Oil Terms Reservolume volume balance balance balance trade US\$bn

1984
1st qtr.
2nd qtr.
3rd qtr.
4th qtr.
November
December
1985
1st qtr.
January
February 15.51 15.26 15.52 15.50 15.69 - 86 +332 +137 -555 +123 March April May

FINANCIAL—Money supply M0, M1 and sterling M3, bank advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth at annual rate); building societies' net inflow; HP, new credit; all seasonally adjusted. Clearing Bank base rate (end period).

Bank BS HP Base M0 M1 M3 advances inflow lending rate

% % % £m £m %

ist qtr. January February March April May

INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan 1930=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1930=100); retail prices and food prices (1974=100); FT commodity index (July 1952=100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).

Earn- Basic Whsale, FT*
ings* matls.* mnfg.* RPI* Foods* comdty. Strig-

153.6 155.9 159.6 164.1 164.2 162.8 165.3 133.6 134.3 134.1 140.1 137.9 139.2 143.4 129.0 132.0 132.8 134.3 133.9 134.3 134.9 343.9 350.9 353.9 358.3 357.7 358.8 358.5 321.7 329.1 326.8 326.8 326.2 326.6 327.6 308.67 305.06 288.95 289.64 292.40 289.89 289.64 81.7 79.8 78.0 74.1 75.6 75.7 4th qtr. October November December 1985 146.3 145.3 147.6 145.5 136.6 135.9 136.6 137.5 139.2 139.5 1st qtr. January February 362.9 359.8 362.7 366.1 373.9 332.8 330.6 332.5 335.4 338.8 295.22 296.98 295.73 295.22 295.08 279.98 72.0 71.5 71.3 73.3 78.0 78.7

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Todd wins

rerun

TGWU

MR RON TODD has been con

firmed as general secretary of Brit-

ain's largest union, the Transport and General Workers (TGWU) in a repeat ballot called after allegations of voting irregularities in last year's election in which he was declared

The result of the fresh ballot

among the union's 1.5m members

will not be officially announced un-til Saturday. But it was clear after

counts at the union's 11 constituent

regions yesterday that Mr Todd will again be declared to have won. Mr Todd's victory over Mr George Wright, who has centre and right-wing support, confirms the traditional left line of the TGWU's

ballot

GKN wins £500m army vehicles order

BY PETER RIDDELL POLITICAL EDITOR

GKN YESTERDAY received a £500m order from the Ministry of Defence (MoD) for over 1,000 mechanised combat vehicles to be built at Telford in Staffordshire.

Mr Michael Heseltine, the Defence Secretary, announced at the opening of a two-day House of Commons defence debate that the total cost of this combat vehicles programme of some £725m, including related support equipment, showed a saving of over £100m against in-

He said the difference was "a direct result of our policy of increas-

The order to GKN - Guest, Keen, Nettlefold and Sankey - follows the submission of tenders from a num-

Guinness

for news

retailers

By Christopher Parkes

GUINNESS, the brewing concern,

yesterday further strengthened its retailing arm with the £10m pur-

chase of 150 newsagents shops from Barker and Dobson, the old-

established and long-troubled con-

fectionery company.

The acquisition of the Lewis Mee-

son chain reinforces the brewer's

position as Britain's top newsagent.

It now controls almost 800 outlets,

compared with the 500-odd run by NSS Newsagents, the 230 under the John Menzies banner and W. H.

Mr John Fletcher, five weeks in

the chair at Barker and Dobson,

said yesterday that the sale was a

'necessary commercial action" as

the company's accounts - due in the

next 10 days - would show. The deal

was put together in only three weeks, he added.

Formerly managing director of Asda Stores, Mr Fletcher said that

while he might attempt to take the

company back into retailing at

some time, his main objective now

confectionery business.

was to sort out the difficulties of the

Barker and Dobson's only re-

ties of the once widely diversified

Guinness business after a period of

vigorous retrenchment inspired by

Mr Ernest Saunders, the chief ex-

Development of the retail side be-

gan last spring when Guinness out-bid W. H. Smith with a £47m offer

for the 490 shops in the Martin the

Newsagent chain. Guinness added its existing 130

Lavells newsagents and now op-

erates the combination, together

with its chain of Drummonds chem-

ists shops. Guinness said its interim figures, published on Tuesday.

showed that profits at Martin were

already 50 per cent up on the com-parable figure for last year.

approaching the 5 per cent regu-larly recorded by Lavells. Other big

groups in the industry are under-stood to average between 3 and 4

The group is also busy expanding its other retailing interests in the fashionable field of convenience

Gross margin on turnover is now

maining retail outlet is a high-class chocolate shop in London's Bond

Smith's tally of about 350.

pays £10m

moured personnel carriers for the sixth Challenger regiment. infantry, serving in West Germany. In his speech, Mr Heseltine reinfantry, serving in West Germany.

During his speech, Mr Heseltine ferred to his programme to improve also announced an order for further efficiency through increasing Challenger tanks, to be placed with Royal Ordinance, and to be produced at its factory in Leeds. The



Heseltine: cost benefit from competition

ber of British companies last Febru-ary. The vehicles will serve as ar-about £30m. The aim is to equip a competition in procurement.

planned defence budget should take care of foreseeable needs.

After criticisms on Monday by the cross-party defence select com-mittee about a likely reduction in overall capability, Mr Heseltine argued that even on the MPs own arithmetic, any squeeze would be marginal in terms of the total defence budget.

However, an indication of tensions within the MoD over the placing of new orders was given when Mr Reseltine departed from his prepared speech, apparently to rep-rimand supporters of the Royal Marines who are pressing for an early decision on the ordering of replace-ments for the amphibious assault ships Fearless and Intrepid.

He warned: "If the idea should once get about in the Ministry of Defence that a particular part of each individual service was likely to get preferment over all the rest for their priorities by leaking either to the press or to MPs in order to em-

Mr Heseltine's main theme was barrass ministers, it would bring that there was no need for another our legitimate planning process to a defence review and that the grinding stop. Ramphal warns on

outlook for IMF THE International Monetary Fund oping countries, including the mid-

ny, which is still assimilating the mussi operation and at the same time preparing for a further thrust into West European markets. ☐ SKALINK, the UK ferry operator owned by Bermuda based Sea Con-

Wight.

Both vessels are to be built in Hobart on the Australian island of

livery in February 1986. ☐ CALEDONIAN Aviation Group, which includes British Caledonian Airways (BCal), is to sell its Blue Sky Travel chain of retail shops to

ing applications of rail guns in con-ventional military vehicles such as tanks and ships.

Rail guns are weapons in which small projectiles are accelerated to high speeds by electromagnetic for-ces using large pulses of electricity

I MICRO FOCUS, the troubled computer software group, has cut its workforce by 20 per cent to reduce costs. The company, which last month reported a sharp reduction in profits, has made 60 people

company in Newcastle upon Tyne,

Building Society, Britain's fifth largest, announced that it had □ STC'S WOUND capacity compo-

HOPE SEEN IN ECONOMIC POLICY SHIFT

Expansion 'could increase jobs'

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

A MORE expansionary economic policy could reduce unemployment to 2.2m by the end of the decade, Cambridge Econometrics, the private forecasting organisation, said

Its analysis suggests that the cut alty of extra inflation.

tra jobs would cost an additional £31bn - around £6bn a year - in terms of the public-sector borrow-ing requirement (PSBR) up to 1990.

leadership.

In last year's cancelled election,
Mr Wright won a majority in six of
the regions and Mr Todd in five.
But Mr Todd won by the narrow
majority of 44,817 votes because his victories were in the regions with the larger memberships.

□ MR GEORGE DORMAN has resigned as managing director of the UK subsidiary of Zamassi, the Italian domestic appliance maker. He has also given up his post as joint managing director of the British arm of Electrolux.

Electrolux recently took a 49 per cent stake in Zanussi, making it the leading appliance company in Europe. The resignation has come at a crucial time for the Swedish compa-

tainers, said it planned to order a second £1.5m high-speed catamaran for its service to the Isle of

Tasmania by International Catamarans. The first one is due for de-

Thomas Cook, the travel agency, from July 1. The price is understood to be several million pounds.

The Blue Sky Holidays tour orga-

nisation, also part of the Caledoni an Aviation Group, is not affected by the deal, which covers only the 30 travel agencies run under the to its star wars programme the novto its star wars programme the nov-

isine Sky name.

□ IBERIA, the Spanish national sirline, asked the High Court in London to order the UK Transport Secretary not to limit Theorem 7 Secretary not to limit Iberia's Lon-don-Madrid flights to 11 a week. The Royal Armament Research missiles. and Development Establishment at

threatened restriction was in retal-iation for the Spanish Govern-ment's refusal to allow British Airways an early morning flight from Madrid.

The hearing continues today,

redundant in the U.S. and UK. TARMAC and ARC (Amey Road-

The two partners have invested controlled factory at Shepshed in Leicestershire. That will come into

tiles a year.

□ THE BOARD of the Woolwich agreed in principle to take over the business of the North Kent Building Society, which has £56m in assets and seven branches.

nent subsidiary in Wrexham, North Wales, has been bought out by its local senior management, with equity support from merchant banks N. M. Rothschild and Close Investment Management, for about

PSBR would be almost £20bn or 4 per cent of national output, compared with £12bn (2.5 per cent of output) in the base run, which estimates what would happen to the

ment by 500,000 places

economy without such a package. in unemployment by about 750,000 could be accomplished with no penthe forecasters were:

However, the national debt would be significantly higher at the end of the period both in money terms and as a percentage of national output.

The simulation shows that the ex-

national insurance contributions. ployment would result from the expansion of the Government's spe-

100,000 extra jobs in manufactur- of £3bn on unchanged policies.

The main measures assumed by The simulations done by Mr Wil- An expansion for special employliam Peterson and Mr David Turner suggest that the cut in employers' A sustained 20 per cent increase national insurance contributions would offset the inflationary impact of the expansion of the Community ● A 50 per cent cut in employers' programme and increased public in-

But one important assumption exchange behind the Cambridge analysis is preciate.

By the end of the period, the cial employment scheme. Increased that the exchange rate would not PSBR would be almost £20bu or 4 public investment would produce fall as a result of the measures, alper cent of national output, com200,000 new jobs in the construction though the balance of payments industry over the five-year period; a current account would move into a further 150,000 new jobs would be small deficit of £1.8bn by the end of created in the service sector, with the period, compared with a surplus

> The researchers say that the number and type of jobs created as a result of lower real wage costs would depend crucially on the re-sponse of the exchange rate. If a fall in the exchange rate were linked with a cut in real labour costs, the expansion of employment would be much greater than if the exchange rate were allowed to ac-

LARGE WAVES POSE INCREASING DANGER

Phillips warns gas buyers over Ekofisk seabed subsidence

By Dominic Lawson and Fay Gjester in OSLO

PHILLIPS Petroleum has warned ers, consisting of Ruhrgas of West ets. Later Phillips plans to abandon the European buyers of gas from its Germany, Distrigaz of Belgium, the lower deck completely, involv-Norwegian Ekofisk oil and gas field Gaz de France, and Gasunie of the ing more expenditure at a time that supplies may be cut steeply during the coming winter, as a re-sult of the rapid subsidence of the seabed beneath the central Ekofisk platform.

the main Ekofisk platform, the first to be installed in the North Sea, has sunk by 25 metres since it was placed on the seabed in 1971.

when the first satellite measurements of the rate of subsidence showed that the seabed beneath the platform is sinking at a rate of about 40cm a year. This means that the platform's facilities are in increasing danger from very large

Phillips is now planning to step up the rate of gas reinjected into the field to maintain reservoir pressure and slow down the rate of col-

apse of the seabed.
This means that Phillips is un-

This week Phillips sent out telexes to these companies declar-

ing force majeure. Under the terms of the sales agreement, this can be invoked when "unforeseen incidents" occur. Phillips appears convinced that the subsidence problems at Ekofisk come under this category, thus avoiding the need to pay compensation to the buyers. Ekofisk supplies about 5 per cent

of West Europe's natural gas consumption, with output varying between a minimum of 960m cu ft a day and a maximum of 1,2bn cu ft a European buyers are at present

well stocked with gas supplies, so it would take a very large cutback in Ekofisk supplies seriously to embarrass its customers.

Phillips plans to spend about \$150m over the next two years relolikely to be able to meet the gas cating sensitive facilities from the most unlikely to make upsales contracts to its European buy-platform's lower deck to higher lev-fall to European buyers.

In one plan under discussion, a

fleet of about 100 rail guns would be

stationed in orbit about 2,000 km

from the earth. Under computer

control, they would shoot projec-

as they ascend from their launch

vel at 20-30 km a second, or roughly

75 times the speed of sound, to de-stroy the missiles before they split

up into separate warheads a few minutes after launch. After that

point, the destruction task becomes

Rail guns are required because

The projectiles would have to tra-

tiles weighing about 2kg at mis

pads in the Soviet Union.

much more difficult.

when the company plans to raise about \$2bn to finance the recapitalisation involved in fighting off a bid from Mr T Boone Pickens, the U.S. corporate raider.

Phillips has a 37 per cent stake in the field. The other main partners are Petrofina of Belgium with 30 per cent, the French company Elf with 8 per cent and Norsk Hydro with 7 per cent. Norsk Hydro has proposed that the group should sink three supertankers around the platform in an effort to break up the

Phillips reiterated yesterday that none of its plans would involve an interruption to the field's oil supplies, which are running at 250,000

The Ekofisk group is negotiating with partners in the Statijord oil and gas field, in an attempt to buy the extra gas needed for injection into the Ekofisk reservoir. This is most unlikely to make up the short-

Another alternative is to use la-

to power and aim accurately.

director of the SDI Organisation,

on how UK companies and research

groups could participate in the pro-

could not confirm or deny whether Britain's rail gun work had been

Leading groups developing the technology are based at Westing-

house in Pittsburgh, LTV (a compa-ny in Dallas) and the University of Texas in Austin.

improving, rates remained very de-pressed. Its tramp trip charter in-dex for May, measuring single voy-age rates, stood at only 102, barely above the 1976 base level of 100.

In the past nine years, that index has been as high as 275 in April

1980, but never moved above 115

last year and has slipped from 108 at the start of 1985. It was at exactly

100 this March and April.

mentioned in the discussion Work on rail guns in the U.S. is far in advance of that in Britain.

The Ministry of Defence said it

Whitehall costs to

MR MICHAEL WILLACY, the first director of the Government's new Central Purchasing Unit, yesterday committed himself to lopping £400m off Whitehall's annual bill for goods and services by the auumn of 1987.

U.S. interest in MoD rail guns

Willacy, who is being seconded into Whitehall from Shell UK, promised that the 5 per cent cut in the Government's £8bn-a-vear nurchasing hill mould be an expense of the content of the

The setting up of the unit follows the publication of a report on gov-ernment purchasing, written for the Prime Minister by Whitehall's own efficiency unit, it estimated that the ser beams, which travel at the speed of light – 300,000km a second. But lasers may be far more difficult Government could cut its annual bill for goods and services by between 5 and 20 per cent - repreit improved the efficiency of its buy-

spent two hours last week talking to Mr Michael Heseltine, the De-Mr Willacy, who is general man ager of Shell UK's materials serfence Secretary, and MoD officials vices division, said he reckoned he should be able to cut Whitehall's bill for goods and services by £200m "fairly easily" within his first year. He added that if he could not show results inside 12 months, he would expect the Government "to

Mr Willacy's unit will have a purely advisory role. He said he would have "not clout, but lever-

He emphasised that before he took up his new post in September, each Whitehall department would be drawing up a list of ways in which it could improve its purchasing and so make savings

regularly to both the Treasury and the Management and Personnel Of-fice. He would also be reporting once a year to the Prime Minster. That," he remarked, "is what I call

be civil servants themselves who would have to make improvements

pany and the trading operation should be sold as a separate activi-

JME had no long history of commercial banking, but it had traded in the gold market for more than 150 years. Mr Guy felt sure that its expertise would attract many pot-

ation continued, it could not be good for the market.

ence in Lugano, defended the decision to rescue JMB. He said failure of the bank would have done great damage not only to the London gold market but also to London as a financial centre.

Conference report, Page 37

BT takes 25% stake in home computer system

BY JASON CRISP

BRITISH TELECOM and a subsidiary of Bell Canada Enterprises have bought nearly half the shares in Telemap, which runs Micronet 800, a database for home computers owned by East Midland Allied

Micronet, which is based on the Prestel viewdata service and has 15,500 subscribers, is claimed to be the largest residential database in the world. The service, which has made losses of over £1m since it was set up two years ago, is expect- com's own Prestel service developed to break even this year.

As a result of the deal BT will hold a 25 per cent stake in Micronet stantial royalty on each subscriber.

publishing, technical and financial strengths of the three shareholders will enable Micronet to become one of the world's leading residential electronic publishers. It hopes to launch a similar service to Micronet in the U.S.

Attempts to establish residential databases in the U.S. and elsewhere have proved to be very expensive and have only attracted small numbers of subscribers. British Teleed for the residential market has until recently been almost exclusively used by business.

in exchange for forgoing a sub- Mercury, the telecommunications services company owned by Tele-Direct (Canada), the pub- Cable & Wireless, is to provide lishing arm of Bell Canada Enter-high-speed digital circuits to Hong prises, has bought a 20 per cent Kong, undercutting British Teleshare. EMAP retains 55 per cent.

predicted to be a large British mar-ket for those services within a dec-

metal reclamation and recycling, recently dismantled and disposed of the concrete biological shield that surrounded a research reactor at

His comments were backed by Mr I. G. Patel, former Secretary to temporary easing of the debt crisis the Indian Finance Ministry and had prompted a mood of undue opti-Governor of the Indian Reserve mism by the major powers that ef-

Bank. He is now Director of the fectively control the fund. ondon School of Economics. Part of the problem, he argued was with the deficit countries them-London School of Economics. tinuing dangers inherent in Third selves. They should be adequately World indebtedness. Unless the prepared and have their own partiother industrial countries are able to strengthen their recovery, as the

said in London yesterday.

might become irrelevant to the dle-income ones with high indebneeds of the great majority of its tedness," he said. member countries unless its finan-"The irony of the current situa-

cial resources are strengthened and tion is that the IMF seems to be changes made to its methods of operations, Mr Sonny Ramphal, the world economic situation. Its lever-Commonwealth Secretary General age extends only to the weak economies which come to it for assis-Mr Ramphal was speaking at the tance; it has no sanctions that it can start of a three-day seminar on the enforce on the policies of powerful negotiation of economic adjustment economies, whether they be in surplus or deficit", he added. Mr Ramphal said the pres

prepared and have their own particular mix of policies to propose.

Addressing an audience which in-U.S. economy slows down and as its cluded many Commonwealth cen-Administration tries to tackle the tral bankers and financial experts budget problem, we might be in for Mr Patel said that the Fund had ofanother downturn, with catastro- ten been arrogant in its dealings phic consequences for many devel- with deficit countries.

Wimpey to join nuclear decommissioning group

BY DAVID FISHLOCK, SCIENCE EDITOR

Mr John Holmes, chairman of Wimpey Process Engineering and Offshore and a director of NSG, likens the market to offshore decommissioning, where the industry expects to spend sums similar to its original investment.

All three companies already have nuclear experience, notably Wim-pey, which recently completed a remotely controlled process plant for the Atomic Weapons Research Establishment, Aldermaston, which automatically encapsulates plutoni-um-contaminated sludge in cement. Under the contract, worth more

GEORGE WIMPEY, the construct- fire in laboratories at an Ordnance ion group, is joining two specialist factory last year, in which asbestos

group of Reading, Pennsylvania, is

clear plant is now 20 to 30 years old and "technically obsolescent." In the next decade, large portions

ton, are expected to be dismantled among them plutonium facilities and experimental nuclear reactors. The UK Atomic Energy Authority has begun a 10-year project to dis-mantle its 33 MW Windscale experimental advanced gas-cooled reactor and is letting contracts to companies to help to build experience in decommissioning. The Bird group has already decommissioned the

reactor's powerplant. It also plans to operate a "fire brigade" ready to be called into any emergency involving radioactivity.

The Royal Navy has disclosed plans to mount an experimental safety of its new pressurised water

edicted to be a large British marif for those services within a dece.

Mr Tony Bird, managing director
of the Bird group and chairman of
NSG, says much of Britain's nu-

of Britain's first two big nuclear la-boratories, Harwell and Aldermas-

Mr Denis Henry, QC, for Iberia, Fort Halstead, Kent, is investigat-told Mr Justice Taylor that the ing applications of rail guns in con-

stone Corporation) have launched a joint venture company. Tarctile with plans to capture 10 per cent of the £150m-a-year concrete roof tile market in the UK. Com in an automated, computer

production at the end of the month and will be able to produce 30m roof

now represents about 9 per cent of the total fleet, the General Council of British Shipping (GCBS) said yesterday. Tankers, a mostly depressed sec-

of as much as 1m amps.

The 1,200-strong Fort Halstead establishment is working on the

weapons in conjunction with a team at International Research and De-

velopment a contract research

which is a subsidiary of NEI, the

engineering group.

Development of rail guns is an es-

BY ANDREW FISHER, SHIPPING CORRESPONDENT

tor since the oil price rises of the 1970s, predominated in the lay-up total of 1,279 ships of 62.9m deadweight tonnes, which was 122m dwt less then at the end of March. The total of idle shipping, which reached a peak of just over 100m

John Griffiths reports on a new database for the world motor industry

THE AMOUNT of world merchant vessels of 12.2m dwt (3 per cant). In the UK, where the sharp de-cline of the merchant fleet was shipping tonnage idle for lack of business fell further in April and highlighted this week in a report of the House of Commons Defence Committee, the laid-up total showed its sixth successive monthly de-

Decrease in idle merchant ships

There were 40 ships of 2.35m dwt idle at the end of April, repre-senting 10 per cent of the fleet, the GCBS said. It emphasised that 95 GCBS said. It emphasised that 95

The GCBS figures showed that per cent of that was accounted for by tankers. At the end of the previous terms of tonnage idle in April, not-

the total of lide shipping, which of reached a peak of just over 100m ous month, the UK laid-up figure ably Liberia, with a level of 15 per dwt (15 per cent of the world fleet) was 2.85m dwt.

The GCBS said there was no lettup in the tanker recession. While tanker tonnage) and 962 dry cargo position was slowly with 21 per cent (33 per cent).

Drive to clear up component confusion

PRS's own experience with the

into PRS about the Japanese industry, typified by Nissan's 20 two-litre engines, indicate other causes for concern to the European industry. Despite its origins as a producer wards 20 each.



be reduced

Once Mr Willacy took over the new unit, he would be reporting

leverage."

Mr Willacy stressed that it would

JMB return to private sector urged

By William Duilforce in Lugano JOHNSON MATTHEY Bankers (JMB), the bullion dealing bank that had to be rescued in an operation organised by the Bank of England last autumn, should be returned to private ownership as quickly as possible, according to Mr Robert Guy, chairman of the London Gold Fixing Ring and a director of N.M. Rothschild.

Ideally, the loan portfolio should be hived off into a realisation comty, Mr Guy said.

ential buyers. He added that if the present situ-

Mr Guy, who was speaking at the Financial Times World Gold Confer-

The Lewis Meeson shops in Enggroups in a new nuclear consortium and chemicals as well as radio acland and Wales lost about £2m last. in undertake the decommissioning tivity were released. year on sales of £50m. of nuclear plant and radioactive Guinness said yesterday that it waste disposal services. The Nuclear Services Group The Nuclear Services Group participating in plans to dismantle (NSG) owned jointly by Wimpey, the U.S. Shippingport reactor, proting Bird group and the Gilbert Commonwealth group, foresees a reactor (PWR). It has also conductions to the properties of the pressurised water reactor to be a study of PWR decommissionplanned to continue expanding all its retail activities, either by acquir-ing more chains or by piecemeal Brewing and retailing have emerged as the two key UK activi-

than £300,000, the company developed a new process in which the cement sets within seconds.

The Bird Group, specialising in

Queen Mary College in London.
It was also called in by the Minis-It was also called in by the Minis-try of Defence to clear up after a it shut down in Scotland last year.

Planning Research Systems, best in the world; trends in their use; known for its annual Diesel Engine and the shares of rivals or potential Digest, the industry's standard ref-rivals in each of the world's 35 erence work on diesel engine pro- principal markets.

> of vehicles and who supplies them
>
> The type of data involved, says in a detail that is unprecedented. Mr Martin, would allow component says Mr John Martin, PRS managmaker to identify a rival's market ing director. The main target of the facilities is could target a geographically pre-component suppliers who, PRS cise campaign to "kill it off." says, tend to be less well informed. The underlying intent, however,

A NEW database, gathering together a wealth of information covering world production and markets of all types of vehicles except motorcy—but the database of strategic product and marketing planning, it types of vehicles except motorcy—but the database over product and marketing planning, it types of vehicles except motorcy—but the database over product and marketing planning, it types of vehicles except motorcy—but the database over the dat cles and listing their technical spec-should be possible for a component ifications, is being launched by a maker to identify precisely whose London, research-based consultancomponents are being used on any manufacturer's models anywhere

duction and applications, has a sec-ond data "core" covering diesel en-tracking the types, end-usage and distribution of the various electric Based on those, further "custom- motors used within vehicles, rangised" databases are being created ing from starter motors to window which break down the components winders.

the industry. That is not just in relation to the detail in which markets and products are broken down but because in some countries at Japanese industry, Mr Martin sugleast, data collection by some nagests, provides some object lessons tional agencies, even in relation to for manufacturers within Europe. built-up vehicle sales, is inadequate.

weak spots so that, for example, it rope's commercial vehicle market.

Martin describes as "one of Eu-

makers admit to gaps in data about tensive consultations with all the leading producing regions, not least

"The best, most detailed statistics Nor is the problem confined to come from Japan but they always Third World countries. PRS curwant something in return, in our rently is discussing with what Mr case information. "Dealing with them over many

rope's two largest producers" the years (PRS has a research arm in creation of an additional database, designed to analyse in closer detail underlying tranks up Western Entires that making the producers are the controlled the questions, making sure that the producers are the controlled the questions, making sure that the producers are the controlled to the producers. pe's commercial vehicle market. they got sensible answers. In the "Perhaps even more worrying, "Vehicles are a highly mature end, they have wound up with a there is every sign that the rate of business. Even so, while all the vast and sophisticated informationmanufacturers have developed con-

The amounts of data now flowing

of small, cheap mass-market cars, the Japanese industry has now arrived at the situation where it is producing more large-capacity cars and engines than West European producers combined. "And whereas a typical European car producer even the largest, may have four or five engine families, the big Japanese companies are moving to-

innovation is continuing to acceler-

Finan

Senior A

SH()RI

JOBS COLUMN

How high fliers have come down to earth

BY MICHAEL DIXON

A PERSONNEL chief I knew in A PERSONNEL cnief i knew in Manchester used to argue fiercely for a law changing all computer staff's surnames to Gonzaies, in line with the legendary "Speedy." That was in the mid-1960s when computers were regarded as exceeding strange, and the creatures who could make them work even more so. work even more so.

May June 13 155

Vhitehall

OSTS to

reduce

AB TOUR

since then is suggested by the accompanying table. Compiled from Computer Economics' latest survey of pay and conditions as at April 1, it refers to 11 kinds of computer staff in Britain. They are data-processing managers and seven lower plus bonuses and the like. The lower quartile represents the lower quartile represents the pay of the person a quarter ing to the right-hand eight columns of figures. These give staff-turnover rates for each of that of the one half way in the ranking, and the upper quartile in the rewards of the person first comes the percentage turn-

fiercely for a law changing all	T	otal am	mone أحداد	y reward	is as at 1/4	4/85:	Rate	s of staff	turnove	er in con	nputer ma	ınagemen	t jobs:		fe
computer staff's surnames to Gonzales, in line with the legendary "Speedy." That was	Managers with responsi-	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average	Rise on 84 avge	All tu 84-85	rnovér 83-84	84-85	Left 83-84	Sact 84-85	ked 83-84	Promo 84-85	oted 83-84	h
Duters were when com-	All data processing	£ 20,835	£ 24,121	<i>£</i> 28,305	£ 25,000	% ' 95	% 17.3	% 12.1	% 6.6	% 5.6	% 1.6	% 64	% 9.1	% 6.1	В
exceeding strange, and the	Systems development	18,553	20,799	24,000	21,472	7.8	21.1	11.5	11.5	5.8	0.6	1.4	7.0	4.3	
creatites who could make the	Computer services Systems	17,600	20,256	23,200	20,622	8.4	16.6	10.2	11.4	3.4	~	1.1	5.2	5.7	
MAIN EAST MOLD SU	Programming	17,325 16,413	19,146 17,669	21,000 20,073	19,342	7.4 9.3	15.6 8.9	10,3	5.5 1.8	4.6 8.9	20 1.8	-	8.1 5.3	5.7	
While there was admissable	Systems & programming	16,300	18,171	20,600	18,254 18,754	7.3 7.1	6.7 14.2	11.1 2.11	5.3	5.9	<u></u>	1.8	2.3 8.9	2.2 3.6	P
mountaing abeen a spout them	Operations .	14,172	16,581	18,856	16,833	7,3	9.7	9.4	5.8	2.6	1.0	1.0	2.9	5.8	ţh
WUCL II CAMP to detting thin-	Technical support Non-managerial;	16,100	18,000	19,704	18,313	7.5	120	13.6	5.7	8.2	2.1	1.8	4.2	3.6	F
done, the personnel man said, they were like greased lightning	Systems analysis	10.900	12,216	13,629	12,394	6.9	10.5	17 £	140	14.1	8.0	0.8	3.8	2.7	h
IN going off to jobs alsouber	Programmers	8,990		11.202	10.202	8.6	19.5 20.6	17.6 20.0	14.9 18.4	17.5	0.6	1.1	1.8	1.4	W
He also used to so on show	Operators	7,611	8,886	10,360	9,111	8.8	12.8	12.0	9.8	9.8	1.0	0.5	20	1.7	4.
maving to bay man the missi															er
mulity. And he was not alone in												_			OI Ai
that view either. For example, I have before me a yellowing	executive types, plus the no	n- qua	arter was	o down	from the	top. ove	er for a	il reas	ons, wh	ich is	offered 1	through	Ginny S	pittle of	m
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Com Contabational psychologist.	As always I have room for	or /	As things	have t	urned ou	t it "S	ideways				WIN IF	'S: tel 01	-637 76	04, telex	
Sam Smith of Austin Knight. Mr Smith advised me to	Only snippets from the surve	V. ani	pears th	at Sam	Smith	was 4	Although			turn-	299751 E	Eureca (i.		A
change lobs straight away and	Should contact Dates Charges	re mis			ое рах		r rates figures.				The	post is	for a	general	bi
addition a systems analyst My	Computer Economics at 51 Por	rt-a i			nalysts: e hardly c		see the				manager	rotahi	otel gro	up's on-	50
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should contact Peter Stevens of spects of systems analysts: even s

"sideways" moves).
Although most overall turnover rates are up on the 1983-84 figures, Peter Stevens does not see them as constituting any reason for employers—at least—to worry. "After all, there's nothing wrong with 20 per cent staff losses," he says, "provided they aren't the 20 per cent you most want to keep."

13 Devonshire St WIN IFS; tel 01-63
299751 Eureca G.
The post is fo manager of a hotel premises food, by restaurant operation operation of the premises of the pr

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quires success in similar work at group level plus skill in strategic planning and change-management. Rewards totalling exchange-rate equivalent of about £35,600.

stage. (So does the headhunter

entrepreneurial manager, preferably with recruiting experience, able and willing to relieve her of the task of building up Slade Consulting's business in

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The needs are success in sell-

management. Rewards totalling ing to people rich enough to exchange-rate equivalent of about £35,600.

Ms Spittle promises not to identify any applicant who so requests to the employer at this stage. (So does the headhunter.)

The needs are success in self-ing to people rich enough to buy such things around the world and knowledge of relevant marine matters including the legal aspects of sales contracts.

Salary to cover costs plus results-based bonuses expected

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- Merchant Bank c.£18,000

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Candidates will be graduates with at least two years' experience, gained in a leading international or merchant bank. As well as strong credit skills and a flair for marketing, the successful applicant will have a wide product knowledge and an imaginative approach to problem solving.

Interested applicants should contact either Christopher Smith or Jonathan Williams on 01-404 5751 or write to them, enclosing a full curriculum vitae, at the Banking & Finance Division, 23 Southampton Place, London WC1A 2BP, quoting ref. 3505.

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The said of the sa

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YANPET, a joint SABIC/MOBIL venture has recently commissioned its major petrochemical complex on the Red Sea coast at Yanbu. These appointments offer a challenging opportunity for well motivated professionals to join a competent international finance team.

Senior Accountant – General Ledger

Responsibilities include the preparation and review of general ledger and subsidiary ledger accounts and the production of periodic reports. Special emphasis will be placed on fixed asset development and liaison with payroll, AP/AR, inventory and production accounting sections.

The need is for qualified accountants who have computerised systems knowledge, proven supervisory skills and work experience in a manufacturing environment preferably petrochemicals.

Financial Analysts

Working as part of a small team responsibilities will include projects in financial and cost analysis, budgetting and profit planning.

Candidates, probably qualified accountants or graduates, should have proven experience gained preferably within a chemical manufacturing or engineering environment. Excellent oral and written skills are essential. Ref. B.1183/81.

insurances, medical cover, bonus and generous UK leave with paid air fares. Annually renewable contract, initially on single status, may be converted to married status when housing is available. ase write - in confidence - with full personal and career details, quoting appropriate reference, to

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> > middle east

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Please contact Brian Gooch or Jill Backhouse.

UK CORPORATE MARKETING

We have a number of clients seeking to strengthen their Business Development teams, particularly in the UK corporate sector. Applications are invited from qualified Bankers, or Graduates, with a good business degree, together with at least 2 year's marketing experience within a banking environment. Formal credit training would be a distinct advantage. Please contact David Williams or Anne Griggs.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALERS £12,000-£20,000

We have been retained by a number of active Banks to recruit a variety of experienced Foreign Exchange Dealers. Candidates should be aged between 21-28, with twelve months relevant experience, which should include either Spots, Forwards, CD's or Deposits. Three of these vacancies are for specialised Spot Dealers, preferably with \$/DM or \$/Yen experience. Please contact Richard Meredith or Trevor Williams.

All applications will be treated in strict confidence JONATHAN WREN & CO. LIMITED. 170 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 4LX. Tel: 01-623 1266



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To £30,000 according to age and experience

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You should have two years experience of the U.K. Equity market, ideally with a bias towards Blue-Chip corporates, with a sound analysis/sales background. Our client runs a successful U.K. Equity Trading portfolio, and you should feel capable making an immediate contribution, liaising with stockbroking and research houses, as well as making contact with institutional clients abroad.

U.K. EQUITIES

EUROPEAN EQUITIES

You should have at least eighteen months experience in the European department of a stockbroker and an in depth knowledge of the French Equity Market. This position will involve promoting securities of smaller French corporates in this country and abroad.

Both positions will involve some European travel and a second language would be a distinct advantage.

If you would like to discuss these positions in greater detail please contact:

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-JUNIOR TRADER-SHORT-TERM U.S. DLRS SECURITIES

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Credit Suisse First Boston Ltd., the leading international investment bank, is looking to further increase their staff within the trading area. The requirement is for a Junior Trader with the ambition to become a aged between 22 and 24, who has had up to one year's experience in actively trading C.D.'s, government bills or U.S. commercial paper. usual range of banking fringe benefits will be paid to the successful Please write enclosing a curriculum vitae to: T.M.B. Kerrigan,

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for vocational training centre in Swaziland. The manager/training officer will carry out and train others in production co-ordination, merketing, buying, bookkeeping, administration etc. Formal qualifications are less important than relevant experience which may include running a business or co-operative; retailing; experience as a general, cales, office, or personnel manager; accountant or buyer. Two year contract including modest living allowance and liights. Regret no funding for dependants. Applicants must be resident in UK or ireland.

For details send large see and short ov to: Rose Gorringe, Dept. FTI International Voluntary Service 53 Regent Rd. Leicester LE1 6YL

PENSION FUND INVESTMENT ASSISTANT

A self Investing pension fund in the West End requires a Dealing Assistant with a good knowledge of U.K. equity markets and with some analytical experience aged 25-35 to join small investment ream to join small investment team. Please write with details or experience qualifications and salary envisaged to Box A9036 Financial Times 10 Cannon St, London EC4P 4BY

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Banking Recruitment Consultants

HEAD OF BANKING DEPARTMENT c£15,500 plus car Our Client, a major international bank well established in the U.K., places great importance on the service it offers to customers, accordingly this appointment will be at Assistant Marrager level. The position, reporting to the Manager of Operations has complete responsibility for the general banking department comprising at stati. Candidates, in the age range 33 to 43 years, will be expected to exhibit the personal characteristics of toot and diplomacy coupled with the strength of personality to bring a higher level of professionalism to the department.

Please contact David Little

INTERNATIONAL AUDIT OFFICER

plus travel expenses This major ILS, bank is seeking an additional auditoribanker to take a position of responsibility on their overseas auditioperations review feam, based in London, ideally they would like a single person in their take twenties or early thirties with previous experience of bank auditing. However, they would be very lean to talk with candidates who can demonstate a varied aperations background gained from within international banking and witting to travel to the banks' overseas branches for most of the year.

PERSONNEL OFFICER

This is a new appointment within the personnel department of a major foreign bank, Their ideal candidate will be aged 27 to 35 years, have a minimum of the years experience of personnektechultment/haining gained with another bank or financial institution, and be educated to degree level or be qualified I.P.M.

Please contact David Little TRADE FINANCE MANAGER

Our Client, an expanding international Merchant Bank, has an opening for a Manager to take control of the active Trade Finance Department. There will be a considerable amount of customer contact and new business development and marketing associated with this position, primarily in the U.K. Conditions aged around 33.6 must have proven leadership qualifies and an established track record in all passes of Trade Financing. The importance of this appointment is reflected in the attractive remuneration package at 25,000 which will be enhanced by bonus,

Ridgway House 41/42 King William Street London EC4R 9EN Telephone 01-626 1161

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Above £10,000 + Banking Benefits Our Client, a leading European Bank is seeking numerate graduates who have one to three years experience in the Financial Sector.

These city based appointments will provide successful candidates with an opportunity for rapid career progression to full Loans Officer status. Our client is committed to staff development and the training facilities available encourage staff to fulfil their potential. Duties will include contact with European offices thus a knowledge of language though not essential, will be of interest. guages though not essential, will be of interest.

Candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates seeking their first career move who are keen to develop in a growth candidates are invited to write in strictest confidence with a full CV and daytime Mr. Lubienski, MCP Consultants, Halton House, 20 Holborn, London EC1N 2JD MCD Consultants

Financial Sector Human Resources

MARKETING EXECUTIVE CITY BANK

A City banking company, a wholly owned subsidiary of a foreign bank, seeks a Marketing Executive to work closely with management and be directly responsible to the Managing Director. The applicant envisaged would be aged 38-50 with many years' experience in banking and/or the finance house sector and with established contacts with brokers, solicitors, accountants and other introductory sources, in the development of banking business. Salary and other

> Write with full curriculum vitae to: The Managing Director, Box A9034, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, Landon EC4P 4BY

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One of the leading economics departments in the City of London is expanding its small and successful team of macro-economists. A young economist or econometrician is needed to complement the research skills of this respected team. The ideal candidate would have an excellent first degree and/or post-graduate qualifications in economics, with specialist knowledge of monetary economics and/or econometrics. Candidates with one or two years work experience will be considered. Only highly motivated individuals, with a desire to succeed in the competitive world of financial markets, need apply. Terms and conditions will be competitive, and career prospects

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Candidates will possess at least 5 years' successful sterling dealing experience and a comprehensive knowledge of all sterling instruments. Leadership capabilities are important since the development of a strong team is critical to the bank's expansion

This is a key and senior appointment which offers unlimited scope with a substantial

Contact Norman Philipot in confidence on 01-248 3812

Wanted

MANAGING DIRECTOR

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Senior Manager TAX & PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

City Based

c£25,000 + Car

Our client is seeking to consolidate and expand its financial services division with the recruitment of a senior Tax and Personal Financial Planning specialist.

The successful candidate should be aged between 30 and 40, with at least 10 years' practical experience of the personal tax and financial planning business. A relevant professional qualification and some experience of corporate tax would be an advantage.

He/she will be responsible for the day to day management of the area and also for the continuing development and expansion of the client base.

The compensation package will include a car bonus scheme, subsidised mortgage facilities and a range of other benefits.

Please write, enclosing a comprehensive CV, in strict confidence to: K. W. Causton, (Ref. TPF/I3), Kenneth Causton & Associates. Wakefield House, 152/153 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2DH. Please state under separate cover any companies to which your application should not

Kenneth Causton & Associates

RECRUITMENT ADVERTISING

Marketing and PR Executive

RWATSON & SONS

R Watson and Sons, one of the largest firms of consulting actuaries and a market leader in the pensions field, is committed to growth in the provision of high quality consultancy and related services for pension fund, insurance company and other corporate clients in the fast-moving financial sector.

In this key new position, the Marketing and Public Relations Executive will implement marketing and public relations strategies designed to achieve the firm's corporate objectives. This will involve active participation in the design production and dissemination of technical information and other communications, both internally within the firm and externally to clients and professional connections, the organisation of workshops and seminars, and other related activities.

The Marketing and Public Relations Executive will probably be over 28 with a degree and, ideally,

a relevant professional qualification, and must have had first-class marketing experience, ideally in the financial sector and related to pensions. He or she will need to be a fast and fluent writer with a keen awareness of design and style, and must be capable of quickly establishing personal credibility with senior members of this modern professional firm through an intelligent grasp of the issues currently affecting pension

The company's modern head office in Reigate offers the attraction of a professional and dynamic City environment at an out-of-town, but easily accessible to London, location.

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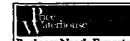
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uinness PLC, an expanding international Group involved in Brewing worldwide. Retail, Health and Publishing, wishes to recruit an outstanding tax professional to the challenging position of Group Tax Manager.

Reporting to the Director of Finance and Control, the successful applicant will assume overall responsibility for tax planning and compliance throughout the Group. Candidates are expected to be aged 35-45, must have a recognized professional qualification and will have considerable post qualification experience in UK and international tax. The successful candidate must have had responsibility at a senior level for the tax affairs of a British-based multinational public company and will be familiar with the challenges associated with such a position.

This appointment offers an excellent opportunity to join a dynamic company in a senior and exciting role, and thus represents an ideal opportunity to develop one's career. The post attracts an attractive compensation package which includes a car, profit share and bonus. Removal costs will be reimbursed if appropriate.

Candidates should write in strictest confidence enclosing a fully detailed CV plus current salary and quoting MCS/7165 to: Michael R. Andrews, Executive Selection Division.
Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers,
32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.



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Intimate knowledge of marketing to top 100 UK corporates is considered essential for this new merchant banking

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Experienced in the movement of UK and European equity investment markets is required to become part of the team generating and promoting investment in UK securities.

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The Cambridge-based Eastern region investigation and management consultancy practice of Coopers & Lybrand Associates, is currently expanding in order to cater for the rapidly growing demand for its services through the Northampton, Bedford, Leicester, Norwich and Kings Lynn offices.

As a result we are seeking forward-thinking graduate accountants, aged 27-38, with specialist investigation and financial planning experience. Our existing consultancy and investigations team undertakes assignments for a wide range of clients in the region, and includes specialists in manufacturing, distribution, III and economics.

As part of our Financial Planning and Systems group, you would be involved in providing services requiring the application of a broad spectrum of problem-solving skills - analytical, creative and practical. Working in close-knit multi-specialist teams and with ongoing training, your experience and expertise will develop quickly. Moreover, salaries range from £20,000-£28,000 depending on experience. This is clearly a unique opportunity for career progression as part of Britain's largest management consultancy unrivalled in the services it offers.

If you feel you need to investigate further, please send a résumé, including daytime telephone number to Keith Williams, Coopers & Lybrand Associates, Mount Pleasant House, 2 Mount Pleasant, Cambridge CB3 0BL, quoting ref. 05/11.

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The autonomous European group has manufacturing or sales companies in all major markets of Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

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A car allowance will be provided together with an excellent salary, benefits and full relocation assistance where applicable. Candidates can expect a thorough company induction to be carried out in the UK, Europe and USA.

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diestment

The growth in funds under management and plans for increased expansion have created the need to recruit additional people.

The opportunities will suit those aged between twenty-four and thirty who may have had some exposure to investment but great importance will be attached to general aptitude and likely potential. A good educational background or professional qualification will be

Successful applicants can look forward to assuming increasing management responsibility once Murray Johnstone investment techniques

Please write in confidence enclosing a full c.v. to R. H. White, David Sheppard & Partners Limited, 21 Cleveland Place, London SWIY 6RL (Tel: 01-930 8786), who act as advisers to the company.

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Carle Bar

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SENIOR FUTURES TRADER

Prime American Bank

Our Client enjoys an enviable reputation for the breadth and consistent success of its Treasury operations.

Current plans call for the recruitment of a senior dealer who will assume full responsibility for the growth and development of the bank's futures trading

Ideal candidates should have at least 4 years' experience and a successful record in all aspects of money market trading and futures trading in particular

-some direct experience of the US markets would be a distinct advantage. An excellent salary and benefits including a bonus scheme will reflect our Client's wholehearted commitment to this appointment.

> Contact Norman Philpot in confidence on 01-248 3812

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Middle Eastern financial institution, with offices around the world, seeks a managing director of the highest calibre for its newly established export finance organisation in London. The successful candidate will be responsible for teanching and stating the operation, and will have previous experience at sealor level of ECGD, with good working knowledge also of Hermes, COFACE, FCIA and US EXIM Bank.

Eizebeth Hayford, LJC BANKING APPOINTMENTS. 46 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4JX. on 01_377 8600

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Price Waterhouse is internationally renowned for its financial and management consultancy services. We have a need for bright, ambitious individuals, with sound experience in banking or other financial services to join our specialist consultancy group in London and other European locations.

We provide a range of consulting services with special emphasis on assignments in the areas of operational efficiency, the provision and use of management information, and the effective use of Information Technology.

Typical assignments have included upgrading management organisation and operating procedures (for a large Middle East bank); development of financial reporting systems using advanced modelling software

(for a major UK bank); participation in the selection and introduction of suitable banking computer systems (for various UK and overseas banks); and advising on the appropriate use of new electronic technology (for a group of banks in Europe).

We offer very attractive career prospects and a competitive remuneration package to candidates aged between 25-35 with at least 3 years suitable experience in the financial services sector. A professional accountancy qualification or significant experience in information systems would be a distinct advantage.

The ability to work as part of a team in a professionally demanding environment is essential, and you must be able to communicate effectively with senior management.

If the challenge of consultancy attracts you please send, in confidence, full career and personal details quoting MCS/8022 to: Peter Humphrey, Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.



TREASURER

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National Girobank is an established UK Clearing Bank with a substantial growth record in both corporate and personal banking markets: further growth and diversification is planned. The bank is seeking to appoint an experienced professional to the key position of Treasurer.

Reporting to an executive Director and located at the bank's City head office, the Treasurer is responsible for the effective management of the bank's money market, fixed interest investment and related activities and for the further development of the bank into a broad range of financial markets.

The successful applicant will be an experienced professional who combines the proven ability to exploit new market opportunities with a thorough knowledge and understanding of treasury . principles and techniques. Well developed negotiating skill and judgement is required. The ideal candidate is likely to be aged 35 to 45

and will hold an appropriate qualification. Commencing salary is negotiable within the range c£25-£30,000. Further performance-related salary progression is possible. Other main benefits are five and a half weeks holiday and contributory index linked pension scheme. Relocation assistance will be provided where appropriate. Please reply in writing outlining career, salary progression and how your skills and experience

match the requirements of the job, to: Peter J. Farrer, Head of Management Development, National Girobank, 10 Milk Street, London, EC2V 8JH.

Group Company Secretary North West c.£20,000+Car

Our client is an established and successful £80m t/o Plc., engaged in the manufacture and worldwide distribution of household goods.

Reporting to the Group Finance Director, the Group Company Secretary will have responsibility for all legal and statutory requirements of all group companies within the UK. Specific responsibilities of the position will include, inter alia,

★ Legal Matters ★ Share Option Schemes ★ Employee Benefits
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Candidates, aged 35+, who hold an appropriate professional qualification, should be able to demonstrate extensive relevant experience (including an in-depth knowledge of company and commercial law), excellent communication skills and the level of maturity required to make a significant contribution at this level.

Relocation facilities are available where appropriate. Interested applicants should write to Barry Ollier, BA, ACA, quoting reference 7017, at Michael Page Partnership, Clarendon House, 81 Mosley Street, Manchester M2 3LQ.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants

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International Financial Markets Trading Limited

was formed in 1984 and has U.S.\$25m in institutional capital. they currently enjoy assets in excess of U.S.\$100M. They are a professional organisation with ambitions to be a market leader in their chosen field.

They now wish to recruit a Settlements Manager at the highest level. Reporting to the Operations Manager, the successful individual will be responsible for a small nucleus of people settling trades in Eurobonds, U.S. Tres suries, futures, options, equities and gilts. It is envisaged that applicants will have several years' experience, encompassing Eurobonds and U.S. Treasuries specifically. While a knowledge of other products would be advantageous, the most important criteria are the ability and willingness to learn the procedures for settling these products as well as new instruments as they are introduced to the market. Remuneration will be negotiable but is at a sufficiently high level to attract the highest calibre applicants.

YTB Recruitment (London) Limited

FTB Recruitment Limited have been retained by IFM Trading Limited and prospective applicants should contact Stephen Dopson on 600 1211 or 586 4417 (after 7 p.m.) for initial discussion.

Opportunities in Credit and Marketing

New Roles in expanding **Business Area**

International Banking City based

The London Office of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, part of The Hongkong Bank Group with assets in excess of £50 billion, is widening its credit services. The expansion has created challenging opportunities for executives in the Credit Division.

ASSISTANT MANAGER not less than £26,000

Reporting directly to Manager, Credit Division, you will head a team marketing the Bank's extensive range of Foreign Exchange and Treasury products to corporate clients

You will be at least 35, ideally a graduate with a minimum of 10 years' banking experience and will be able to demonstrate significant achievements in corporate business development at a senior level in a major bank. A further requirement is a proven ability to conduct market research and evaluate business opportunities.

not less than £21.000

This is an important role, marketing the Bank's range of Foreign Exchange and Treasury products to corporate clients throughout the UK. You will be part of a credit and marketing team at the forefront of developing the Bank's business.

Aged about 30 and, ideally, a graduate, you will have at least 5 years' corporate lending experience gained in a major bank. The ability to research a market, to analyse a company's performance and to sell the Bank's services is essential. A person of presence and determination is required.

In addition to the salaries indicated, attractive benefits packages include non-contributory pension, car, BUPA and housing loan.

Application forms may be obtained by telephoning or

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There is a vacancy for a FUND MANAGER (OVER-SEAS) whose principal responsibility will be the management of a number of the Group's North American equity portfolios. An increase in the range of unit linked products has given rise to enhanced opportunities for Fund Managers.

The successful applicant is likely to be a graduate aged between 25 and 35 with some previous investment experience who should be prepared to accept responsibility for the performance of Funds under his or her

The position offers excellent career opportunities and attracts a comprehensive benefits package. Please apply in writing to:

Miss K.R. Lewry Personnel Manager National Mutual Life Assurance Society 5 Bow Churchyard (Off Cheapside) London EC4M 9DH.

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c., the London subsidiary of one of the world's largest banking groups, provides a full range of international banking services to UK and multi-national corporate clients. We now wish to recruit Banking Officers, capable of maintaining the development of our well-established client base.

Applicants, probably aged about 30, should be of graduate calibre and have at least 3 years' experience in a major bank. Career emphasis should be related to lending, financial instruments and capital markets. The ability to communicate effectively, personal presentation, and ease in inter-personal relationships at all levels will be considered relevant professional skills. A good working knowledge of French would be an advantage.

The successful candidate will have good potential for future progression in the international network of the BNP Group as well as in

Competitive salary and normal banking sector benefits will be

Please write in the first instance with full career details to Paula Keats at the address below:-



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8-13 King William Street, London EC4P 4HS. Tel: 01-626 5678.

CORPORATE BANKING

Our client, a well known international commercial bank with branches in all of the world's finance centres, seeks to increase its UK corporate

After many decades in London the bank is developing a new strategy for the UK market and as a result there is a need to increase the bank's corporate client base in the UK. This calls for vigorous marketing and accurate perception of clients present and future requirements.

Applicants, who should be graduates, must have a minimum of two to three years' experience in commercial or merchant banking and are likely to be in the age range 24-29.

There are excellent career prospects with the opportunity to work in the bank's overseas offices in Europe, the Far East and North America. Individuals who are ambitious and have the necessary drive can expect rapid promotion. There is a highly competitive compensation package which includes all the normal benefits for executives with a major bank.

Apply to: Marlar International Ltd., City Office, 12 Well Court, London EC4M 9DN, or telephone 01-248 9614.

Coopers & Lybrand Associates are the largest management consulting firm in the UK. For good reason. Through specialist functional or sector groups working in multi-disciplinary teams, we provide a diversified range of services. Our consultants are of the highest quality and are committed to the profitable growth of our clients and ourselves. From strategic planning through to implementation of support systems, we deliver!

Rapid changes in the financial services sector in the UK and also other parts of Europe have given rise to a host of new problems which our consultants have been asked to solve. For example, an Investment Bank needed to develop a more profitable strategy for treasury marketing. Using a special methodology, we measured the performance of the bank's treasury by product type and source, helped re-orient the marketing strategy and subsequently implement an effective monitoring system.

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We now need more Marketing/Planning executives to work on projects such as these. If you feel you're ready for such a challenge, our Financial Services division would like to hear from you. We're looking for people probably now working in banks, building societies, insurance companies or securities houses with at least seven years' experience. They are likely to have had line experience as well as a period in the marketing/planning function.

We'd also like to hear from you if you have just a couple of years' experience, especially if you feel your analytical and planning abilities are not fully stretched.

If you've got the vision and analytical skills demanded by today's financial environment, we can develop the right remuneration package for you.

Please send a career résumé, including a daytime telephone number and quoting ref. 01/12 to Angus Hislop, Coopers & Lybrand Associates, Fleetway House, 25 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4AQ.

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MAJOR INTERNATIONAL GROUP We invite applications from candidates, aged 35-42, qualified as solicitors, who have acquired at least 6 years' post admittance experience, 3 years of which will have been gained in the legal or secretarial department of a substantial public company. The successful applicant will be responsible for assisting the Group Secretary over a wide range of legal, secretarial and administrative functions. Experience of public company acquisitions will be an advantage as will experience of large scale financing transactions. Commercial acumen, numeracy, feed and the ability to communicate factually and lucidly at all levels is important. Initial salary negotiable £20,000-28,000 + car, non-contributory perision, free life assurance, free family medical facility, assistance with removal expenses if necessary. Applications in strict confidence under reference AGS/091/FT to the Managing Director:

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Please only contact us if you are applying for one of the above positions. However, for organisations requiring assistance on recruitment - please telephone 01-628 7539

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Concord Weekly, Africa's fast-growing international newsmagazine requires a General Manager to work in its London office. The applicant should be a graduate and preferably have an accounting background and experience or be thoroughly experienced in newspaper/magazine management at top level. Suitable candidates must have at least five years' management

interested applicants should send their application and CV to: CONCORD PRESS OF NIGERIA LTD,

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INVESTMENT

fixed interest and overseas teams. Candidates will be graduates and/or professionally qualified, and must have at least three years experience with a financial institution or stockbroker. They will also

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The person appointed will have experience in a variety of areas, in particular the gilt-edged market. He or she will be expected to become involved in the management of both pension and insurance

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The successful applicant's principal responsibility will be to assist the Overseas Manager in the management of the Group's U.S. equity portfolios and, therefore, experience of the U.S. market will be a s. C.s. equit, acquisse for this position. Short to mediam term performance on essential requirement for several of the portfolios and candidat troub be prepared to work in this environment and accept asponsibility accordingly.

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Banking Recruitment Consultants

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The treasury operation is run by a small team dealing in the London Interbank Market covering a wide range of instruments including interbank deposits, certificates of deposit, treasury bills, eligible bills, building society bonds and short-gilts. We are now seeking an additional money dealer, preferably qualified to degree level, with a minimum of two years experience in active money market dealing. Training would be given where appropriate in foreign exchange and eurocurrency dealing.

Please send full personal and career details, including current salary to:

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have at least five years

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The compensation package and level of responsibilities will be highly attractive and will be negotiated according to qualifications and experience.

Please write with full details to Christiane Verachtert, Continental Bank, sa/nv, Rue de la Loi 227, Wetstraat



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Zurich

Our client is a leading Japanese Finance Company currently expanding its capital-market operations in Zurich and seeks to fill the following

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To staff these AMSCs, the bank would like to recruit a number of persons at To staff these AMACS, the pank would like to recruit a number of persons at different salary and responsibility levels. The eligible candidates will be not more than forty-five years old, will have a good academic career and around 10 years' work experience (including a minimum of 3 years in all aspects of international commercial banking). Fluency in English, proven communication international commercial an open and cosmopolitan outlook and constitute the state of the micromodulation and open and cosmopolitan outlook and capacity for skills, a flexible mind, an open and cosmopolitan outlook and capacity for skills, a nexible minu, an open and cosmopoucan outlook and capacity for arduous work are essentials. Command of other major languages (especially Spanish/French/Arabic/Mandarin) is desirable. Candidates should have an Spanisty recited to excel not only as bankers but also as human beings. After intense desire to excel not only in AMSC the agent of the second intense desire to each and an AMSCs, the new entrants should expect two/three years of assignment in AMSCs, the new entrants should expect growth opportunities through assignments in other units in the bank.

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If you are interested please write, quoting the name of this publication, with a It you are interested part other personal particulars with telephone number and full CV including age and other personal particulars with telephone number and full CV including age and outer personal particulars with telephone number and two passport size recent photographs to Fiona Fellows. Foster Turner & Benson, Chancery House, Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1QU, England.



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Besides a university degree, experience in banking and teaching, adaptability to various mentalities and working knowledge of German are required. Knowledge of French and some experience with computers would be an asset. The candidate should be able to work in a small interdisciplinary team and be willing to adapt to some irregular working time.

The study centre offers international contacts, attractive salary and fringe benefits.

Please send a detailed curriculum vitae and copies of

Dr. W. Anderegg, c/o Swiss National Bank P.O. Box 4388, CH-8022, Zürich, Switzerland

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The PHILIP MORRIS Regional Headquarters based in Lausanne, Switzerland, covering the cigarette business for EFTA, EASTERN EUROPE, THE MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA has an opening in its Finance Department for a Senior Analyst Internal

This position is responsible, at Regional level for the provision of accounting and controls expertise particularly in EDP systems development, the elaboration, implementation and maintenance of procedures and the control of finance and administration activities in the field offices throughout the Region.

The successful candidate will be a Chartered Accountant, aged between 27 and 35, with several years of related experience. English will be your working language, and ideally you should have a good knowledge of French. You should be prepared to travel up to 20 % of the time.

If you are attracted by long-term career prospects in a dynamic and successful organisation which offers competitive salary and benefits, you should write in confidence enclosing a curriculum vitae to Dominique Herrmann, Personnel Depart-

PHILIP MORRIS **EUROPE S.A.** EFTA, EASTERN EUROPE,

THE MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA REGION



URBAN/REGIONAL PLANNER (Ref A)
URBAN ECONOMIST URBAN SOCIOLOGIST (Ref C) FINANCIAL ANALYST Project/Municipa

DATA BASE SYSTEMS MANAGER

DEMOGRAPHER Short term only

Senior professionals required to join an international team working on a prestigious planning study in the Middle East. Professionals would work in multi-disciplinary teams preparing a regional framework and metropolitan region and capital city development

Excellent salaries are offered with free furnished accommodation on initial one year assignments. Persons with 10 years overseas experience particularly in the Middle East, will be given preference.

Please send C.V. with personal details and stating the post reference to: BANES BETTS ASSOCIATES (ref J.C.C.F.)
Dower House, 8 Tonbridge Road, Pembury, Tunbridge Wells, Kent TN2 4QL Interviews will be held in London in early July

Corporate Head of Internal Audit

Greater London/cf,32,000+car

The worldwide nature and scope of our client's business creates a highly challenging role for their Internal Audit function. To lead this department at the corporate level, they require an exceptional accountant with proven_ managerial skills.

Supported by a department of some 40 staff, the job holder will report to the Group Financial Director and will be charged with ensuring that the function makes a positive contribution to business efficiency and profitability. The focus is therefore much more on operational review than on acting as a "chief inspector".

The successful candidate is likely to be aged between

35 and 45 with a significant track record in internal audit within a major international company. The stature and maturity necessary to represent the function to senior management will be essential and a facility in French and/or-Spanish would be a positive advantage. Experience with sophisticated computerised systems will be a prerequisite.

The company's determination that this appointment should be made at a senior level will be reflected in the remuneration package. In addition, with the anticipated significant growth of this major public company, career development opportunities could well emerge for the successful candidate.

To apply, please write with a full CV to Gavin Adam, Executive Selection Division, Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge, London SEI 9SY. Please quote reference MCS/4018.



Finance Director

E. Yorks

Our client is a recently formed, joint venture manufacturing company, backed by two major U.K. groups. First year t/o will be in the region of £25m, with significant profits and excellent growth

A Finance Director is now required to complement the undoubted expertise of the current management team. The initial brief will be to establish a totally integrated finance and DP function, but the successful applicant will be expected to take increasing responsibility for other commercial functions and to make a significant contribution to the maximisation of turnover and profitability.

Michael Page Partnership

c.£25,000+Car This is a high-profile appointment, requiring the

qualities of action rather than delegation. Candidates should be qualified accountants, aged 30+, who have a track record of continued success in manufacturing environments, together with a high

degree of self-motivation, commercial awareness and communicative ability. Relocation facilities are available where appropriate and interested applicants should write to

Barry Ollier, BA, ACA, quoting reference 7015, at Michael Page Partnership, 13/14 Park Place, Leeds LS1 2SJ. Tel: 0532 450212.

Finance Director

(Designate)

Humberside

Our client is a highly successful, privately-owned company, engaged in the manufacture and marketing of high quality consumer dutable products for the leisure industry.

The company's outstanding growth and market penetration within this extremely competitive sector has created the requirement for a commercially-orientated Chartered/Certified Accountant to play a major role in the continued, profitable development of the business. In addition to the normal financial responsibilities, the successful applicant will be expected to input significantly to strategic business

c.£25,000+Car

planning and the overall commercial management of the company. Candidates, aged 35+, should be able to

demonstrate a successful track record of experience in a marketing-orientated environment, coupled with the entrepreneurial flair and breadth of vision required to make an impact at Board level in a highly successful and dynamic environment. Relocation facilities are available where appropriate. Interested applicants should write to Barry Ollier, BA, ACA, quoting reference 7016, at Michael Page Partnership, 13/14 Park Place, Leeds LS1 2SJ. Tel: 0532-450212.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow Brussels NewYork Sydney

Accountants for Management Consultancy

Reading & London

We are one of the leading international management consultancies; we are now looking for further first class consultants and analysts for our financial management practice in the UK and

For consultant positions, successful candidates will be qualified accountants aged 28 to 35, with an honours degree, who can demonstrate proven

achievement in industry or commerce. Experience must include responsibility for systems development as well as line management in the finance function. Personal qualities will include the ability to communicate clearly both orally and

For analyst positions we are interested in hearing from less experienced people over 26 who otherwise meet the profile indicated above.

We offer outstanding opportunities to broaden your experience in a wide

Salary to £25,000 + car

variety of industries and to work with stimulating colleagues from a number of disciplines. There are excellent opportunities for promotion within Peat Marwick for those who wish to pursue a career in consultancy. Of particular interest to us at the moment are people with experience of manufacturing, retail, distribution and oil industries.

If you are interested in joining our Reading or London offices and working with us in the UK or overseas, please write in confidence, enclosing a brief summary of your qualifications and experience, and quoting reference A/Jun5, to Mike Coney at Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., 1 Puddle Dock, Blackfriars, London EC4V3PD.

PEAT MARWICK

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

required to take charge of the Accounts Department of a busy commercial organisation situated in London NW1.

Applicants must be trained to a high standard of accountancy and have a successful track record in Management.

minimum Salary plus car. £22,000 BUPA, etc. Applicants should apply in writing enclosing c.v. and photograph.

> Write Box A9033 Financial Times 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY

Chartered Accountants

to invest in British enterprise HANDS OFF and EYES ON...could be the way to describe our approach. We invest in growing companies and take the long-term view about loans and share capital to back sound ventures. We leave management to run their own business but keep an eye on our investments. You are a Chartered Accountant, currently contributing to commercial decisions either in the profession or in business. You are aged 25-30 with confidence in your ability to assess risks—and to back that judgement. You have the tenacity to conduct sometimes difficult negotiations, yet still securing the commitment of the businessman through your drive, personality and professionalism.....

You could be an Investment Controller with 3i. You would be supporting new companies or backing a management buy-out or negotiating funding for expansion in substantial companies. 3i is a market leader in the provision of loan and equity finance to British industry and commerce. The Controller has a crucial role in searching out businesses which need funds to grow. Consequently, he or she is vital to 3i's success.

We are now looking for Controllers to be based in our area offices which are located in London and 18 other towns and cities throughout the United Kingdom, and the Channel Islands.

Salaries start c.£15,000, depending on experience. The other substantial benefits include a company car, concessionary mortgage and noncontributory pension scheme and the job itself offers real reward and personal

If you believe you possess the qualities we have listed here and want a role that requires decisions rather than the manipulation of numbers, please send a current CV, stating your preferred location to Kathleen Rawle, Personnel Manager, Investors in Industry plc, 91 Waterloo Road, London SE1 8XP. Tel: 01-928 7822.

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ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS APPEAR EVERY THURSDAY

Rate £37.00 per single column centimetre plus VAT

Finance Director

West of London to £30,000 plus car

This profitable electronics company is a relatively autonomous subsidiary of one of the largest and most successful British Groups. It has grown steadily since its establishment more than 20 years ago but enjoyed rapid development to an annual turnover level of £60 million in recent years. Further expansion is assured and the current opportunity has arisen as part of the increasing professionalism and dynamism necessary to coordinate and capitalise on its growth. We therefore seek a positive mature and numerate qualified accountant with previous managerial experience; familiar with manufacturing, distribution and International marketing operations and with the ability to assume full responsibility for the management of the finance function. Preferred age range is between 35 and 48 and additional benefits including full relocation assistance, if required, enhance the attractive remuneration.

Please submit full career and personal details to John Overton FCA, Overton Management Selection, Monaco House, Bristol Street, Birmingham B5 7AS, or telephone 021-622 3838 for an application form quoting reference

ACCOUNTANTS FOR MANAGEMENT CONSULTANCY LONDON

If you're a qualified accountant, aged up to 38, with drive, ambition. intelligence, initiative and several years' commercial or industrial experience, we'd like you to consider being one of our management consultants.

You would be based in London and we'd pay you up to £26,000 plus a car. Perhaps more important, we'll give you an outstanding opportunity to broaden your experience: with our training and the support you will get from more experienced colleagues you'll be surprised at the variety of work you can tackie.

UP TO £26,000 We'll also give you an exceptional chance to progress further

up the ladder. We believe we stand apart from most large firms in the openness of our structure and the speed with which we reward merit The road to a partnership could be a lot shorter than you think.

However, before we tell you more, we'd like to know why you think you're special. So please write to Michael Hurton at the address below, including details of your career to date and your salary history, quoting reference 2290.

Touche Ross The Business Partners

Hill House, I Little New Street, London EC4A 3TR Telephone: 01-353 8011



South East

Our client is a subsidiary of a major U.S. corporation working at the forefront of the semi conductor process working at the forefront of the semi conductor process equipment industry. They now wish to recruit a recently qualified A.C.M.A. who can demonstrate a track record of achievement and success in manufacturing industry.

You will establish a high quality management accounting system to generate the information that will be crucial in supporting the Company in its achievements of financial results consistent with its technical excellence.

Ideal candidates aged 22-28 should have experience in

Ideal candidates aged 23-28, should have experience in product and standard costing, good communication skills and be totally committed to developing their career in a demanding and rapidly expanding business.

In addition to salary indicated our client will provide BUPA, pension and life assurance, and relocation assistance where necessary

Please reply in complete confidence enclosing a full CV, naming on a separate sheet of paper the concerns to whom your application should not be forwarded, to: (Ref. 18/FT) Gordon F. Vivian, Recruitment Advertising Director,

T. Richard Johnson Ltd.

Mam House, 24/25 New Bond Street, London WIY 9HD.

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT circ. £17,000



ACCOUNTANCY ASSOCIATES LIMITED incorporating Accountancy Recruitment 5 VIGO STREET LONDON WIX 1AH TELEPHONE 01 439 3387 TELEX 27780

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INSURANCE **ACCOUNTANT**

Required by Lloyd's Insurance Brokers based in the City within the Marine Department. Responsibilities include credit control/account reconciliation with involvement in management reporting and funds management. Applicants must have had previous experience with Lloyd's previous experience with Lloyd's Brokers and computerised systems would be an advantage.

Please write for further details enclosing CV to:

Mrs. P. M. Hogsden Harris & Dixon Insurance Brokers) Ltd. New Street, Bishopsgate London EC2M 4HH

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

Central London

£25,000+Car

THE COMPANY has international interests in the production and marketing of food as well as in shipping, insurance and other industries.

THE JOB, which lies within the processed food products division (annual t/o c£100m), is to develop all financial and accounting controls within the selfaccounting units of the Division and to contribute to an improved sensitivity to market needs and the identification of market opportunities.

YOU, a qualified accountant (35-40), are currently holding a senior position within a major manufacturing group. You possess in-depth process costing knowledge.

The remuneration includes a fully-expensed two litre car. Generous relocation assistance can be provided. Write or telephone, in confidence, Nicolas Mabin, Regional Manager, quoting reference: LG1342.



Management Personnel

2 Swallow Place, London W1R 7AA. Telephone: 01-408 1694 test of hours 01-808 2783)

Accounting Controls and Systems

London Based

Cable and Wireless is, in terms of market capitalisation, in the top twelve companies in the United Kingdom. Its profits and share price have multiplied almost five times in the three years since privatisation. Its growth in the recent past, and its potential for the future, demand some strengthening of its finance and accounting resources.

This task is to develop and implement improved information for managing and relevant accounting controls and systems. Candidates should be qualified accountants with a flair for managing which enables them to recommend both what information is needed and why. They should have wide-ranging practical experience of both developing and introducing the most cost-effective way of producing the information needed for managing, for accounting and for statutory purposes. Ability to

take initiatives, to decide priorities, to plan projects and to be able to convince others of their necessity will be needed. Enthusiasm and self-motivation are essential. There will be opportunities for travel and work overseas.

Please reply to Martin Manning, in strict confidence, with details of age, career and salary progression, education and qualifications, quoting reference 14.71/FT on both envelope

Deloitte

Management Consultancy Division P.O. Box 198, Hillgate House, 26 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7PL

ACCOUNTANCY **APPOINTMENTS**

Rate £37.00 per single column

Group Financial Controller

Capital Markets

London

c£30-35,000 negotiable

our client, the fast-growing capital markets subsidiary of a major European bank, now wish to strengthen their financial function through the appointment of a Group Financial Controller. This is part of the strategy for the continuing development of the bank's capital markets activities.

Reporting to the Chief Financial Officer, the successful candidate will assume responsibility for the worldwide financial reporting and control process. Key tasks will be to review and develop the monthly reporting and operational accounting activities and to participate in substantial systems development.

Candidates should be qualified accountants, probably aged between 26 - 40, and will probably be working for a Eurobond house or for a leading accountancy firm. Hands-on experience in the capital markets sector is essential.

This will be a stimulating role for an ambitious financial executive and offers good career prospects both within the UK and internationally. The compensation package will be geared to attract the right candidate.

Candidates should write enclosing a full CV and quoting reference MCS/2011 to Milton Ives, Executive Selection Division, Price Waterhouse Associates, Southwark Towers. 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.



Finance Director PUBLIC SCHOOLS GROUP

Yorkshire

Attractive Package

This new position has been created to introduce commercially based financial disciplines into a group of independent schools. The challenge will appeal to qualified accountants, aged 35-55, committed to the principles of private education.

Reporting to the Governors, the appointee must rapidly develop good relationships with the Heads and Bursars of each school. Systems need to be standardised to ensure that accurate management accounting information is generated to strict timescales. A knowledge of mini and micro computer applications would be most useful. Financial forecasting must also ensure the continuous improvement of the facilities within the schools.

Applicants will have the ability and commitment to make a positive contribution to the overall development of this progressive educational group.

Male and female candidates should send a detailed CV or request an application form on 0625 533364 (24 hours) quoting reference 779/FT.

Wickland Westcott Executive Selection/Management Development
Eagle Star House, 16a Alderley Road, Wilmslow, Cheshire SK9 1QX
Tel-106251 532446. * Cartners

FINANCIAL

This is an opportunity to join the top executive team of the CHARITIES AID FOUNDATION which provides to the voluntary sector a range of financial services related to contributions by corporate and individual donors. Financial throughput, now over

A QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT with senior managerial experience is required. Responsibility as financial director includes the continuing development of financial and computer sys Salary negotiable around £18,000.

Preferred age 45/55. Base, Tonbridge, Kent. Please send personal details in confidence to: Geoffrey Elms, CHARITY APPOINTMENTS. 146 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4V4HN.

SENIOR FINANCIAL EXECUTIVES

We are a successful management and bank owned transport and financial services group seeking to realise our unique expansion opportunities by making the following appointments:

CORPORATE FINANCIER who is an outstanding business developer able to demonstrate a merchant banking record of identifying and evaluating acquisition opportunities, negotiating and liaising with professional advisers.

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER with proven business acumen, experienced in introducing and maintaining sound computer-based financial and management accounting and administrative systems.

Charity
Appointments

Finance

Volume Precision Components c. £28,000 + car etc Home Counties

The company is an important and successful subsidiary, part of a well-established group in the electronics manufacturing sector. Turnover is around £20 million. The company operates modern management systems and is highly innovative and growth oriented.

A Finance Director is required to head the total finance function and to contribute directly to the company's further growth by both organic and acquisitional means. As well as having the maturity and skill to direct the financial control function and lead a well qualified finance and DP team the Finance Director will be expected to contribute fully to all aspects of corporate management.

Ideal candidates, 33-42, will be qualified accountants and will be able to demonstrate a record of previous success as the financial controller/director of a substantial business in a similar component manufacturing environment.

Remuneration will consist of basic salary, performance bonus and normal large company benefits.

Please apply in confidence with full career details to Tim Luscombe quoting reference 1526.

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS igers and Co Ltd. One Old Bord St. Landon WIX 3TD. 01-199 881 l

Chief Accountant Offshore Engineering

Scotland

c£20K + 2 litre car

A key company in one of Europe's biggest and most formidable Offshore Fabricating Group now needs to strengthen its financial reporting functions. Reporting to the Divisional Finance Director the Chief Accountant will assume responsibility for organising and administering the complete financial reporting and information systems. This will include a detailed appraisal of all existing systems, identifying areas for action and improvement, devising more effective systems and procedures and implementing the agreed proposals. In short, managing change in the accounting sector.

Candidates, qualified Accountants with not less than 8 years relevant. experience preferably in contracting, construction or heavy engineering will be professionally innovative, display sterling personal qualities and possess a genuine preference for the robust world of offshore fabrication. Preferred age 30-40. Relocation assistance will be available if required.

Please apply in the first place to Paul Sinha (Director), Sinciare Associates, "Speldhurst", Brittains Lane, Sevenoaks, Kent TN13 2NG. 🕿 0752 460203 quoting Ref. No. 5409.

Sinclare Associates Management and Personnel Consultants

London Birmingham Sevenoaks

Manager-Analysis & Review

CENTRAL LONDON

Our client is the major division of a publicly quoted British Group with a rapidly expanding range of interests in the leisure industry.

Due to promotion, the Finance Director now requires an ambitious, young financial executive to work with him on budgets, new projects, management accounting, critical appraisals and reports for senior management, involving close liaison with financial controllers

of the operating companies. The position will appeal to those with a positive commercial approach gained either in a growth oriented industry or from a broad role in the profession, and now seeking career develop-ment in a fast moving business; considerable

scope exists for promotion into line manage ment in a subsidiary.

He/She will be a qualified accountant in their late 20s, preferably degree/ACA, with a strong technical background and the interpersonal skills to make an effective contribution to senior management. The remuneration package will include the

provision of a car and good benefits including removal expenses if necessary Please reply in complete confidence, enclosing full career details, to Mike Hann, Bull Thompson and Associates Limited, Alliance House, 63 St. Martin's Lane, London WC2N 4JX, quoting reference 1015.

Thompson

CORPORATE AND RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Central London

c.£20,000 + car + bonus

One of the fastest growing groups in the leisure industry seeks a commercially minded accountant capable of contributing positively to a young, extroverted and very successful management team. The group's turnover, which is derived from operations in the UK and Continental Europe, is approaching £10 million.

The Financial Controller will be responsible for all financial accounting, management reporting and company secretarial functions and will be expected to maintain and further develop the group's computerised systems. Occasional overseas travel will be involved and there will be opportunities to assist the directors on such matters as property and funding negotiations and the evaluation and establishment of new

Applications are invited from qualified accountants around 30 years of age who have spent several years in a major leisure or retail concern and have direct experience of controlling a multi-outlet cash business.

Please send a comprehensive career résumé, including salary history and day-time telephone number, quoting ref: 2288/FT to G.J. Perkins, Executive Selection

Touche Ross The Business Partners

Hill House 1 Little New Street London EC4A 3TR Tel: 01-353 8011



Accounting and Administration Manager

East London, to £17,000

Our client is a leading American multi-national with extensive interests in the food industry. The position carries full responsibility for the accounting and administration function on a busy production site. The company is about to embark on a heavy capital investment programme and also introduce sophisticated manufacturing control systems. Key responsibilities will be the evaluation and enhancement of the standard costing systems and the effective management and motivation of staff during a period of substantial change. Candidates, ideally in their early 30's, must be qualified and have previous management experience within the finance department in an fmcg or process industry. Career prospects within the group are excellent.

E. Sutton, Ref: 17284/FT. Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Form 01-734 6852, 6th Floor, Sutherland House, 5/6 Argyll Street, LONDON, W1V 1AD.

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accounting and auministrative systems.

Candidates will be fully qualified accountants, ideally aged 27.35 with broad based financial experience, possessing excellent communication skills complemented by dynamism and self motivation to ensure success within this exciting and rapidly changing environment. London based. Terms need not be a limiting factor.

Applicants should write, enclosing a curriculum vitae, to:

The Finance Director Tiger Holdings Limited

Alliance House, London SW1H 0QS

Company Accountant

International capital markets

A rapidly expanding subsidiary of a well-established international bank, our client has a strong presence in the international bond and securities markets and offers a variety of other merchant banking services.

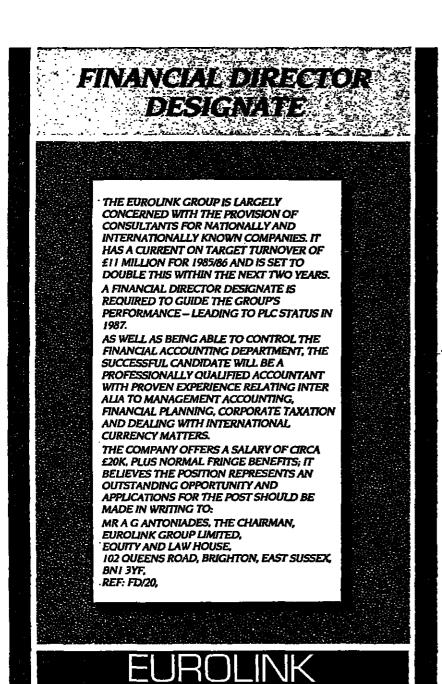
As a result of its recent development and commitment to further growth, the company wishes to recruit a young accountant to be responsible for maintaining and enhancing strict financial controls. In addition to the day to day running of the accounts function, the role involves monitoring the company's cash resources, the development of management information systems and a variety of ad hoc projects. Future prospects need not necessarily be limited to the accounts function.

Candidates should be in their late 20's, with about two years' postqualification experience in the finance sector or with a large firm of accountants. They should be creative in their approach, commercially orientated and able to communicate accounting concepts to

Remuneration: c £18,000 plus car, subsidised mortgage and other banking benefits.

Please write in confidence to Jane Woodward (Ref 5001).





Assistant Financial Controller

Offices Brighton - London - Southernplan - The Francisco

S. London

Renowned worldwide for its quality engineering, our client forms the UK Headquarters of a leading US Group. Following reorganisation, they now require a young Accountant with particular experience in Financial and ideally Contract Accounting.

Reporting to the Financial Controller, you will be responsible for the management of a team preparing monthly and annual financial reports to tight deadlines. You will be specifically responsible for the running and control of the integrated computerised systems which must meet the demands of operational and Financial Management

You will also advise the Controller



c£18,500 + Car

on the implications of changing statutory and corporate reporting requirements and their implementation.

Aged 27/35, and a qualified, probably graduate, Accountant, you must have previously managed staff, and have had at least three years industrial accounting and reporting experience, possibly gained in a US multi-national environment. More important still are the key personality skills you have developed; maturity and ambition, matched by a keen desire for total involvement in this fast moving business.

To apply, please telephone or write to Rebecca Goddard quoting Ref: RG 9620.

International Search and Selection

160 New Bond Street, London W1Y OHR. Telephone: 01-408 1670.

Financial accounting manager

West of London, c£17,000 + fully expensed car



This major manufacturing subsidiary of a multinational is investing substantially in future growth. As a consequence the FD needs an able qualified accountant to

With an overall brief to improve financial systems and controls, you will manage the power house of the accounting function - a department of 25 and computerised systems currently being upgraded. Whilst ensuring that records are maintained accurately and monthly and annual account: produced on time, you will be keenly involved in the implementation of all the new financial packages.

If you are aged 30 plus with experience in an industrial or commercial organisation and strong man management skills, please write enclosing a curriculum vitae and daytime telephone number to Stephen Blaney, Executive Selection Division, Ref. B241.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

Fleetway House, 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AQ

LIFE & PENSIONS **ACCOUNTANT**

Figure in our future

Toc£18,000 package Rural Hampshire TSB Trust Company is a major contender in the Life Assurance, General insurance, Pensions and

Unit Trust fields. Operating mainly on behalf of TSBs 6 million bank customers, the funds under management now stand at some £I billion.

The Company is currently enjoying substantial growth and has exciting plans for development. This expansion has created the following career opportunity for a high-calibre Accountant at our Head Office in Andover Duties will include statutory accounts and returns.

management accounts, budgets. plans and forecasts. Development of the reporting systems to reflect the Company's growth will be required as will the provision of financial and other information as well as ad hoc analysis work to the

Board and other line managers. The role will also involve representing the department on projects relating to the development of new products and systems. Life insurance experience would be an advantage, although not essential.

In return we offer excellent career prospects and a package which includes generous mortgage subsidy non-contributory pension, profit share scheme. Christmas bonus and relocation assistance where appropriate.

To apply, please telephone or write for an application form to: Bill Brewer Assistant Manager-Personnel Personnel Department, TSB Trust Company Limited, Keens House, Andover. Hants, SPI0 IPG. Telephone Andover (0264) 58740.

The Oxford Instruments Group is one of the most successful advanced technology companies. Its Medical Division specialises in the design, production and world-wide sale of sophisticated patient monitoring equipment.

The continued rapid expansion of our European sales organisation based in Wiesbaden, has led to the creation of a new position.

ADMINISTRATIVE MANAGER Europe

The primary responsibilities will be for the financial accounting, treasury and administration functions of the European sales subsidiary based in Germany and its regional sales entities in other European countries. An immediate task will be the implementation of a mini-based computer system recently acquired.

The successful candidate will be a qualified Accountant with at least three years' post-qualification experience in an industrial/commercial environment. Specific 'hands-on' experience of computer systems' implementation is essential, together with fluency in German and English. A good command of French would be an advantage. An attractive salary + benefits package will be offered, as will relocation assistance if

Interviews will be held on 25 June in Oxford and 27/28 June in Wiesbaden. Please apply in writing with Curriculum Vitae as soon as possible, to Penny Collins, Personnel Officer.

Oxford Medical Systems Limited

1, Kimber Road, Abingdon, Oxfordshire. Tel: (0235) 33433

Qualified Accountant for Corporate Treasury Role

North West, c £20,000, Car

Our client is a successful international public Group with substantial resources. The Group's funds are controlled from the UK by a financial services division which contributes significantly to profitability. This new appointment will provide the division with a specialist whose task will be to monitor all cash movements throughout the Group and maximise the benefits of the various currency holdings. It will necessitate close involvement with companies world-wide, evaluating their cash projections and presenting weekly, monthly and annual summaries and commentary. This is a classical treasury role working within a small professional team and one providing real business exposure. Applicants will be qualified accountants aged 28-35, currently working within a Treasury Department of a major commercial/industrial organisation. Fringe benefits are excellent including relocation expenses where appropriate. Career opportunities are

Male or female candidates should submit a comprehensive CV quoting ref: 27386/FT to R.D. Howgate, St. John's Court, 78 Gartside Street, MANCHESTER, M3 3EL, 061 832 3500.

GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Scope, challenge, and opportunities abound in this new appointment. It is with a British group poised for sustained growth - 30% per year to the end of the decade - with eight profit centres including subsidiaries in U.S.A., Germany and Japan. Its manufactured products serve the 'high tech' markets in the industrial advanced countries world-wide.

The challenge is to take total management responsibility for the financial control function. The key task is the establishment and development of the management accounting capability based on computerised management information and control systems. Responsibility is to the Group Finance Director.

A qualified accountant is required with a record of sustained career success based on relevant industrial experience in proce manufacturing (continuous and batch) companies in which tempo is fast and performance standards stringent.

Age: early 30's. Salary indicator is £20,000 with car provided. Location: North East.

Letters from suitably qualified men or women should include a detailed curriculum vitae including salary progression to date which will be handled in confidence by Dr A G Roach

AG ROACH & PARTNERS MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS. 433, EDGWARE ROAD, LONDON W2 ITH

Overseas Financial Controller £18,000 neg

A major British service industry group has a record of profitable growth combined with a reputation for lings, Continuing expa dictated the need for strong financial controls in subsidiary and associated companies.

subsidiary and associated companies.

Reporting to the Financial Director, International, you will supervise the overall efficiency of local accounting functions, ensure that accurate and timely management accounts are produced and consolidated. You will also monitor individual procedures and systems to ensure conformity with national laws and tax practices. Based in Central London, up to 35% travel is involved mainly 2/3 days at a time to Europe but occasionally with longer visits to the Far East, Middle East and Africa. In your late 20's/early 30's, an ACCA/ACMA or ACA with at least two years post qualifying experience in commerce, you will need to have the flexibility of approach and the strength of personality to communicate effectively with local management. A knowledge of French would be an asset in this challenging non audit post.

Please apply to I.M.G. O'Hare, 160 New Bond Street, London W1Y 0HR or telephone 01-629 4226.



Corporate Auditors



Knightsbridge

Texaco, one of the world's leading international oil companies, currently seeks two qualified Accountants to work within the Corporate Audit Department at our U.K. Headquarters. You will be based at Knightsbridge but there will be some U.K. travel.

Reporting to the Department Manager, you will be responsible for preparing preliminary surveys and audit programmes, reviewing and analysing internal operating functions and systems, evaluating test results and progressing audit exceptions.

As you will work in close association with members of management, you must be able to express yourself clearly and present your ideas well. You should have 1-3 years' experience working on internal audit or auditing the accounts of major clients for a large firm of accountants.

Salary will be commensurate with age and experience. If you are interested in these positions, please write, giving full career details, to:

Ms. A. Ellison, Personnel Officer, Recruitment, Texaco Limited, 1 Knightsbridge Green, London SW1 7QJ.

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Finance Director

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from £25,000 + car

Surrey

Our client, a private property development and investment company wishes to appoint a Finance Director. This is a new position and reflects the company's confidence in sustained

The main activities of the post will involve the funding and financing of development projects, investigations into acquisitions including possibilities for further growth and control of the accounting function. The job holder will have an opportunity to make a significant contribution to the management of the company working closely with the Managing Director.

Candidates should be qualified accountants aged 35-45 who Candidates should be qualified accountants aged 35-45 who have a good understanding of commercial realities, preferably with some experience in the property field. They should be independent, self-motivated and prepared to invest time in developing further the company's accounting systems in line with the requirements of this expanding business. Other benefits include car, bonus, pension and life assurance arrangements and health insurance. The working environ-

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Administrative headquarters of the Group are in Worcestershire but the substantive appointment(s) could be located in one of a number of urban centres in the U.K., North America or Europe. Weight will attach to individual preference of both activity and locality.

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London

c£18-20,000

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accounting and imancial control service, uturising sopnisticated computer systems. This is an excellent opportunity for a qualified Chartered or Certified Accountant, probably aged 26-33 who has received formal training and good 'all-round' accounting experience in a professional firm or commercial organisation. Equally important is a experience in a professional firm or commercial organisation. Equally important is a practical approach and the capacity to liaise effectively with management at a senior practical approach and the insurance industry is not essential.

A competitive salary will be accompanied by a range of benefits that you would expect from a leading firm.

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The salary offered will reflect qualifications, experience and board-level potential. Benefits are those normally associated with a large, forwardlooking organisation and include a generous contribution towards relocation

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Confidential Reply Service: Please write with full C.V. quoting reference 1957/SS on your envelope, listing separately any companies to whom you do not wish your details to be sent. C.V.'s will be forwarded directly to our client who will be conducting the interviews. Charles Barker Recruitment Limited, 30 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4EA.

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Please write or telephone for an application form to:- Shell International Petroleum Company Limited, Recruitment Division (FT) PNEL/23, Shell Centre, London SE1 7NA. Telephone 01-934 6966.



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Computer Services

(Ref. 41) — to further develop the use of computer techniques in all aspects of professional activity and co-ordinate their implementation (Ref. 42) — to further develop the use of appropriate tax techniques and methods, in particular computerised systems, and co-ordinate their implementation.

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development of the National Partnership. To meet the unique demands of each appointment will require self starters with the presence, tact and diplomacy necessary to generate the credibility which will lead to success in a professional environment committed to excellence. It is anticipated that only graduate Chartered Accountants, between the ages of 35 and 45, with extensive relevant experience and a successful record of achievement in the profession, will possess all of these attributes. Additionally, a recognised tax qualification is desirable for the tax appointment and relevant micro and mini computer experience of in-house systems for the computing appointment. Please write in the first instance submitting a concise curriculum vitae and quoting the appropriate

Peter Childs, Pannell Kerr Forster Associates, New Garden House 78 Hatton Garden London EC1N 8JA

Pannell Kerr Forster Associates

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Greater Manchester

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An attractive salary and benefits package is offered. Relocation expenses if appropriate will be negotiable. Please write providing full details, and quoting reference FDS585, to:-

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* Probably currently earning at least £25,000 pa

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GEORGE WIMPEY PLC



Group Chief Accountant

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bution of fresh food. It has a proven track record of achievement and following its recent flotation has

This is a new position based at Charteris in Cambridgeshire and there will be some opportunity for overseas travel. The incumbant will report to the Financial Director and actively participate in the growth, development and organisation of the Group. As well as the production of Group financial and management accounts, this individual will be responsible for one of the operating divisions. Only the skills and experience of the successful candidate are the constraints to a board level appointment in the forseeable future.

Suitable candidates will be qualified Accountants in their late 20's or 30's with relevant experience in a profit oriented commercial environment, Knowledge of company taxation would be an added advantage. Essentially they should have the potential to benefit from the opportunities available for increased responsibility and personal growth. Starting salary will reflect the importance of this role as well as the skills and experience of the appointed candidate. A company car will be provided. Candidates should send a detailed C.V., in confidence, to Anne Campbell (reference 63), Spicer and Pegler Associates, Executive Selection, St. Mary Axe, London EC3A8BJ.



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Reporting to the Financial Controller at the London Head Office, the Port Financial Controllers will be responsible for the complete financial control of local operations, for day to day accounting matters and the implementation of new computer systems. They will also be expected to make a major contribution towards meeting the new management reporting requirements arising from the new decentralised organisation. Candidates should be practical accountants with good post-qualification experience in

Please send comprehensive career resume, including salary history and day-time telephone-number, quoting ref: 2289/FT to W.L. Tait, Executive Selection Division.

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OVERSEAS NEWS

Anthony Robinson on the limited room for manoeuvre for car manufacturers in a small market

South African cars in a tight corner

PORT ELIZABETH was once PORT ELIZABETH was once the Detroit of southern Africa, the economic hub of a thriving Eastern Cape Province where the car plants and component makers supplied 60 per cent of the South African car market and exported to the Portuguese and British colonies to the north.

But the 1960s also coincided both with the entry of Japanese car companies—or rather the assembly of Japanese cars by local licensees—and industrial decentralisation policies aimed at attracting labour-intensive industries, like car assembly, to the borders of the newly created black homelands.

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In part, the region's problems stem from the nationwide lurch from boom in the first half of 1984 to sharp recession under the impact of a rise in the prime rate to touch 25 per cent, a 50 per cent rise by stages in general sales tax to 12 per cent, and the abolition of business tax concessions, the main impact of which has been felt by the automobile industry.

The South African car market peaked in 1981 at sales of 301,000. This year the industry expects to sell only 210,000—back to the levels of 1976. Only three of the country's 10 manufacturers.

Industrial triangle around Johannesburg, where high income consumers account for more than 60 per cent of the national market.

But most of the other relative newcomers to the South African manufacturers — Toyota, Mercedes Benz and BMW expect to make a profit this

Yet the problems are more structural than cyclical and nowhere are they more acute than in Port Elizabeth, birthplace of the industry.

More than 20 years ago, the government introduced legislation designed to boost components by insisting on a 66 per cent local content by weight. This reduced the advantages of being close to a major port and shifted the emphasis to proximity to the steelworks on the Reef which produced the steel, the heaviest single ingredient.

both to the major mainer to update their models or introduce new product lines. But he major mainer to update their models or introduce new product lines. But he major mainer to update their models or introduce new product lines. But he major mainer to update their models or introduce new product lines. But he major mainer intention of quitting the South African market. But the writing is on the wall.

Last year Ford entered into negotiations with Amear, the producers like Ford, General Motors and Volkswagen the corporation (Amic) subsidiary extra locational costs of Port Elizabeth run at about R 150 of Sigma, assembled an odd

north.

That was in the 1950s: today the Ford, General Motors and Volkswagen plants run at little more than haif capacity, the harbour is half empty, unemployment and unrest are rife in the surrounding black townships, and Port Elizabeth has become the "ghost on the coast."

In part the region's marklam.

Toyota, which through its locally-owned licensee has cap-tured nearly 25 per cent of the car market and become one of South Africa's industrial success South Africa's industrial success stories of recent years, decided to set up in Durban. This gave it both easy access to imported motors, drive shafts and components and a relatively short distance from the Pretoria Witwatersrand Vereeniging (PWV) industrial triangle around Johannesburg, where high income

But most of the other relative newcomers to the South African motor industry — BMW, Alfa Romeo, Nissan, Peugeot and others—decided to base their operations in so-called "decentralisation areas" on the Reef close to the homelands, where they enjoy labour; capital and tax incentives, and proximity both to the major market and to locally produced steel.

The cost nenglin attached to



BMW, with a plant at Rosslyn, is one of the few manufac-turers which expects profits this year.

(£75) per car—or R 10m per mixture of Peugeot, Mitsubishi, year in the case of General Mazda and other models at a modern, custom built plant at Afflicted by an increasing Silverton, East of Pretoria.

Motors alone.

Afflicted by an increasing sense of isolation and intense competition for sales in a small market, with the 10 manufacturers producing an extraordinary proliferation of models, both Ford and General Motors—which started out as importers of fully assembled cars and assemblers of imported kits in the 1920s—have limited their investment in recent that fooling up needed modern, custom punt press.

The link was made official is last month with the creation of n a Ford-Anglo American joint n company called Samcar, Ford operation, has taken a minority operation, has taken a minority full the bulk of managerial talent, under Mr Spencer Stirling, the managing director.

The aim of the merger is to cars and assemblers of imported kits in the 1920s—have limited their investment in recent years to the tooling up needed to update their models or introduce new product lines. Both emphatically deny their intention of quitting the South African market. But the writing is on the wall.

battle to persuade potential customers that it will remain a fixture in the South African motor industry. The Struandale plant, after working a reduced week for several months, shut completely for five weeks at the end of May because of fall-ling demand.

Nearby. General Motors is planing its hopes are

pinning its hopes on a recent R40m investment in new equip-ment to build the revamped Kadett small car in addition to its existing range of German-designed Opels.

The same is true, though for different reasons, at Volkswagen in nearby Ultenhage. This industrial town 25 miles from Port Flighbeth become the

from Port Elizabeth became the

from Port Elizabeth became the centre of world attention three months ago when police shot and killed 19 black marchers on the anniversary of the Sharpeville massacre of March 1960.

Volkswagen has just completed a R210m three-year investment programme both in new plant and new equipment, which has left it with what is probably the most modern car plant in South Africa and the only fully integrated facility. It operates the full cycle from the linitial pressing shops, through a completely modernised assembly operation for the new Golf and Jetta ranges to a new R35m automated paint shop, warehouse and product engineering facilities.

engineering facilities.
The Golf/Jetta line is one of The Golf/Jetta line is one of few assembly lines in the industry working a five-day week (although the Audi line is working short time). VW's share of the depressed market is about 15 per cent—up from 9 per cent before the new models came on line. on line.

The aim of the merger is to cut costs by rationalising production. Peugeot, which has seen its share of the market slump from a peak of 6 per cent to about 1 per cent is being At this stage VW, with high slump from a peak of 6 per cent to about 1 per cent, is being unceremoniously dumped from the Samcar product range while Ford is closing its 1948-vintage Neave assembly plant in Port Elizabeth with the loss of more than 1,500 jobs.

Ford is facing an uphill

At this stage VW, with high depreciation charges on its new investment, is also losing money. But it argues that, in recession, cash flow is more important than profit, while a rising market share is a good sign for its long-term future in a market which eventually, it believes, will be reduced to

three major producers—Toyota, Mercedes Benz and Volkswagen itself-with a few specialist companies like BMW. It is a view of the future

which will bring little comfort to the likes of Ford-Samcar, General Motors and the others struggling to survive on low volumes, highly diversified pro-duct lines, and high costs. But this analysis does not take into account the financial muscle and deep pockets of Anglo American Corporation behind Samcar nor that of the Afrikaner insurance and finance group Sanlam which recently took over the Nissar franchise. Both seem prepared for the long haul and there are those, like GM's Mr Lou Wilking, who fear that the two mains South

fear that the two major South African groups will further distort the market by applying subtle pressures on their subsidiary companies to buy the products of their respective car subsidiaries. Given high investment, demands on management time, and uncertain returns from the South African operations of most car and truck manufacturers, their persistence in such a difficult market remains something of a mystery.

The reasons most emmonly

The reasons most commonly given for remaining are the need to protect existing investments and faith that one day the long-awaited boom in black purchasing power will open up major growth in a world otherwise dominated by mature replace-ment markets, and the hope that political developments will once again allow South Africa to become the manufacturing centre for the whole of Southern

Africa. In the light of the continuing turmoil in the black townships and the blow to South Africa's standing with its neighbours after the bungled military operation to blow up the Gulf Oil installation in Casinda, both assumptions look increasingly like wishful thinking.

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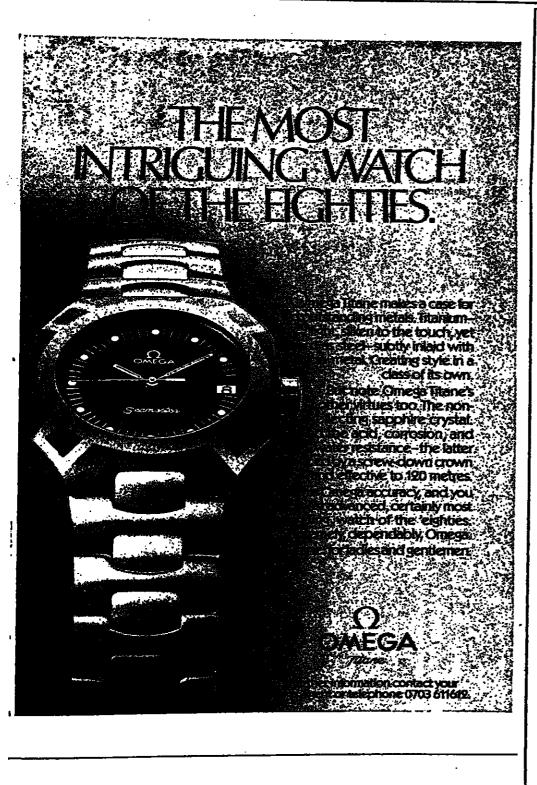
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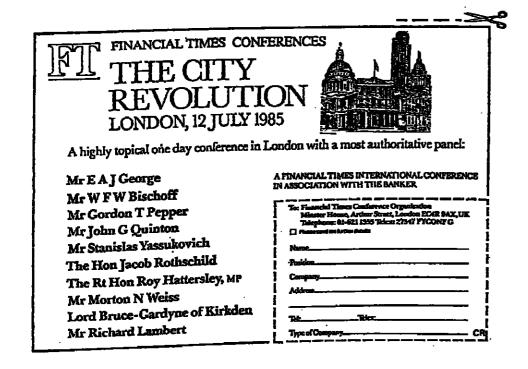
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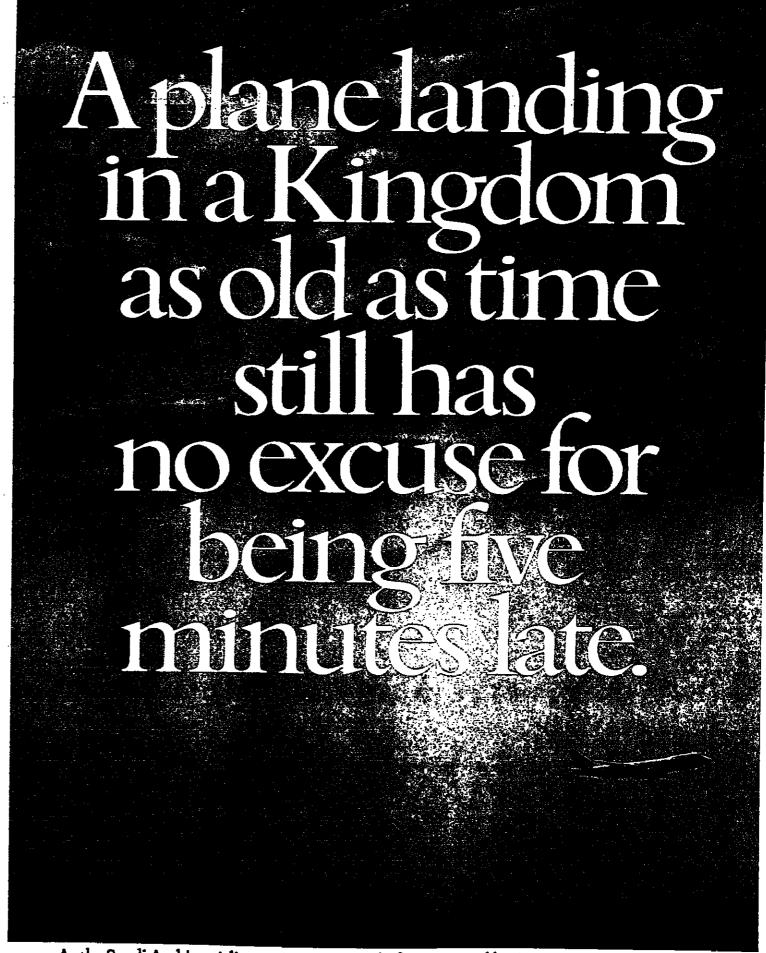
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Painting/David Piper

Through the grey, behold a Venetian summer

Summer in southern England threatened to be over in only the first three, though truly flaming, days of June. It was then quenched by remorseless grey rain; but sheltering from that led to the exhibitariting experience of discovering that in the top gallery at Agnew's in the top gallery at Agnew's of Bond Street, Venetian summer prevailed with effort-less and radiant insouciance,

Venetian Eighteenth Century Pointing (Mondays to Fridays, to July 19) is part stock, part to July 19) is part stock, part loans from public and private collections, and its catalogue is sold in aid of the Venice in Peril Fund, Although we know only too well that Venice is sinking into its shifting waters, the assurance and the sunlit expression of the pleasure of life with which most of the paintings and prints here welcome visitors must encourage them to support her, to believe that all will be well and must remain so.

Yet, the political social and economic reality of Venice in the 18th century was degenerating to the point, in 1797, where mg to the point, in 1797, where Mapoleon was able to pluck her oace glorious independence as Queen of the Adriatic with no trouble at all. Nevertheless, the visible surface was still incandescent with beauty; an international centre for the international centre for the pursuit of pleasure: carnivals, masques, regattas, gambling. The staple of an apparent prosperity was the up-market courtesans of legendary expertise, theatre, opera (seven full-time opera houses), plus magical architecture rooted in time opera houses), plus magical architecture rooted in the shimmering dream of the lagoon. And by the painters.

The heroic age of Venetian painting—as saluted recently in the noble exhibition at the noble exhibition at the Royal Academy—was obviously the 16th century; Giorgione, Titian, Tintoretto, Veronese, In the 17th century, Venice did not produce major masters to that had persisted through the 17th century. rank among the giants of the 17th century.

Thence, however, the mood to the monumental geniuses of lightens into the characteristic the great period, the painters key set by light, skies, aerial in the 18th century for long space, water and gesture. Mytho-



Tiepolo's apotheosis of Admiral Pisani at Agnew's of Bond Street

logical scenes (and, indeed, biblical ones) persist, of course, but brought down to earth— perhaps rather down to the appeared lightweight, if not purely frivolous. But then, for a time, so did all rococo art. Decorative, yes; serious, no. stage—while the dominant theme is the celebration of Venetian townscape by her painters. Before that, however, The earliest painting in Agnew's show (of somewhat let me glance at one or two rather different subjects. There is an astonishingly louche "Penitent Magdalen" by Piazetta, brooding half-naked over a crucifix in a grotto, observed from top left in a shaft of light by two putti, The senior putto, censorious, is clearly expound-ing to an undesirably fascinated

study for a ceiling painting of few perhaps as comprehensively an apotheosis. A legendary as the Russell family whose loot Venetian hero, Admiral Pisani, from Canaletto can still be seen in the dining room of empyrean Olympus by a most seductively welcoming Venus. They ride their cloud with be-witching elegance. This little painting is a miracle of broken Woburn).

Several of the most talented, though, found that Venice was not always able to sustain them. If trade fell off or local patronage did not suffice, they travelled, as did the Riccis, Tiepolo himself, Canaletto, Bellotto, Canaletto, came to Eng. lotto. Canaletto came to England; and although his later pictures here are of variable quality (provoking, even in Lonrumours that a pseudo of course, purveyed to the tourist trade—higher quality souvenirs for the tripper have Canaletto was at large), his best are comparable to his finest of are comparable to his finest of any period, perhaps those finished entirely by his own hand when he had no studio help.

painted a set of views, two of which (sold from the castle itself) were the subject of a famous salvage operation mounted a few years ago by the Birmingham City Art Gallery. Another one, of the south front of the castle, is at Agnew's (formerly at Heyer); it is comparable in quality as in mood, and no less animated under a screne sky of lucent blue (perhaps tinged with memories of Venetian climate) with sprightly detailed incident, Canaletto's larger figures, in

For Warwick Castle he

his foregrounds, suggest that polite social intercourse is a continuous form of operatic dia logue, a melodic interchange of compliment; while those in the distance—mere calligraphic jot-tings, swirls and staccato dots of pure brilliant colour—acti-vate the landscape and the grey walls of the castle like grace notes against the formal struc-ture of a score. And the weather, of course, is always

The Guardi family seem have been content to work in Venice throughout their careers, artisans in all branches of their trade, modest and proli-fic. Francesco, the finest of them, might have been some-what overvalued at first when what overvalued at first when later critical attention concentrated on him, but at his own best he is the most haunting of all the painters of Venice. He is admirably represented in this exhibition. With him, indeed, the weather's serentry becomes troubled, moody. His capriccios can become romantically nostalaja in way they capriccios can become roman-tically nostalgia in way they never quite are with Canaletto, the brushwork open and free, often suggesting rather than describing. The buildings of Venice sometimes shimmer from his brush as if themselves reflections. A grand view of

leads into an unsuspected world of delights: space, comfort and wholesome food to start with, over another drink, massage and a vast picture window that or manicure; the waitress inexplicably looks on to a rural yearns for self-fulfilment in good riverbank of impossibly lush works. Discomforting facts progreen peace. The art gallery and einema the art gattery and cinema being otherwise occupied, the theatre currently plays host to I Used to Like This Place Before They Started Making All Those Renovations, the latest offering of the American Section I I are a section of the American Section I are a section I are a section of the American Section I are a section I a Festival. It is performed by Theatre X, a young company from Milwaukee Though described as "holdreflections. A grand view of the Dogana and the Salute has a tope almost of clouded pew-ter. But, always, the paint itself conveys that quality of freedom and delight with which, surely, it was applied, Though described as "holding up a mirror to American
society today," the clients who
lament the refurbishment of
their favourite bar with brass gence typical of the best
and leather ("This old place
will never be the same") might
occasionally be British, When
the hostess, "lovely and talented fessional technique. Ms Coker,
Lily" (Flora Coker), urges
us: "We're desperate, so buy already lived-in Alice Faye.

Lily" (Flora Coker), urges looking like a very young but us: "We're desperate, so buy already lived-in Alice Faye, drinks," I wonder uneasily if puts over a number of songs this is a gentle comment on how (music by Henk van der much, or little, the old world Meulen) the best of which' has to offer. Elsewhere the staff and cus-

tomers form a very American lyricism of Sondheim. John group, from the journalist con-Kishline's journalist, reminiscducting interviews for a magazine called Stress to the neurotic waitress whose screaming isola-tion alternates with lugubrious obsorbing. The ac-lor, in sorties into the stalls to offer the audience drinks, or as with panies the songs at the piano.

ing about a strict Roman Catholic adolescence, makes the Elijah/Festival Hall

Richard Fairman

Mendelssohn's Elijah has replies. But even here the full long lost the fanatic popularity frenzy of a pagan rite was just of its Victorian era. This Tueskept respectfully at arm's day evening performance by the length. Orchestra under Seiji Ozawa pervaded the evening. Tempi (not always those expected) Orchestra under Selji Uzawa pr., under Selji Uzawa was the first of two—a repeat (not always those expected, follows tonight—and the hall were solidly set and adhered was not full despite the to; and rhythms were trenpresence of a worthy quartet chantly delivered, especially by the enthusiastic timpanist. Only the final scenes, as Elijah

David Rommell, bartender, massages John Kishline, a customer, in Theatre X's "Renovations"

Renovations/Brentford Martin Hoyle

The Watermans Art Centre is your correspondent, a towel to

change into. Familiar attitudes and pre-

occupations emerge. The journalist's idealism curdles

into sardonic bitterness; the soignee divorcee (Deborah Clifton, striking and stylish) "just wants to be happy"

vide a counterpoint. The num-ber of babics born with congeni-

tal defects has doubled: the

sperm count of the average university student has decreased

by 60 per cent, attributable, among other things, to television, though "some sperm seem to handle it" (presumably

critics in the making).
What saves these unexception-

able themes from staleness is the light touch both of John

"Hey, puffy eyes, your face is looking older," has the harsh

a heartening oasis in the dingy wastes of Brentford High

Street. A modern red building, as austerely inhuman as the

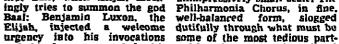
stark commercial blocks around it, like Alice's looking glass it

So many people today regard in the final scenes, as Elijah the work as sanctimonious that ascends in his chariot to heaven, did the performance take off in the less literal sense it is interesting to look back at earlier comments. Mendelssohn himself hated performances of Elijah that were pretty, heartless, flat or unintelligent and declared that they gave his music "a sort of amiable expression" that sent him mad with rage. What the 20th century finds cosy, the composer

Ozawa's performance was not flat or unintelligent, but it was not really exciting either. The best of it came in the impres-

and then at last we had some of the "go and swing" so much admired by Mendelssohn at the work's first performance.
The soloists provided mixed blessings. The tenor Robert Tear, was the only one to colour the words with imagination, but he spoiled his singing with

some clumsy scooping up to higher notes. Soprano Edith Wiens and mezzo Alfreda Hodgson, for all their sive scene at the end of the competence, worked on an first half, when Elijah mock-unimpressively small scale. The



Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

In 1885 Czar Alexander III of auction of medium quality Russia asked Faberge to make Victorian pictures which a magnificent jewel in the shape realised £641,586 with 24 per a magnificent jewel in the snape of an Easter egg as a seasonal present to his wife. Thus was begun a tradition which was counted for vendors fixing continued by his son, Nicholas higher reserves on their pictures than the market can change in particular the landwere produced, and one was stand. In particular the land-sold on Tuesday at Sotheby's in scapes of James Webb were out York for \$1,760,000

This was the Cuckoo Egg, so called because of the singing Rhine went up to £8,500.

the eastern half of the U.S. Ends

of favour and three of his paintings were bought in. although the bidding on a castle on the

bird automaton which sur-mounts it. The egg was com-missioned by Nicholas II at the Cheshire hunt painted by Easter-time, 1900, as a gift for George Kilburne. They are fresh either his wife or his mother, and untouched and will prob-It is one of only three to appear ably end up in the U.S. A. & F. at auction in the past 50 years Gordon, the London dealers, and the price was a record for bought a portrait by Charles Faberge for a Russian work of Barber entitled "Blond and art and for any object of Brunette" for £18,700. It virtue.

actually depicts Princess The successful buyer was Victoria Alberta in 1879. Site Malcolm Forbes of Forbes Maga- was a granddaughter of Queen

remainder are in American for a bronze sculpture of Circe museums. The golden Cuckoo by the Australian sculptor Sfr Egg. 20.3 cm high, was sold by Edgar MacKennal, and £13,200 Mr and Mrs Bernard C. Solomon for "The Coming Race," a of Beverly Hills. The price was puppy picture. Another London no great surprise given the dealer. McConnell Muson, rarity of the item and its bought a still life of fruit and a intrinsic value. goblet of wine by Edward



This is the new post-Shepard, you might also say sub-Shepard, school of urban, rural and emotional disjunction, of heightened naturalism and low-key hysteria; this author, William Mastrosimone, and Marsha 'Night, mother Norman are the arch exponents. It is crude, throwback aggressive stuff and, in Mastrosimone's case, it throbs with a vaguely unpleasant sexual violence.

The Woolgatherer is his first piece and I must say I warm slightly to the plays as I catch up with them in reverse chronological order.

It is certainly given the works by George Irving, one of our best unsung lithe but sluggish actors, and the richly talented Kate Look. Terry oddiess: Miss Lock contoring of the wante of the redeminantly suffering another convulsive female cast about a regiment scratching fit and Mr Irving of the Second World War Land releasing a stoned account of Army stationed in West York-life on the road with the sure shire. aim of one who, at last caught off-guard, is revealed as a born

The Woolgatherer/Lyric Studio

Michael Coveney

The setting in the Lyric The virginal Rose has been Studio, Hammersmith, is a boarded-up room in Philadelphia where the previous flock of cranes. She jumpily incumbent, not surprisingly, wards off an overture with a hanged herself. Rose, a bleat of being haemophiliac waltress in the five-and-dime, (asking for and receiving the is nervously entertaining Cliff, a stranded truck driver with a bite you"). Cliff, another Pacino punchy line in "heys." member of the endangered expletives and slick wisecrack human species has a wooden expletives and slick wisecrack human species, has a wooden ("Beer makes you smart." leg, although you would never "Huh?" "It made Budweiser.") know it by Mr Irving's easeful occupation of the bed. as Rose says, from a nosey land-

lady, but from a eupboard full of wool sweaters. Violence, capitulation and delicately pitched confessions, both actors on their knees, follow in good time, Whatever else may happen to the characters after we leave them, they'll sure have enough knitwear to snuggle up in come the Phila-

colour and consummate fluent draughtsmanship, and conveys

illimitable aerial space in a matter of inches.

The local scene painters include Marieschi, Canaletto, Bel-

lotto (Canaletto's nephew), and Francesco Guardi. All of these,

British Museum/Wolfson Galleries

Gerald Cadogan

THE NEW Wolfson Galleries of Greek and Roman sculpture and inscriptions at the British Museum are an impressive dis-play of the breadth of the museum's collections and give a lively sense of the classical world. The storerooms have been virtually emptied and their contents are on show, which is an excellent policy, observed also, for instance, in the new Egyptian galleries in the Metropolitan Museum in New York and in the Mellon Cepter for British Art at Yale.

Many of the pieces came from Italy and were acquired in the 18th century by Charles Townley, After his death they passed to the Museum by Act of Parliament in 1805. Townley had a fine collection

of statues, heads, reliefs and The Of funerary chests. Their new later 6 display is packed, as it should Lydian be, whisking you into the for it.

world of collectors on the Grand Tour. It does justice to Zoffany's painting (in the Townley Hall Art Gallery at Burnley) of

Townley in his library, with a dog at his feet, and surrounded by his treasures, which can be recognised at the museum. The recognised at the museum. The prize piece of the collection was his last major purchase (in 1791), a copy of Myron's Discus Thrower of the 5th century BC coming from Hadrian's Villa at Tiyoli.

De not miss a noble pair of complete and the last of the last of

greyhounds, of the 1st or 2nd centuries and restored - like

so many of the pieces — in the 18th century, Among the origi-nal Greek pieces are fragments of both the Old and the New Temples of Artemis at Ephesus The Old Temple dated from the later 6th century BC and the Lydian king Croesus helped pay

Texaco/NYT playwriting competition awards

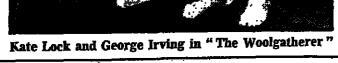
sluggish actors, and the richly talented Kate Look. Terry playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of support of the National Youth Theatre playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweets factory who numbers of the playwriting competition sponsor in a sweet sponsor in a sweet sponsor in a sweet sponsor in a of the Second World War Land
Army stationed in West Yorkshire.

Second prize (£2,000) has gone to Adrian Smith for Amay From the Slaughterhouse Place. Marius Brill, 20, colleg-

The first prize of £3,000 in which deals with a disaffected ted the Most Promising prize the National Youth Theatre rebellion led by an employee of £500 for Frikzhan, an angry two-hander for a white unem-ployed ex-policeman and the black DHSS clerk to whom he must answer. The adjudicating panel chaired by Michael Croft, com-

prised the actress Paula Wilcox, the directors Bryan Forbes and Charles Sturridge, the critic Michael Coveney and the writer Christopher Short (last year's winner),

June 7–13



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lated; June 13, 1985

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Arts Guide Exhibitions

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Gropius Bau, Stressmannstr.

110 Berlin 61; Treasures of the Forbidden (Lities. Timed to coincide with this year's Berlin Horizon 85, the Peking Palace museum is coming to Europe for the first time, with roughly 120 works covering 3500 years of Chinese history. The exhibition in Berlin includes gold, and Jade, paintings, porcelain, musical instruments and calligraphs. Ends Angust 18.

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Thesire/Wednesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

rative, surrealist expressionist, but as an artist who has come at last in-

to his own, as younger peinters have come round again to the hu-men figure as the central, creative preoccupation. As the subject mat-ter is now more acceptable, so his peculiar and tormented re-invention peculiar and tormented re-invention and reconstitution of the figure no longer shocks. Ends Aug 18.

rains. Croses and Emis Jun 20, rench masters of the 19th and 20th cambries: Degas, Van Gogh, Bonnard and Duffy are represented in this typically fine Robert Schmit display. Galerie Schmit, 396 Rue Saint-Honore.

Venice, Palazzo Fortuny: Toys for the science-fiction era, showing how vastly more sophisticated robots have become, since first produced in

Rome, Galleria Carlo Virgilio, Via del-la Lapa 10. Anton Sminek Van Pit-

loo (1791-1887): 27 landscapes in oil of Naples and surroundings of ex-

Naples and surroundings of ex-ptional quality and charm. Pitlood left Holland with a Prix de

the 1950s. Ends Jul 14.

August 18.

*** August 18.

*** August 18.

*** August 18.

*** August 17: The new museum opens with an exhibition of Turkish culture and art from the October 18. ones Tissut: A postalgic evocation of the charms of Edwardian life, with his fashion-plate perfection in renman empire. 500 works are on loss, ranging from 15th-19th century. The show includes glass, carpets, ceramies, miniatures and weapons. Ends dering ladies' rustling dresses and beautiful hats, surrounded by attentive dandles at various social occasions. This show arrives in Paris from the Barbican, London. Petit Palais. Closed Mon. Ends Jun 30,

BRUSSELR

Hotel Metropolo is celebrating its 90th year and in its splendid fin de stècle public areas, worth a visit in themselves, they are exhibi-ting glass and objets d'art from the Belle Epoque in Art Nouveau including works by Wouters, Galle and Dann. Also on show are a collection of illustrated menu cards including a Press Bar-quet in 1893, Congo in 1898 and Sarah Bernhardt in 1898. Ends

The Tate Gallery: Francis Bacon, Brit-

age of 76 of a second full retrospec-tive exhibition at the Tate, 20 years after his reputation as an artist of world standing was first put beyond all doubt. Now we see him no longer as a unque and extraordinary figu-rative, surrealist expressionist, but Rome, and after study in Paris and Rome, settled in Naples and taught at the Accademia Borbonica, He had considerable influence on the had considerable influence on the development of Neapolitan land-scape peinting. Several of his works have schoes of Corot and of Turner, both of whom visited Italy during 1828, Ends June 14.

Florence Museo Archeologico (Piazza SS. Annunziata) - The Etraspan Civilization: This is the first of a long series of exhibitions to mark. The Year of the Etruscan and shows the results of the most recent research into the Etruscan world. A useful history of this civilization's birth, development and decline, Ends Oct 20.

birth, develo Ends Oct 20.

NETHERLANDS Paul Klee at the Commanderie van

Sint-Jan Museum in Nijmegen. 69 paintings, watercokours and drawings covaring the years 1968-39 on loan from the holdings of the Kunstsammung Nordrhein-Westfalen. Ends Jun 23.

Vienna 1878-1838: Dream and Reality:
The greatest names of the Vienness finds siècle – Klimt, Otto Wagner, Schiele, Kokoshka, Aldolf Loos, Josef Hoffman – in a dazzing display of Jugendstill creative genius. The attempt to integrate the artistic achievements of this era with philosophical developments (notably osophical developments (notably Wittgenstein but also Frend) and political transformations (the engargence of municipal socialism on the ruins of Baroque splendour) is ambitious and only partly successful. The complex tension between autocratic and censored reality on the one hand and the illusious or fantages.

of individual artists on the other is hinted at but not fully explored. A high point of the show is a reconstruction of Hoffman's room at the sacession exhibition of 1902. Here, triumphantly restored, is Klimt's fifty-foot Beethoven frieze depicting humanity's progress through suffering to loy on the theme of the Ninth Symphony. Displayed exactly as intended, this alone is worth a special visit. Kımstlerhaus, Ends October 6.

NEW YORK letropolitan Museum: 30 objects from the period between the 1851 Crystal Palace Exhibition to the

1900 World Fair in Paris demon-strate the shows theme of Revivals and Explorations in European de-corative arts, Ends Sept 5. WASHINGTON National Gallery. Ancient Art of the American Woodland Indians in-choices 151 pieces covering 5,000 years of sculpture, ceramics, copper and shall objects of the native Americans who lived in what is now the section body of the LLS forty

Aug 4. National Gallery (West Bldg): 38 old master paintings from the Dulwich Picture Gallery are exhibited under chaing works by Remhrandt, Van Dyck, Canaletto and Gainsborough. Ends Sept 2. the title Collection for a King, in-

CHICAGO

Art Institute: Though Edouard Manet made etchings primarily to repro-duce and publicize his paintings, he developed a unique style as shown in the 27 stehings in this special ex-hibit of more than a third of his total and the chorus responded with writing in any major choral some dynamic, attacking work.

(£1,375,000).

rine. He now owns 11 of the Victoria and the mother of Lord Easter eggs as against the 10 in Louis Mountbatten. the Kremlin. The Queen Another London dealer, possesses two, and most of the Whitford Hughes, paid £16.500

ntrinsic value. Roblet of wine by Edward Solheby's in London held an Ladell for £14,080.

system."

all along—that the core of the system is the examination system. In a perverse way,

OTB has demonstrated the effectiveness of our examination

The attached chronology of events leading up to the col-

lapse suggests the regulators were more on top of the crisis than many realised during the

crisis hours last week. They arguably acted more decisively, and more openly, than the Bank

of England when Johnson Matthey crashed early this

year.
"We were successful in

perverse sort of way," Mr Fell commented yesterday. "Events

showed that the examination

had been thorough—as tough as anywhere in the world. The trouble was that at the end of an examination of a bank, you would expect to find granite at

the middle. In the case of OTB me mudie. In the case of OTB, we found a rotten core."

In the wake of this "perverse success," the Government is likely to be able to push through

with greater ease the more con-troversial of its proposals for improved supervision. The package of reforms includes:

Full monthly statistical

returns from banks, with specific disclosure of bene-ficiaries of loans over a certain

auditors, who are being encouraged to test management and

improvements.

Improved measures of liquidity and of capital adequacy. A risk-assets ratio of about 10 per cent is being considered, which would provide the banking commission with

losses being sustained and their quantum." It was the lack of such a measure that left the commission without the proper

early warnings ahead of OTB's

amount.

improvements.

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Thursday June 13 1985

Gorbachev's gamble

sion, he told a conference of key would get more autonomy. In party officials and industry short, the whole planning proparty officials and industry short, the whole planning pro-managers, was to try to reverse more than a decade of slacken-ing output, deteriorating quality and increasing waste in Soviet actory floor, at the sharp end factory floor. It is factory floor at the sharp end for two two towards those on the factory floor, at the sharp end for two two towards those on the factory floor. At the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor, at the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor. At the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor, at the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor. At the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor, at the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor. At the sharp end for two towards those on the factory floor, at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor, at the sharp end factory floor, at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor, at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor. At the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor at the sharp end factory floor.

after some six years of drift due to the illness of his three predecessors in the Kremlin, he has a popular mandate to effect change. The rot, he complained tne early 1970s. The Soviet ing materials and petrochemiconomy had become extravagant. It was the world's biggest steel producer, yet because of waste and old fashioned design rationalisation of the proliferations was chronically short of metal. was no longer a trademark that sold many civil industrial goods in the world. Imported tech-nology was poorly used. Invest-ment was squandered, even bringing poor returns in parts of resource-rich Siberia.

Streamlining

All this criticism is a new variant on an old theme, but harder hitting than ever before. The Soviet leader hinted at many changes in his speech this week, but his substantive reforms boiled down to two. For the shorter term, more money should be spent on re-constructing and modernising old factories rather than build-ing new plant. Indeed Mr Gorbachev's chief complaint with the existing draft plan for the next five years was that it should raise the share of total capital investment going to reconstruction from one third to one half. This is an eminently sensible correction to the natural bias of the Soviet building industry to measure its plan fulfilment in " green field " con-struction alone.

The other change Mr Gorbachev foreshadowed is far more wide-ranging: streamlining of the many-layered central planning system. Gosplan, the all-union planning committee, should confine itself to setting strategic priorities. Neither Gosplan nor even individual ministries, which in future should focus on long term planning and technical innovation, could hope to supervise home of orthodox communism every detail of production. and the largest country in the "Big economic complexes," world to tackle. But Mr Gorbawhich Mr Gorbachev did not define, might be set up to take

A facelift for

the ECGD

given the insurance agency a clean bill of health. It com-ments, for example, that "the

present senior management structure does not work effec-

tively." But given the scale of the deterioration of the depart-ment's finances, its criticism is hardly seathing and its pro-posed reforms are hardly earth-

It was never likely that the

internal review would propose radical changes. The Govern-ment turned its back on root-

ment turned its back on rootand-branch reform of the lossmaking ogency last year when
it rejected the advice of an
independent review body it had
set up. In 1884, the Matthews
report argued that the ECGD
would never become fully
responsive to the market and
efficiently run while it remained
a Government department.
As a free-standing corpora-

As a free-standing corpora-tion, it was argued, the ECGD

might begin to behave more

like the insurance company it really is. It would be released

from close Treasury supervision and be more able to reject particular risks and adjust premiums in the light of chang-

The Matthews solution may

not have been ideal. It may not have struck the right balance

between public accountability and flexibility of operation— although it has to be said that

at the time many, including the

CBI, were strong supporters of

the plan. The question now is whether the internal review

committee, forbidden even to

consider the option of a change

in the ECGD's status, has come

up with a worthwhile alterna-

It is hard to see how the

changes recommended by the

part-time outside directors, an annual "business plan," a re-

ing market conditions.

Ralance

THIS WEEK Mr Mikhail Gorbachev established himself as a man with a mission, and in a hurry to achieve it. The misplexes," individual enterprises

in number under Andropov and Chernenko, without incurring the odium of sacking anyone to make room for them. primacy of party over govern-ment allows a general secretary to push ministers around. The steel, farm machinery, building ministries at the national and republican levels may pro-voke more opposition than Mr Gorbachev can handle at this

stage.
The gamble that Mr Gorbachev is taking is that he is arousing expectations, about thorough-going economic improvement, that he may not be able to fulfil without going much further than he presently

Resources

Enterprise autonomy, the key to any real reform, means little or nothing until enteprises have a major say in what they pro-duce, where they sell it, how they price it, and how they invest their profit. Mr Gorbachev complains repeatedly of slack planning of enterprises skimp-ing on their production targets. Yet it is "tight" planning, the insistence on compulsory tar-gets, that frustrates innovation; mangers feel they cannot risk production hiccoughs associated with introducing new processes. The Soviet leader says consumer influence must grow, but he is not a "market socialist" like Hungary's leaders. Price forma-tion should be "radically im-proved," he says, but not appar-ently to let a freer price mechanism allocate resources. He complains of the lack of services, but says not a word about to great lengths to keep their letting small scale private enter wealth out of government prise plug the services gap as they are in some East European

countries and China. These are enormously difficult issues for the Soviet Union, the Founded by chev may in the end find them

These reforms make sense a

status quo. Indeed, something close to defeatism runs through

severe decline in its husiness in

explained by cyclical fluctua-tions in world trade, it remains

profoundly gloomy about about ECGD's future prospects.

staff no faster than other de-partments like the Treasury—

link between pay and perform-ance for junior staff. It says "we

have not found that the civil

service rules are a significant hindrance to the businesslike

operation of ECGD," yet cites evidence of the customers' exasperation with the inflexible

nature of ECGD cover. And

despite the erosion of business

it suggests "Ministers will not

want ECGD to compete aggres-

sively against private-sector

It will always be difficult to devise a logical structure which

allows the ECGD simultaneously to meet in difficult market con-ditions its statutory duty to

encourage UK exports and its non-statutory obligation to break even, one year taken with

another. The charge against the

department, at present running a £400m cash deficit, is that it is

which involves the clarification of the ECGD's role.

The report rejects the case

to cost taxpayers more than HK\$2bn (£204m), Sir John Bremridge, Hong Kong's Financial Secretary, was turning his miny to the broader issues raised by the collapse: "Freedom! has its price," he commented. "The question is are we paying too high a price?"

UST HOURS after Hong

on Monday morning after a Government rescue that is likely

Kong's Overseas Trust Bank re-opened its doors

we paying too high a price?"

The failure of one of the territory's largest locally-incorporated banks raises painful questions about Hong Kong's standing as the world's third largest banking centre, about the effectiveness of local banking expressions and shout banking supervision, and about the secretive way in which so many of Asia's super-rich families — most of them over-seas Chinese — are accustomed to do their business in the terri-

The collapse of Overseas Trust Bank (OTB) stands in a long line of corporate scandals focused on Hong Kong and focused on Hong Kong and South-East Asia in recent years. Common threads run through the Haw Par and Mosbert scandals in Singapore and Malaysia in the 1970s to the collapse of the Hong Kongbased deposit-taking company. Dollar Credit, in 1982, and of the Hang Lung Bank in 1983. The same threads were visible in the HK\$10bn collapse of Carrian Investments the pre-Carrian Investments, the property and shipping group, late in the same year, and of the small deposit-taking company. Dominican Finance, in January this year.

One common thread is Overseas Chinese businessmen who have mingled their private and public business interests as if there was no significant distinction to be drawn between them.
A second is the custom of secrecy, which means that much business is undocumented. Deals

depend on memory, handshakes, and personal relationships.

A third thread linked with this obsession is the one that has given Hong Kong its raison d'etre—the "no questions asked" regulatory environment. One observer commented in the wake of the collapse of the Hang Lung bank: "Hang Lung may have reminded central banks and regulatory authorities of just how easy it is for those who control banks and finance companies to use their international connections and the high degree of freedom of movement of funds in the region to move assets out of inrisdictions where the financial or political climate has become unfavourable." OTB has provided a similar dramatic re-

Hong Kong has for many years been the home of such 'flight capital" for the rich Overseas Chinese minorities of Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and the Philippines who often live in fear of political persecu-tion, and who are willing to go

reach, Like Hang Lung 20 months ago, the collapse of OTB provides a rare insight into this a Malaysian with roots in Penang, OTB has grown on the basis of shifting South East Asian alliances. The Cheng family, closely linked with Hang Lung, was a prominent share-holder until 1982. So was the Indonesian Mr George M. K. Lee until last autumn. The Ratanaraks family of Thailand was close to that of Mr Chang. Mr Lee Siong Thye, another Indonesian, was until March a major shareholder in OTB.

Hong Kong banking

The painful questions after another rescue

David Dodwell in Hong Kong looks at the background to the collapse of OTB and the possible consequences

The cracks in OTB began to show after the sudden death of Chang Ming Tien in a hotel chang Ming Tien in a hotel room in Kuala Lumpur in early 1982. His son Patrick became managing director, and seemed to be headed for chairmanship. A struggle for control—some would call it a difference of opinions over the proper direction of the bank—ensued, and the hank's performance and the bank's performance

began to slide. Chang Ming Tien's wife remained on the board, as did two other of his children—Miss Chang Lee Sian, a respected Singapore in the early 1970s able.

involvement in cessful attempt to murder. his father's mistress By the time of OTB's collapse last week, Sir John Bremridge

was willing to talk openly of

"what appear to be a series of totally disgraceful criminal acts." Yet to be accounted for are unsecured loans amounting to more than HK\$850m to the defunct deposit taking company, Dominican Finance, which was headed by Mr Simon Yip Chun Ling until he disappeared from the territory early this year. Loans to directors and associates chartered accountant, and Eric are understood to amount to Chang, whose main claim to more than HK\$2bn. Few of fame was his imprisonment in them are likely to be recover-

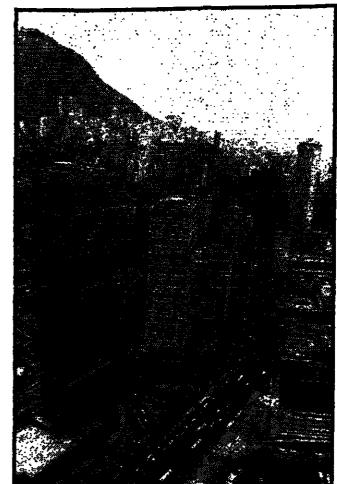
Charges have been brought against four of OTB's former directors, and further charges

As criminal investigators, OTB's new board, and bank regulators learn more about the events leading to OTB's collapse, Sir John Bremridge's question—What price freedom? —is one that is being widely asked in the territory. There is a high price to be paid for regulation too, and it may be difficult to steer a middle

course in the present emotionally-charged atmosphere. Ironically, Hong Kong's bankcannot be ruled out. Mr Patrick ing regulators are well poised thang, who is one of those charged, was stopped trying to leave the territory with U.S.\$1.5m in cash, diamonds, jewellery and bonds and has been refused bail.

As criminal investigators their recommendations are already being drafted.

Mr Robert Fell, Hong Kong's banking commissioner (and former chief executive of the London Stock Exchange) said yesterday: "Though it sounds a sweeping thing to say, OTB's



Glyn Genin

collapse. Another issue put to the top of the commission's agenda is that of a deposit insurance scheme to protect depositors in the event of a bank collapse. This has been keenly resisted by Hong Kong's larger banks, mainly because they are the institutions that would have to provide the lion's share of funds collapse teaches us no new lessons whatsoever.

"It was the absence of such a scheme that left the Government with little option last week but to rescue OTB. For a government wedded more firmly

than most to the ideals of the free market, it was a bitter pill to swallow — especially 20 months after the "once only" rescue of Hang Lung Bank. There is more than a little worry that the territory's frailer banks are resting easy on the assumption that they, too, would

be bailed out if they got into serious difficulties. This ex-plains the government signals—alarming to some—that it would be extremely difficult to find political backing for a third The commission will also in future pay more careful atten-tion to hank management. Tight family control of banking and financial institutions will remain possible, but it will have to be accompanied by profesional

management systems.

With the arithmetic of the OTB colapse still to be done, the price of freedom for Hong Kong's banks has yet to be measured. Stricter regulation is now certain, and the price for this has also to be meas There are many respectable bankers who feel it will make Hong Kong a duller place. One observed: "We know that all of the markets in Asia need lidying up—with the exception

of Sinagpore and Tokyo—but it is the barracudas that make life

here so interesting."

OTB: COUNTDOWN TO THE COLLAPSE OTB's results for 1983-84 published, showing Mon, June 3

October 1984

profits halved from the previous year. Banking commission puts the bank on its "intensive care" list, Launches inquiry codenamed "Mongoese: Patrick Chang removed as managing director, replaced by his sister. Robert Liu brought in from Citibank.

Dominican Finance, the deposit-taking com-pany controlled by Mr Simon Yip, is suspended. Thurs, June 6 Mr Yip disappears. Later learned that outstand-ing OTB loans to Mr Yip amount to more than ALL SAN TO THE PROPERTY THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Robert Fell, banking commissioner. Discloses evidence of misappropriation of funds, Says the bank has solvency problems. Robert Fell reports to Sir John Bremridge, financial secre-

Sat, June 1

Robert Fell meets OTB directors, discusses examining team findings. Suggests they get independent advice. On his recommendation, OTB board chooses Charles Perrin of Hambros. Perrin is on a plane from Loudon to Hong Kong that night,

Fell, Perrin and OTB board meet. Fell later meets Sir John Bremridge, arranging a further meeting on OTB for Saturday, June 8.

OTB board essentially agree with banking commission calculations. Discuss options open. Fell, Bremridge call in Hongkong Bank, who would be central to any rescue. Diaries cleared. OTB board officially informs government at 4.30 that they are insolvent. Bank operations suspended. Patrick Chang stopped at Kaitak airport carrying suitone tull of each, diamonds

OTB's half-year figures available. Banking commission sends in examining team to conduct its own audit.

Government officials conclude safest option is to take over the bank. Emergency meetings of the executive and legislative councils rescue plan expected to cost taxpayer at least back out of deal to buy OTB subsidiary bank. The Hong Kong Industrial and Commercial Bank (HICB). Three OTB executives, includ-ing Patrick Chang, detained on holding charges.

New board meets. Executive team seconded from the Hongkong Bank.

OTB's 44 branches re-open doors. Minor run on HICB following confirmation that Hong Leong has cancelled plans to purchase it. Other-wise, banking husiness as usual.

Sotheby's and Christie's traditional domination of the wine auction market will be chal-lenged by a new company called International Wine Auc-tions at London's Cafe Royal on June 26. It offers a high-class list of 718 lots that could averabout £300 a case, plus

The new group's leader is Philip Tenenbaum, head of the Chicago Wine Company, who says: "We feel sure there is says: "We feel sure there is room for another force in inter-national wine auctions."

bought the chateau. It fetched 121 francs. The estimate for this month's single bottle is £17,000 to £22,000.

as the residence of the head of the British Government — Robert Walpole was the first gazę.

Plugging in more and more cables, the BBC crew wandered from Cabinet room to Mrs Thatcher's flat, where it was decided to round off the visit with homely shat of the Prime Minister making a pot of tea. She switched on the electric kettle—and the overloaded electrical system poped its fuses throughout the building.

PAMOUS GROUD MEST SCOTCH WHISH Quality in an age of change.

setting up of a new manage set up to examine the manage- ment services group, more ment of the Export Credits recentralisation and tighter Guarantee Department has not financial controls. King of the castle

The Spanish blamed the far as they go, but too often the review committee seems content with an unsatisfactory Portuguese for the fact that yes-terday's EEC treaty-signing ceremonies had to be staged in both Lisbon and Madrid rather than together in a neutral capi-tal, which would have made life simpler for all concerned. the report. It points out that the ECGD has experienced a But at the same time, Spain took the opportunity to make recent years. It now insures only about 25 per cent of UK some rather heavy points about its European credentials.

exports compared with nearly 40 per cent in the mid-1970s. For one ,there was the venue chosen for the signing, in the The volume of its medium-term business is now less than half imposing Royal Palace, a sumptuously decorated 18th century mix of neo-classical and its peak and short-term business is down some 30 per cent. Although the report accepts that the loss of business is not baroque which has not been occupied since before the Civil

Ignoring several salons with Tiepolo ceilings, the Spanish opted for the Hall of Columns, noted principally for its statue of King Charles I (also known as Emperor Charles V) who ruled not just over Spain but also over Naples, Sicily, Sardinia, Germany, Austria, Franche-Counte and the Low Countries. Better then that he for bigger financial incentives for senior officials—on the grounds that the ECGD is losing makes do with a very modest

Countries. Better than that, he captured a French king.
Rubbing the point home was a series of ink drawings done for the signatories by Salvador Dali. and presented along with texts and reproductions in 2 folder entitled. "From Madrid to Europe."

The eccentric 78-year-old painter maintains that the EEC is joining Spain and not the other way round, and chose as theme for his drawings, the myth of 'The Rape of Europe" by a Spanish bull.

Dali claims he is the only person who has ever under-stood this legend. The bull. he says, did not actually violate Europe but pinned it down at the Pyrenees.

latest review body, which was department, at present running led by an ECGD official, will a £400m cash deficit, is that it is lead to a dramatic improvement in the department's perment in the department's perment in the department's perment include a "board" of be done about this: it neither that the cut-field directors are suggests how the existing obli-Spare parts

IMI, the metals and engineering group, is leaving nothing to chance when Patrick Jenkin, suggests how the existing obli- Environment Secretary, visits annual "business plan," a regations can better be achieved its Birmingham headquarters shuffling of internal responsi- nor puts forward a convincing tomorrow to open the £28m first phase of a new industrial estate.

Men and Matters

The Environment Department, which has contributed its biggest urban development grant of £5.5m to the project, was involved in the earlier ground-breaking ceremony.

Lord Bellwin, then a junior Lord Bellwin, then a juinor minister, was required to man a bulldozer and symbolically demolish an old wall. To minimise any risk to his person, IMI had previously weakened the wall—but did the job so effectively that a gust of wind, arriving before Bellwin arriving before Bellwin, demolished it for him.

Executives, surveying the rubble, decided that even this Government with its inemployment problems might consider rebuilding a wasteful job-creation exercise. An alterna-tive wall was found for Bellwin to knock down.
Tomorrow, Jenkin

merely be required to press a button to start an ornamental fountain spurting. A spare fountain is on hand—just in

An egg on top The score now stands at The

Kremkin, 10, Forbes, 11," said the auctioneer bringing down his gavel. This ended a sale in New York in which Malcolm Forbes, publisher of Forbes Magazine, paid \$1.6m for a Faberge egg. So with this record purchase,

Forbes forged ahead of Moscow's Armory Museum as owner of the biggest collection of the golden bejewelled eightinch high Easter eggs. Only 54 were made by Faberge for Russia's Czars,

Family politics Japanese politics are much more about personalities than be very long.

policies; a fact which has given rise to some legendary rivalries over the years. One of the most intense is between Prime Minister, Yasuhiro Nakasone, and his predecessor from 1976-78, Tkaeo Fukuda. Now, it seems, the feud is being passed on to their

families. Both men are members of the same party and, under the Japanese multi-member con-stituency system, sit in parliament for the same district in Gunma prefecture. But which one gets the most

votes is a matter of keen interest—and in every single election since both entered politics after the war, Fukuda has out-polled Nakasone, even after the latter became Prime

A general election is expected next year, and while the two do battle again in the Lower House, it appears likely that Nakasone's son and Fukuda's brother will also be pitted against each other in the same district for seats in the Upper House.

The Japanese political scene is so rife with blood and marital connections, in fact. that a genealogist would quickly throw in the towel. The latest rumour even has

Makiko Tanaka, daughter and effective guardian of the stricken former Prime Minister. contemplating political office. (Her fierce defence of her father has already made her known as "the Japanese Thatcher.") Makiko's husband is an MP and, in the Japanese manner, Tanaka's adopted son as well as his son-in-law.

This helps to explain why all Japanese newspaper stories about domestic politics tend to

New vintage

national wine auctions."

The gem of the Cafe Royal auction is a bottle of Chaeau Lafte from 1811, the legendary Année de Comete (this year is also the year of Hafley's Comet) which connoisseurs say was the greatest wintage ever. The last time it was known to be auctioned was 1968 soon after Baron James de Rothschild bought the chateau. It fetched

Switch-off

Mrs Thatcher's new-found en-thusiasm for televising the Commons appears to have survived an unfortunate incident the other day when she invited BBC cameras into 10 Downing To mark its 250th anniversary

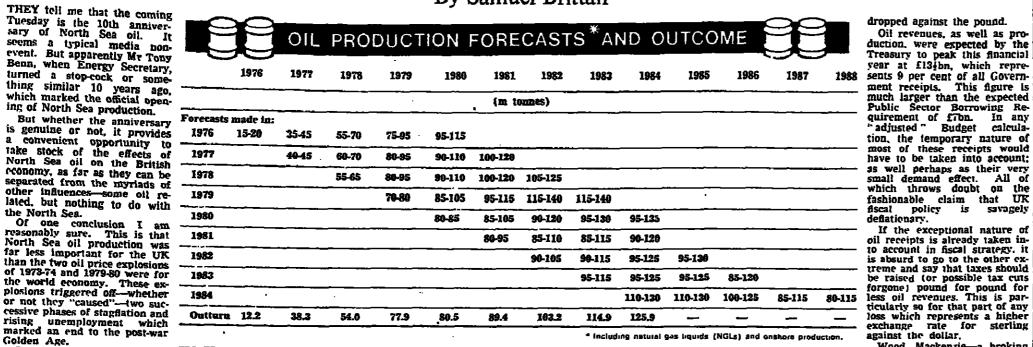
occupant — the television cameras were allowed to poke into corners of the building never opened before to public

Observer

ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT

Ten years of black gold

By Samuel Brittan



' including natural gas liquids (NGLs) and onshore production,

and jobs.

build-up was slower than expected, so the decline is likely expected, so the decline is likely to the UK growth rate over the to be. Indeed recently raised last decade. In fact the growth estimates of reserves suggest of real GDP over 1975 to 1985 that output will be at the upper is likely to average nearly 2 that output will be at the upper end of the officially projected range in the years ahead. per cent per annum. Over the previous ten years, 1965 to 1975, Net exports were down in it was just over 2 per cent, a 1984, because of the coal strike, and sharply up this spring because of destocking following growth rate mean that the oil

was wasted? Hardly so. It is quite likely, given the pressures on the economy that the growth rate would have been less without the oil.

per cent of total output. This surplus will gradually run off; but many North Sea operators Oil looms larger in overseas expect the UK to remain near self-sufficient until the end of trade than it does in GDP. Net oil exports amounted to £7.1bn in 1984 and might have reached £8bn without the coal strike. oil is so modest in relation to This amounts to 10 to 12 per cent of visible exports. But when invisibles are taken into GDP, and the expected rundown frequent question: "What will account—as they should be— the proportion falls to nearer 7 per cent. more a debating point than

The other side to this buildup in oil exports is that non-oil exports have been crowded out. some 6 per cent of GNP (measured at 1980 prices). It

swing in the July 1981 issue of Fiscal Studies. But there is nothing sacrosanct in manufacturing—still less in the balance of trade in manufacturing—however much a House of Lords. Committee close to the manufacturing interest may be ate the Chancellor on the subject.

The one argument against permitting the whole of this swing is that the proverbial peasant who finds gold in his back garden should not spend If the proceeds straight away, natead he should invest a substantial proportion to build up his income against the time the gold is gone. Translated into national terms, it suggests that a country enjoying an oil bonanza should build up a portfolio of outroese inventment. folio of overseas investment, which will provide "invisible" earnings in the years after

Note that the logic points to an increase in overseas rather than the domestic investment that the Labour Party has mismeasured at 1980 prices). It There is now a deficit of £6bn that been likened to the discovery of black gold in one's back garden, a natural bounty in that its extraction cost is a fraction of its market value.

One might, therefore, have thought that the coming on stream of North Sea oil might have added nearly ½ per cent that the near-inevitability of such a specific per conveded out. There is now a deficit of £6bn that in manuscript in manuscript in investment in industrial countries rapidly run into diminishing returns. (When Mr Denis Healey was the Labour Party has miscreases

surplus amounts to a very small proportion of world investment directly or by portfolio pur-chases, on the world markets. Domestic investment is helped indirectly, because an overseas

There has indeed been a near-sensational increase in UK net overseas assets from £12†bn at the end of 1979 to an esti-mated £70bn at the end of last

outflow reduces the real ex-

change rate.

Despite the help from the very necessary abolition of exchange control in 1979 hardly more than 30 per cent of the increase in value of overseas assets represents the investment of current account surpluses, as prescribed by the textbooks. The remainder represents revaluations - partly ordinary capital gains, but to an uncomfortably large extent the appreciation of the dollar.

On the other hand, the UK oil the years of the second oil crisis, when a country which combined political stability, highly and an even lower proportion developed fluancial markets and of existing world capital assets. self-sufficiency in oil or better developed financial markets and So an individual country can was irresistibly attractive to obtain the international rate of overseas holders of funds. return by investing, whether Hence the portfolio attractions of sterling and the steep, but temporary, rise in the real exchange rate of those years, to which can be attributed most of the industrial shakeout— both the good effects in productivity and efficiency and the less desirable shock to output

> Sterling remains sensitive to oil price movements—more so than can be easily explained. If the pound has held up better than last winter to downward pressures on oil markets, it is because UK real interest rates remain higher than in most other countries. The Government is thus substituting an interest rate penalty for an exchange rate one; and Sterling M3 and overfunding make hardly any difference one way or the other. If the dollar were to weaken the interest rate penalty could be reduced. Indeed the latest outbreak of

The pressures on manufactures in 1979-81, were larger than could be explained by the arithmetical effects of North Sea oil. But they did reflect British Government oil reoil indirectly. For there were venues would fall if the dollar

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application. Our Jamesbury op-

eration specializes in high-per-

Lombard

Pitfalls in wider share ownership

By Barry Riley

BOTH Mr Norman Tebbit and Mr Nigel Lawson have delivered speeches this week proclaiming the benefits of wider share ownership. Certainly there needs to be a fundamental shift in the pattern of ownership of industry and commerce if the Government's ideal of a property-owning democracy is to be realised.

At rock bottom, at the end of

the 1970s, only 41 per cent of the British adult population

owned shares, compared with

including stocks.

But a more fundamental point to be made is that wider

share ownership is not any kind of panacea. It is an excellent

idea for the right kind of people

able to devote enough time and

(but not the only nor neces-

fashionable claim that UK fiscal policy is savagely something like 25 per cent in the U.S. Since then, privatisation issues such as British If the exceptional nature of Telecom, and employee share oil receipts is already taken in-to account in fiscal strategy, it is absurd to go to the other ex-treme and say that taxes should schemes have been factors in promoting a modest pickup. It must be pointed out, in passing, that Mr Lawson has ducked the single most imporbe raised (or possible tax cuts forgone) pound for pound for tant policy change which might encourage individual share ownership, by bowing to the pensions lobby and failing to less oil revenues. This is par-ticularly so for that part of any loss which represents a higher

exchange rate for sterling against the dollar. reduce the huge tax advantages of saving for retirement through institutional schemes Wood Mackenzie—a broking firm specialising in oil—has raised the alarm that Govern-ment revenues in both this and rather than through personal nvesiment. He has not even introthe next financial years will be nearly £23bn less than officially duced personalised tax-sheltered savings plans such as the U.S. Individual Retirement Accounts forecast. But to the extent that this is due to a higher pound against the dollar. I can only repeat: "I should have such which permit American citizens to choose their own investments,

worries. What would be better both for the economy and for the Chancellor: a collapse of ster-ling against the dollar and windfall oil revenues, or a soaring pound and an oil revenue shortfall? To ask the question is to

In the latter case, there would also be some rise in sterling against the currency basket, which would put downward pressure on inflation and/or allow a reduction in UK interest rates.

All of which goes to show how necessary it was for the Chancellor to emphasise in his Budget speech, despite some Treasury head shaking, that there was nothing sarcroscant about his PSBR objectives and that the overriding objection of the Medium Term Financial Strategy was to secure a non-inflationary growth of Nominal GDP. It is time for Nigel Lawson to break away from Treasury-Bank infighting to re-iterate this central message. It British Government oil re- is much more important than venues would fall if the dollar North Sea oil as such.

There are a lot of very wealthy individuals in the U.S., for whom it is entirely appropriate to hold substantial sums in riskbearing securities. But Britain is a much poorer country.

The British idea of a small investor is not the same as the American. This may be the mis-understanding behind Mr Lawson's claim that deregulation on Wall Street in the midrates for small investors by 'more than 20 per cent."

A comprehensive analysis by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission gave a quite different impression. Any tall in commissions on small bargains after 1975 was small or non-existent. And by the early 1980s, after the shakeout among the brokerage firms, the rates rose quite sharply,

Commissions on orders of up to 200 shares rose from 50c to 60c a share between 1975 and 1981, and on up to 1,000 shares from 32c to 40c. It was only on bargains of above 10,000 shares that rates fell sharply. And given that U.S. share prices are heavy by UK standards, that meant transactions several hundred involving thousand dollars—which even in the U.S. is way outside the small investor bracket.

The SEC observed that trades " could not be maintained with the unfixing of commission rates." Many in the City of London now come to the same conclusion about commissions on small bargains following our own process of deregulation.

attention to it. But it carries inevitable risks and drawbacks; It is true that a new breed of no-frills discount brokers and it requires a framework of services and regulation which they serve a large pool of sophisticated private investors who have the skill and experience to make their own portfolio decisions. It is is not highly developed in the UK at the small investor level. One danger for Conservative politicians is that they may confuse the benefits of employee share ownership with the potenportfolio decisions. questionable whether British investors exist in substantial numbers who are able to make use of comparable services. tial of more general equity ownership. There is, of course. a great deal to be said for profit participation by workers, in that it fosters a degree of identifica-None of this argues against

tion of interest with the com-pany for which they work. Share ownership is one way the Government's drive for wider share ownership. But it would be a mistake to suppos American habits can fully be sarily the best way) in which established in the UK given the such harmony can be achieved. differences in tax structures and But the arguments for building up a more widespread equity in national wealth. The Thatcher government is advancportfolio in other companies are really rather different. its goal of a share-owning It is also dangerous to make democracy, but there is still glib comparisons with the U.S. some way to go.

Paying for pensions

other influences

Just as the North Sea

the end of the strike. The underlying level of net exports

is probably running at over 60

The contribution of North Sea

of output so gradual, that the

happen after North Sea oil?"

North Sea oil accounts for

the North Sea.

build-up

the century.

a cenuine problem.

General, Municipal, Boilermakers and Allied Trades Union

is coming very close to the right answer on pensions. schemes. The ability of workers in the next century to pay stantially reprince ased pensions while still the speciators.

The foul lan turn depends on investment, and beer are actually sold in-For this reason the Government's single-minded obsession with "dependency ratios" is of UK soccer viole essenntially irre'-ant.

Where Mr Wilkie is wrong is in suggesting a necessary con-nection between the assets held by pension funds and the level of real capital investment in society as a whole. There is no reason to suppose that an increase in pension contribu-tions would have any effect either on the overall level of private savings or on the total private savings or on the total volumes of investment. All these effects depend on other decisions taken by the Government, both at the macro-economic level and in relation to public investment programmes. It is particularly important to challenge this error since it is embodied in the Green Paper as virtually the the Green Paper as virtually the only non-ideological argument in favour of a shift from public, to private provision.

In the last resort the distinction between funded and pay-as-you-go pension schemes is delusory. All pension schemes delusory. All pension senemes are pay-as-you-go in that workers must give up part of what they produce in order to support the retired. Equally, however, all pension schemes are funded in that a society's ability to support the adaptive adaptive to support the adaptive adaptive. ability to support its elderly members will depend on the capital and human resources which it has built up over past years.

David Basnett. Thorne House, Ruxley Ridge. Claygate, Esher.

Violence on the terraces

'rom Mr D. Sloman U.S. there are no similar scenes veer petween extremes or repatriated from overseas under recover for the find of widespread hooliganism at opinion. Companies prospects our new scheme — they would the war.

Simply fuel speculative and C. R. Armstrong. American football matches? In sports stadia throughout the policies, or business trends are in share, gilt and property S.W.1.

Letters to the Editor

Sir.-Mr A. Wilkie (June 4) played before very large crowds. The U.S. supporters He is right to say that the ability to pay pensions in the future is dependent on real capital investment now. This is true of funded schemes is true of funded schemes and ceedings. Consequently, even still truer of unfunded state families with young children as well as senior citizens are sub-stantially represented among

enjoying a rising standard of living themselves depends not only on their numbers but also on their productivity and this stadia despite the fact that wine

Reprettably the obliteration of UK soccer violence requires more fundamental action than the mere banning of violent scenes from our TV screens—it involves the revival of that old-fashloped virtue, discipline. Denis P. J. Sloman.

Stock House, 3, Woodby Drive, Charters Road, Sunningdale, Berkshire.

Efficient markets From Mr J. Cornford.

Sir.—It seems to me that I Old School Consome assumptions behind what Lymwick Street, has been said so far on the Rudgwick, efficient market theory are Horsham, W. Su somewhat adrift from reality. It does not seem proven that the random walk exists, nor could I agree the EMT says anything about the judgment of fund

managers one way or another.

A glance at charts of the top 500 shares shows at any time a good 90 per cent of them to be in clear, stable, trends relative to the market, and experience gives ample reasons why these should and do exist. If the random walk hypothesis did not forbid the thought, perhaps the theorists would have an incentive to check the mathematics which purports to prove their

These trends show plainly that prices more often than not adjust gradually to some underwe see absolutely no justification for giving them substantial that every factor relevant to a price could be encapsulated at one point in time implies and that is a daft and inefficient astonishing ability on the part

U.S., these games are regularly often a matter of judgment played before very large even to insiders. What does even to insiders. What does change though is opinion about their effects, and it is this which is the single largest influence on a share's rating. Exploiting

between market perception and the reality is the basis of good investment decisions, and the more complex the factors involved, the more scope there is for one investor today to anticipate what interpretation the rest of the market will put on them tomorrow.

Given these a priori reasons

to expect price movements not to be random, and if charts bear it out but the statistics do not, then with respect there might be something wrong with the mathematics, perhaps in the intervals used to test for significance. Short term price fluctuations are probably swamping the smaller but longer term trend. The mathematics used in engineering to eliminate "noise" from measurements might give the EM theorists an answer closes to the experience of some prac-titioners of investment analysis. J. D. Cornford, 1 Old School Cottages,

Rudgwick, Horsham, W. Sussex.

Exchange

control From Mr D. Jones Sir,-Anthony Harris June 8) nearly spoiled his well-argued article on pensions with a misplaced jibe at the Labour Party. He said: "The illusion that investment in financial markets somehow causes investment in production is very widespread

Karl Mark believed it just as firmly as . . . the Labour Party agitators for exchange controls! The Labour Party is certainly under no such illusions. Our view is that financial institutions, including the pension funds, should be free to invest

any case necessary. It would be cial institutions to return large closer to the truth to say that a sums to this country. As per cent over the last year with share price at any time is a | Anthony Harris quite rightly | products such as chemicals Sir.—Mr Goslin (June 8) share price at any time is a Anthony Harris quite rightly compromise between often notes, most institutional funds widely different opinions of fail to find their way into providing the case why is it that in the is the case why is it that in the is the case why is it that in the U.S. there are no similar scenes of widely different opinions of fail to find their way into providing is the case why is it that in the veryone agrees ductive investment. This would with it and rather, that prices surely also be the case for funds to the case why is it that in the veryone agrees of repatriated from overseas under opinion. Companies' prospects our repatriated from overseas under opinion.

prices. This is why we believ that the returning funds should be channeled through a which would be like overseas industrial banks, such as those in Japan, KfW in Germany, and Credit National in France. It would lend long term at soft rates to productive, comercially viable industry, thus helping to generate the wealth on which

FURTHER LETTERS PAGE 32

ultimately our pensions depend It is precisely because the Labour Party no longer lives under illusions that the Conser vatives are increasingly on the defensive over economic policy. The implication of the rest of Mr Harris's article I entirely agree with — that the only people with illusions are those who want to leave all allocation of resources (including pension provision and institutional in vestment to unregulated and inefficient private markets. Doug Jones.

(Economic assistant to Roy Hattersley, MP.) House of Commons, SW1.

Trade with Brazil

From the Chairman, Latin American Trade Advisory Group.

Sir,-I was distressed to read what I consider to have been a misleading comment by your correspondent in Rio de Janeiro about British trade prospects in Brazil in his article (June 8) on the Foreign Secretary's forth coming visit there next month As chairman of one of the many bodies convinced that there are opportunities as well as prob-lems in Latin America, I must take issue with Andrew Whitley. While being the first to ac cept that major project busi-ness in Brazil has had to cut back drastically, this is only part of the target area where British exporters are concerned There is still an extremely important and ongoing market in Brazil for products which do not require ECGD medium term cover and where our market penetration has been pathetic: our recent trade performance, however, confirms that UK exporters are beginning to wake up to this fact. UK exports to Brazil in 1984 increased in exof all concerned to assess all the subtleties involved and is not in give an incentive for the finanany case necessary. It would be cold institutions to refer to the finanbecoming more prominent What is even more encouraging is that the UK market share of Brazilian imports has begun to recover for the first time since



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Industrial Doors

Rupert Cornwell previews today's summit of the Bonn coalition's political heavyweights

Kohl tries to keep his act together

of the elephants" in deference to the imposing physical mass of the three main participants. But for Chancellor Helmut Kohl, his "summit today with Herr Franz Josef Strauss and Herr Martin Bange-mann, leaders of the two junior pertners in his centre-right ruling coalition, has a political weight if

His aim is not merely to restore a semblance of order to his unruly government alliance - but also to stem what commentators see as the most serious crisis of confidence in the Chancellor's capacity to rule since he took power in October

Complaints about the Kohl style are of course nothing new: his apparent indolence, lack of grasp of isservative Bavarian Christian Social sues and general Micawberism and his inability to formulate a clear policy on a host of problems have been the stuff of political gossip almost since the start. Yet they have tions this year. In a sense, they rereached an ominous new pitch in volve around disputes over civil libthe wake of the devastating defeat erties and foreign workers underlyof his Christian Democrats (CDU) in the state election in North Rhine-Westphalia a month ago.

Opinion polls lately have given FDP than to its own.

any recent Chancellor, one, in Quick magazine at the beginning of June, found that only 12 per cent of supporters of the three-party coali-tion considered him the best available. Herr Gerhard Stoltenberg, his CDU Finance Minister, scored 22

Still more significant perhaps has been the notably hostile stance tak-en by Bild Zeitung, the mass circu-lation paper normally a dogged supporter of Herr Kohl and whose 5.4m daily sales give it a political weight which is often overlooked. "Is the giant tottering? a front-page headline screamed the other day.

Ostensibly, the difficulties for the Union (CSU) of Herr Strauss, and Herr Bangemann's liberal Free Democrats (FDP), emboldened by their improved results in state elecing them, however, is the CSU's conviction that Herr Kohl gives

should be reflated more vigorously by the much-canvassed acceleration of the planned two-step DM 20bn (\$6.5bn) round of tax cuts, or

Both, however, are reflections of the deeper issue: the doubts over Herr Kohl himself. Whatever his shortcomings, he has long been held a votewinner in the electorate at large. But after North Rhine-Westphalia, the fear is that he could lead the CDU to further defeats, in Lower Saxony next year and in the federal election in early 1987.

The fiercest criticism, as usual, comes from Herr Strauss, who of jealousy and contempt for the present incumbent in Bonn. In a classic case of damnation by faint praise, Herr Strauss observed this week that he saw no reason "from today's standpoint" to fight 1987 with a different candidate for Chan-

eign policy front. Herr Kohl, in the space of a few weeks succeeded in embarrassing President Ronald Reagan over his visit to the war

of affairs.

was the loser. But in the general confusion of late Herr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the FDPs indestructible Foreign Minister, has once more been making the running. In the process he had earned more praise from the opposition So-cial Democrats (SPD) for his handling of SDL European affairs and East-West relations than from with-

It will require a dexterity of which Herr Kohl has given little sign so far, if further EEC turmoil over cereal prices and car pollution standards is to be avoided. On both questions, Bonn stands virtually alone; both could easily have damaging internal repercussions, and either or both could make a mock-

The other especially vexed prob-lem is the economy, and whether it France, West Germany's other most wig Erhard, the last CDU Chancel important ally, over SDI, the space lor to be ejected by his party in mid-defence programme. His chancelterm, is stalking the land. For its lory has been embroiled in demeaning public sniping with the Foreign sibility of embarrassing Herr Kohl Ministry over the broader conduct by putting forward a Bundestag vote of no confidence, the device which in 1966 contributed to Herr Erhard's downfall.

As of now, most observers agree that matters are unlikely to come to that. Herr Strauss' bark has in the past been proved to be worse than his hite. Regicide is never easily ar-ranged, and there are objections to both touted replacements, Herr Stoltenberg or Herr Lothar Späth, the energetic premier of Baden Württemberg, Another recent poll moreover, suggested that whatever Herr Kohl's problems, the CDU-CSU-FDP coalition would still win a 52 per cent majority at new elec-

But if the muddle and procrastination go on and unemployment stays high the arguing will continue which emerge from the "summit." ery of the Chancellor's pious Euro- Herr Kohl declared this week that "the limits of what is tolerable" have been reached. Now he has to

Argentina pays overdue interest

romarkets Correspondent

ARGENTINA yesterday began pay ing \$250m in overdue interest on its public sector foreign debt, bringing payments current up until Decem-

The funds were taken from the country's own reserves and constitute a larger payment than had pre viously been expected. Sr Leopoldo Portnoy, Deputy Governor of Ar-gentina's Central Bank, said at the eekend he expected the country's own contribution to interest pay ments made this week to be only about \$150m.

Taken together with a bridging loan of \$450m that Argentina still expects to receive from the U.S. and other governments later this week the payment means that Argentina will be able to reduce its arrears in total by about \$700m. They currently stand at \$1.3bn and go back to

Argentina has had to make the Argentina has had to make the payments to prevent its debt being officially downgraded by U.S. government agencies responsible for supervising the banking system. A committee of officials from these agencies is meeting until Friday this week in Washington to examine Assenting's debt amine Argentina's debt.

Negotiations on the bridging loan meanwhile continued last night The U.S. Treasury, which is expected to make the largest contribution said it would to be able to approve its share in the loan within the next

Engine plant gets EIB loan

THE EUROPEAN Investment Bank has granted a FFr 475m (\$50.4m) loan to a jointly-owned subsidiary of Peugeot and Renault, the two large French car groups, for re-tooling investments for producing a new series of engines, writes Paul Betts in Paris.

The 12-year loan has been granted to La Française de Mecanique, which makes car engines at a plant at Douvrin in northern France. The new investments are designed to equip the plant with hightechnology production systems us-

ing robots and lasers.

Separately, provisional registra-tion figures released last night showed a drop in foreign cars' pene-tration of the French market last month. Importers saw their share fall to 34.6 per cent from 36.8 per cent in May last year and 34.9 per cent for the first five months of this

THE LEX COLUMN

Another sedative from Beecham

Presumably the extra quarter-point they kept on their base rates for the past eight weeks has finally cost Barclays - and Midland - just a hit too much business. Certainly no self-respecting stag with any choice between banks would have used a Barclay's overdraft to apply for yes-terday's Abbey Life offer. If the move into line at 12% per cent carries any more general message, it is that interest rates have got themselves properly stuck.

Beecham

Yesterday's 28p fall in the share price was as eloquent a commen-tary as any on the present state of relations between Beecham and the City of London. An indulgent stock market would have attributed the disappointing full-year figures to exchange rate movements at the end of March and would have taken at face value the group's deter- as Beecham's - could stop Pilking-mined optimism about the future. ton from putting together a fairly But, where Beecham is concerned, creditable set of figures for the year the market is anything but indul-

Currency movements in the latter half of March may indeed have knocked about £15m off Beecham's reported profits but that is scarcely firm ground on which to mount a defence Stepling has been moving at lest most £150m. Since the UK business at lest movement a refinient defence. Sterling has been moving at last generated a return sufficient the group's way in each of the past to cover its own redundancy costs, three years and yet earnings per though with only £4m to spare, the share have stood virtually still management has achieved some-Since the beginning of 1983, the Beecham share price has underperfrom the new chairman to rehabili- above 300p last December, they tate Beecham. At the very least it now face a price - 290p yesterday - required a much better set of which reflects the resulting dilution preliminary figures than the group of earnings, yet the market is 10 per could yesterday supply.

crease of 14.3 per cent – are no disgrace. But when the residual translation profit of £11m and the net benefit from acquisitions of £4m are taken out, underlying profits

growth emerges at around 8 per tually buys in the U.S. will involve cent. In the pharmaceutical division, there was no underlying own, hence more dilution.

Beecham reckons that it should rent round of accelerated redundanbe able to grow at 15 per cent a year cies in St Helens could push earnin the medium term and in the curings up by £25m next year. But given the likelihood of a construction than that. The problem is that, led downturn in Germany and the while such a growth rate might uncertainties of South Africa and have impressed five years ago, Bee-Latin America, it would be asking a cham now stands to do little better lot to see much progress overall, than the FT-A industrial Group.

Compared with some local competition of the next dividend increase may be tors - Glaxo and Fisons spring to some way off. mind - it appears quite simply pe-destrian. So a historic earnings multiple of 14.4 - at last night's price of 350p – may not be doing Beecham such an injustice after all.

Pilkington

Telefonica

IIK institutions will soon have the opportunity to subscribe anything up to £50m for shares of the Span-ish telephone monopoly, Telefonica. Despite eight rights issues in 10 years – and two since October – Spanish Telecom is finding its capi-tal needs too great for the Madrid Not even an end-year translation setback - of much the same order bourse. This is not surprising since it accounts for a fifth of the marto March. On its own replacementket's capitalisation and even more of the turnover since the surge in depreciation basis, Pilkington manforeign buying of Spanish equities. Paris and Frankfurt

Operating comparisons with BT are said not to be favourable to the Spaniards, although Telefonica is all but guaranteed a minimum return on telephone business and has been selected to carry the banner of Spanish electronics in joint ventures with the likes of AT&T. Proformed the market by 36 per cent. equally pleased is less certain. Havvided the mechanics of London So it needed more than a faintly ening submitted to a £100m rights is dealing in the shares can be worked couraging set of interim results sue when their shares were riding out, it is an investment that yields 9 per cent - apparently ahead of any PTT except that of Mexico - and does provide a connection with a performing stockmarket. However. Pre-tax profits of £308m - an in- ago. If Pilkington can find the ed and Telefonica will see none of

Big four **UK** banks align loan rates

By Philip Stephens In London BRITAIN'S Barclays and Midland banks yesterday cut their base lending rates by % of a percentage point, aligning them with the 12% per cent already charged by the other two leading clearing banks, Na-tional Westminster and Lloyds.

The Treasury and Bank of England, however, are still opposed to any significant fall in borrowing costs for the time being and analysts expect rates to remain close to the present levels through the sum-

The country's building societies indicated that yesterday's move will not have any immediate impact on home-loan rates, as a recent improvement in deposits had not been enough to meet the demand for new

Expectations of a small cut in base rates had been raised by the recent strength of the pound and by the publication last week of figures showing slower growth in the most closely watched money supply mea-

sure, sterling M3.

But the measure stayed well outside its official target range and the Government's cautious approach to cuts in interest rates was under-pinned last week by a brief speculative flurry against the pound in response to weakening oil prices.

Barclays' decision to cut its rate yesterday was therefore seen as in-dicating that it had concluded there was no immediate scope for the leapfrogging move to 12% per cent which it might have preferred.

The general view in UK financial

circles is that the Treasury's strategy is now focused almost entirely on maintaining the value of the pound in order to reverse the recent acceleration in the pace of price

The annual inflation rate in April rose to 6.9 per cent and many economists are predicting a further in-crease when the figure for May is published on Friday. Mr Nigel Law-son, the Chancellor, has stuck to his forecast, however, that it will fall back to 5 per cent at the end of the year.
Sterling has so far been shielded

from most of the impact of falling oil prices by the high interest rate differentials which favour investment in the UK bond and money markets, and this in turn has curbed upward pressure on import A significant fall in British rates,

however, would run the risk of the foreign exchange markets refocusing on oil prices, particularly in the run-up to the meeting of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting countries later this month.

Money markets, Page 37

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China ready to compete for commercial satellite business

BY ROBERT THOMSON IN PEKING

rocket and the construction of The ministry claimed yesterday that it was open for business and

"poised to accept orders" for the country's "astronau launch of satellites or for the recov-fully fledged now." ery of satellites already launched and is able to provide various other nace-related services. China has launched 16 experimental satellites with rockets de- tions to the recovery of satellites al-

auncher called the "Long March 3" will probably be used.

on the world market for the launch rocket developed by West European The director-general of the Chi-

> ported in yesterday's English-language China Dally as saying the country's "astronautics industry is Mr Zhang said China could provide almost all commercial services

in space, ranging from the manufacture of rockets and ground starived from its ballistic missiles ready in space, as well as having which carry nuclear warheads. For the capability to carry out a space commercial launches, a satellite exploration programme.

But China, he said, would not un-At present, there are few organiown because such ventures were launched in 1970, and the pro-sations dround the world offering too expensive and 'yield too few gramme has been the source of commercial space services: The practical benefits," and China "has much pride in a country where conits fleet of space shuttles, while a race with the superpowers."

CHINA is ready to join in the space Paris-based company, Arianespace, "We will concentrate our efforts haulage business and will compete takes satellites into space with a on projects urgently needed for debroadcasting, earth resource surspace shuttles, according to the Chinese space ministry's foreign afvey, meteorological and other sciennese Ministry of Space Industry. fairs bureau, Zhang Jiqing, was retific experimental satellites. Some are already under construction and will be launched soon."

> The "Long March 3," apparently perfected in the last two years, is a three-stage vehicle using liquid propellant. It is able to place smaller satellites in very high orbit, and larger loads, such as a manned space station, in a lower crbit.

China has pushed its space proramme as proof of the success of its modernisation drive. The first of dertake space travel projects of its the 16 experimental satellites was

European machine tool groups hit by Japanese performance

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN LEADERS of the West German and

Italian machine tools industry asserted yesterday that the weakened ers was in part a result of the "exceptional performance of Japan, which since 1976 has increased sales by more than 200 per cent, while cutting its workforce by 7 per

Dr Pierluigi Streparava, president of Ucimu, the Italian machine tools association, called the Japanese performance, which last year saw Japan as the world's leading producer with \$4.7bn of sales, "one of the causes of the crisis in other countries." Dr Streparava said that Japanese machine tool companies, which saw sales rise by 31.8 per cent last year, enjoyed advantages unknown to European companies -these included massive government investment in technology and auto-

Herr Bernhard Kapp, president of the West German machine tools association, called on Japan to open its market to more imports. He said it was not acceptable that in Japan imported machine tools amounted last year, while in West Germany the equivalent figure was 29.1 per cent. But Herr Kapp added: "We must not fear the Japanese on technological grounds. Rather was and Japanese manufacture in U.S. and Japanese manufacture in U.S. and Japanese manufacture for at least three ways for at least thr nological grounds. Rether we must seek ways of co-existing with

conference in Milan, stopped short Kapp said West German companies governments.

1984 MACHINE TOOL

Country	Sales	% change on 1983
Jepen	4.7	+31.8
USSR	29	- 4.0
W. Germany	29	- 7.8
U.S.	27	+25.8
Hely	1.0	- 3.9
E Germany	0.8	- 5.8
Switzerland	0.8	+ 0.1
UK	0.5	- 7.1
France	0.5	– 7.9

of calling for European protectionist measures. They pointed out, however, that while last year world machine tools sales totalled \$20.7bn up 5.8 per cent, the only real growth in sales came last year from Japan

and the U.S. In six countries which account for 60 per cent of world production - Japan, the U.S., West Germany, Italy, the UK and France - there had been a sales rise in real terms last year of 11 per cent, but a decline of 23 per cent compared with 1980. Al-most all the growth, however, was

ing industries was another factor which made it difficult for Europe to compete. Dr Streparava said the

had seen a 30 per cent rise in orders since the start of 1985.

 Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, Japan's Prime Minister, is set to hold a meeting of his full cabinet and leaders of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party on June 25, when the next stage of Japan's import promotion programme is expected to be ap-proved, writes Carla Rapoport from Tokyo.

The June meeting is expected to approve a reduction in tariffs on a variety of imports, largely from neighbouring countries, such as boneless chicken from Thailand and palm oil from Asean countries.

In July, Japan is expected to move on a wider range of import measures, including an urgent import programme which could include, among other things, the purchase of aircraft by Government agencies or Japanese leasing com-

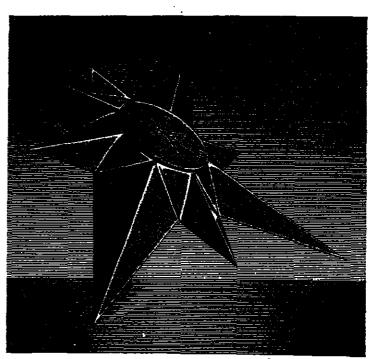
Japan's Finance Ministry yester-day agreed to let foreign banks in Japan do securities business through securities subsidiaries in

Ministry officials said that if they had not granted approval for the wider securities activity by foreign banks, they feared another round of Both the Italian and West German leaders, speaking at a press was not encouraging, while Herr financial trade friction with foreign

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Gorbachev explains economic plans World Weather

Continued from Page 1

mous diminution of the power of key institutions in Soviet life and observers in Moscow are keen to see if the ministries really allow their authority to be curtailed.

The precedents are not good. Dr T. I. Zaslavskaya, an influential economist and author of a radical criticism of the Soviet economy called the Novosibirsk Report, explained this in the daily Izvestia tee Secretariat at the top, and the last month. Over the past 10 years, she said, a significant widening of managerial rights had never been achieved despite directions from in the Communist system in the Sothe leadership. "Initiative was always trodden on," she said.

This is a radical political change the authority of these institutions in the Communist system in the Sothe leadership. "Initiative was always trodden on," she said.

The problem facing Mr Gorba-chev is that to be effective his re-forms require a basic change in the ters. Mr V. S. Fyorov, the Petrodistribution of power in the Soviet chemicals Industry Minister, for ex-Union away from the ministries ample, did not keep his promises, and departments which control the economic life of the country. The beneficiaries will be the central be replaced. planners in Gosplan, the Finance

Ministry and the Central Commit-tee Secretariat at the top, and the individual enterprises at the bot-tum.

But changes in personnel at the top of ministries, a process which has been going on since 1982, does not resolve the problem of reducing

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Thursday June 13 1985



Earnings advance at L'Air Liquide

L'AIR LIQUIDE, the leading French industriel gases group, yesterday reported an increase in consolidated net earnings to FFr 1.29bn (\$137m) last year from FFr 1.69bn the year before. The directors are planning a one for five scrip issue.

Group earnings after minority in-terests rose 23 per cent to FFr 1bn last year from FFr 814m the year before. Sales also showed a steady rise to FFr 19.8bn in 1984 from FFr 17.09bn the year before.

M Jean Delorme, the group's chairman, who stepped down yesterday after running the company for 40 years, said the company ex-pected similar growth and good profits this year.

M Delorme is to be succeeded as chairman by M Edouard de Royere, who has been vice-president of the company since 1982. M de Royere joined L'Air Liquide in 1968 after working with Crédit Lyonnais, the nationalised banking group.

The French group, which has seen profits and sales rise by an average of about 18 per cent a year for the past five years, has a presence in about 55 countries and is regarded as the first French multi-

Skis Rossignol **forecasts** buoyant year

By Our Financial Staff

SKIS Rossignol, the French skis and sports equipment group, reports strong profits growth for last year and says demand is likely to stay buoyant in the current 12

Against FFr 27.4m (\$2.9m), net profits for the year ended March 1985 have risen to FFr 41.9m. Sales of skis, which account for around 75 per cent of total turnover, rose sharply in the U.S.

The group does not disclose turnover but says sales of its mainstream tennis and ski equipment was strong. A few months ago it forecast sales for 1984-85 of FFr

● L'Oréal, the French cosmetic and pharmaceuticals group, expects group net profits to rise 13 to 14 per cent this year in line with turnover. Net profit rose to FFr 709m in 1984

Control Data drops plan to sell finance division

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

CONTROL DATA, the U.S. computer Price, president and chief op-structure and improve the compa ter and computer products group, has abandoned plans to sell its Commercial Credit financial ser-

The Minneapolis-based group, which announced plans to sell the Commercial Credit unit last November as part of a sweeping reorganisation following a sharp downturn in profits, said that it had ended discussions with prospective buyers for the financial services subsidiary and "is no longer considering the sale of that unit."

The decision to withdraw Commercial Credit from the auction block appeared to reflect Control Data's problems in finding a buyer at the right price and deeply disap-pointed Wall Street. In the wake of

the announcement the group's shares fell \$3.25 to \$27.50.

erating officer, said: 'The sale of my's operations are implemented.'
Commercial Credit has been He said actions during the past pushed for a number of months. After carefully evaluating the risks of not being able to conclude a sale on acceptable terms in a timely manner, we have concluded that the benefits of retaining Commercial Credit outweigh the advantages of

continuing the sale process."

The financial services subsidiary, headquartered in Baltimore, opand commercial lending offices in about 40 states and supplies insur-ance, property and vehicle leasing services. Last year the unit had revenues of \$1.3bn out of Control Data's total \$4.6bn in revenues.

Explaining the decision Mr Rob- bution, especially as plans to re- plug-competible equipment market.

year to streamline operations and improve performance had resulted in substantial improvement in the profitability of Commercial Credit's operations and added that the pos sibilities for further major restructuring of the unit had been identified during the attempt to find a buyer. Mr Price said these changes would now be implemented

The financial services division contributed \$82m in pre-tax earnings last year, up from \$60.7m in 1963. The unit's pre-tax earnings helped offset a \$72.5m pre-tax loss from Control Data's information services and products division Mr Price added: "We are confident that Commercial Credit will \$130.2m one-time charge related to continue to make a valuable contri- its decision to pull out of the IBM

Suez group takes FFr 335m charge ahead of CIC disposal

and industrial group, kept its basic erating profits last year. consolidated net profits little changed last year at FFr 1.04bm (\$110m) but took a FFr 335m charge connected with the impending div-estment of its Credit Industriel et

Commercial (CIC) banking arm.
M Jean Peyrelevade, the Suez chairman, also announced that the group's long-awaited issue of certificats d'investissement, or nonvoting preference shares, would total between FFr 500m and FFr 600m. Details of the issue are to be published next week.

M Peyrelevade called last year's results - which compared with net profit of FFr 1.06bn in 1983 - "satisfactory." Some 45 per cent of last year's profits came from foreign-based combanies and 55 per cent from France. The group's banking and financial activities accounted for 56 per cent, income from hold-

M Peyrelevade revealed that, as part of an agreement with the state the heavily loss-making Banque Vernes, the company would be pay-ing only about FFr 100m in dividend and other payments to its government shareholder on its 1984 results. This is imputed on the basis

The Government's levies on the banks - through dividends and pay-ments to a shareholder compensation fund set up to finance the 1982 nationalisations - have been increasingly criticis d by bankers on the grounds that flows between them and their shareholders take place in one direction only.

plained that profitable institutions needing to boost capital have been disadvantaged. M Peyrelevade's admission over the accord with the Government is the latest sign that. the Finance Ministry is prepared to be flexible over this subject.

Last year's result was composed of FFr 130m in earnings from capi-(FFr 709m last year, or FFr 800m on must target of FFr 100m. a comparable basis, including earnings from securities business)

COMPANIE Financière de Suez, of the central Suez holding compa- The group agreed in January to sell the French state-owned financial ny's narrowly defined FFr 225 of op- progressively its 40 per cent stake in CIC in an overall FFr. 1bn deal with the Government and the Groupe des Assurances Nationales insurance group.

> Although the sale will not take place until at least the end of 1985, Suez decided to account for the removal of the 45 companies in the CIC group in its 1984 consolidated results. The FFr 335m charge -With budgetary funds earmarked for loss-making nationalised industries and "lame duck" banks taken over in 1962, bankers have compared to the group's overall net profits to FFr 705m last year net assets at the end of last year due to different accounting united from a drop in Suez net assets at the end of last year due to different accounting united from a drop in Suez net assets at the end of last year due to which reduced the group's overall net profits to FFr 705m last year different accounting values for CIC before and after the divestment

trends, M Peyrelevade said operat ing profits from banking business might rise by less than the inflation rate because of the impact of lower credit demand from large corporate ing companies 27 per cent and in-surance and other operations 17 per tionally high FFr 346m in 1983) and contrast, were expected to show a FFr 910m in current operations profit of well above the group's an-

Among other favourable disposals, M Peyrelevade said the group M Peyrelevade said that the negative impact on the accounts of the CIC divestment would be compensated in the next few years as Suez gradually sold its holding in the bank and realised capital gains.

All Peyrelevade said the group had made capital gains from its sale of 7 per cent of Société Européenne de Propulsion, the French rocket engine company, which floated part of its shares on the Paris bourse at the end of last month.

CCB loss soars in second quarter

By Bernard Simon in Toronto CANADIAN Commercial Bank. the Edmonton-based group res-cued by the Canadian Government and the country's six largest banks in March, suffered a net loss of C\$21.7m (\$15.8m), or C\$3.62 a share, in the second quarter ended April 30, com-pared with a C\$1.8m deficit,

equal to 48 cents a share, a year earlier. For the first six months, net iosses were C\$21.5m, or C\$3.99 a share, against C\$500,000, or 22

cents, a year ago.

The latest losses were largely a result of a number of steps deresult of a number of steps oc-signed to put the bank's account-ing methods on a more conserva-tive basis including reversals of accrued but unpaid interest, write-downs of non-productive loans and a reversal of tax recov-

Assets slipped to C\$2.8im on April 30 from C\$3.1bn three

CCB said the proceeds of the CSZ55m rescue package were re-ceived on April 29 and were thus not reflected in second-quarter results. Mr Gerald McLaughlan, chairman, said losses were likely to decline over the remainder of

A drain of deposits in the wake of the bail-out has forced CCB to make substantial drawings of from the Bank of Canada, These advances - extended to at least two other banks - have reached more than Cilha. The Bank of Canada has said it will conti to support CCB or any other Canadian bank as long as the recipient remains commercially vi-

Mr McLaughian said the bank was trying to reduce official support by the recovery of marginal and non-recurring loans.

Bergen Bank A/S

Crédit Lyonnais

Generale Bank

Den norske Creditbank

Morgan Stanley International

Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank

Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank

HandelsBank N.W. (Overseas)

Mitsubishi Finance International

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co.

Union Bank of Norway Ltd.

Rome to choose future owner of IRI foods unit

BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

IRL Italy's state industrial holding company, is today due to present to the Government all valid offers re-ceived for SME, IRI's fcods subsidiary, which it intends to privatise. IRI made an agreement in late April to sell SME (Societa Meridionale Finanziaria) to Buitoni, the foods manufacturer which recently

But after a political row broke out over the agreement with Buitoni, other groups made higher offers for SME than the LA97bn (\$253m)

came under the control of Sig Carlo

de Benedetti, who is also chairman

which Buitoni agreed to pay for IRI's controlling 64 per cent stake. This week an important change was made in the composition of the consortium which made the first serious bid challenging Buitoni.

vest (the company controlled by a company named Cofima and is television magnate Sig Silvio Berworth L620bn. A third offer - yet to lusconi). Barilla and Ferrero (both be quantified - has been made by in the food manufacturing sector) have been joined by Cooperativa grouping of co-operatives related to Conserve Italia. Each has taken 25 the Italian Communist and Socialist per cent of a specially formed company called Industrie Alimentari
Riunite.

The Cooperativa Conserve Italia is a co-operative consisting of about 60 enterprises in the foods sector. Thanks to its arrival the consortium should now meet the Government's chase control of SME is binding and asked IRI to hand over the shares, SME be majority Italian owned. but Professor Romano Prodi, the The consortium has offered IRI chairman, has told him that the L800bn for SME, payable over a agreement was only a "prelimi-

L497bn offered by Buitoni. Yesterday IRI managers met rep-resentatives of another consortium Sig Darida will be reviewin

the League of Co-operatives, a

The League has nothing to do with Cooperativa Conserve Italia, tian Democrat Party.

Sig de Benedetti is still insisting that his agreement with IRI to pur-chase control of SME is binding and slightly longer period than the nary one subject to the approval of L497bn offered by Buitoni. Sig Clelio Darida, minister in

Sig Darida will be reviewing the

Viag unveils privatisation plan

VIAG, the West German energy, al- increased profits for 1984 and would tion sometime in 1986.

The state-owned group would probably put 25 per cent of its shares into private hands when the state and the state owned group would probably put 25 per cent of its shares into private hands when the stock market launch takes place, Herr Werner Lamby, managing board member, said yesterday.

uminium and chemical group, is to be raising its dividend. Net profits
unveil its plans for partial privatisarose from DM 109m (\$35m) to DM that, when we produce good results. 125m, and the dividend for 1984 is

The Finance Ministry, which currently holds 87 per cent of Viag, in-tends to sell at least 25 per cent to the public. The remaining 13 per cent of Viag is also state-owned, through Kreditanstalt für Wieder-He also announced that Viag had authou

On future dividend policy, Herr Lamby said: "It goes without saying our shareholders - whoever they are - should share in them."

Herr Lamby could not estimate the price at which Viag shares would be offered.

Turnover, including revenue from non-consolidated subsidiaries, rose 11 per cent last year to DM 11.96bn.

Den norske Creditbank improves

BY FAY GJESTER IN OSLO

Norway's largest commercial bank, and equalled only 2.83 per cent of maintained good profitability durantees average total assets, compared with age for 1984 as a whole.

The slower growth of net interest despite tough government credit months of 1984.

measures which curbed the rise in Operating prof

net interest income. per cent to NKr 323.7m equalling
At NKr 510.9m (\$57.6m) this was 1.8 per cent of average total assets.

DEN norske Creditbank, (DnC), 13.9 per cent up on a year earlier the same as January-April 1984

r cent to NKr 323.7m equalling

income was offset by sharply in-Operating profits climbed by 33.9 creased income from other activities, particularly currency dealing

lune 1985

Den Danske Bank

af 1871 Aktieselskab

Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft

Aktiengesellschaft

Bayerische Vereinsbank

Banque Paribas

Dewlin S A

Hambros Bank

Postipankki

PKbanken

European expansion

MARYLAND National Bank, with the biggest branch network in Maryland and assets of \$7bn, is to buy the Luxembourg subsidiary of Norwest Bank of Minneapolis for an undisclosed sum. Maryland National ranks as 63 among the 14,000

This takeover, which will be " Maryland's first major overseas acquisition, is subject to the approval of both the Luxembourg and U.S. regulatory authorities.

Assets of Norwest American Bank of Luxembourg (Noram), at March 31, totalled \$178m, with a loan portfolio of \$117m and capital and reserves of \$12.2m. It has a rep-

up strongly in year

resentative office in London which Maryland is keen to expand. Previously Maryland had a 25 per cent stake in London Interstate which it sold in September of last year to Sparekassen SDS of Den-

Maryland reported a 48 per cent increase in net income in the first quarter of the current year to

March 31 of \$16m. Mr Harry Weitzel, senior execu tive vice-president, said yesterday that the acquisition of Noram provided the opportunity to accelerate the growth of its merchant banking and Euromarkst loan syndication activities together with an expan-sion of private banking.

last year rose 13 per cent to DM

group's natural gas and chemicals divisions, although profits were also made on stocks in the oil division.

These losses had fallen to around DM 19 per tonne in the first quarter of this year, Herr Pohl said.

Herr Pohl said the improvement Exploration costs last year rose was even better than it appeared to DM 167.2m from DM 150.1m. The because the 1983 results had been dividend is going up from DM 17 a boosted by the addition from reserves of around DM 186m. Most of expected the results for 1985 to

Maryland National in | Deutsche Shell profits

DEUTSCHE SHELL, Royal Dutch/ Shell's West German subsidiary, has reported its best results for at least 10 years, despite continued heavy losses in its basic oil busi-

last year's profits were made by the show further positive progress.

burg the group had boosted net profits to DM 415m (\$106m) in 1984 from DM 344m in 1983. Turnover

Losses in the oil business de clined only slightly, to DM 358m from DM 370m in 1983. This means, Herr Hans-Georg Pohl, Deutsche
Shell's chief executive, said in Hamwas losing around DM 24 on every tonne of oil product it sold.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS Equitable Life issues long-term debt

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON EQUITABLE Life Assurance of the U.S. launched its first long-term cautious in their approach to the debt issue yesterday in the form of a \$100m, seven-year Eurobond for

its Equitable Life Financing Corporation subsidiery. Led by Credit Suisse First Boston with Donaldson Lufkin & Jenrette and Salomon Brothers, the issue bears a coupon of 10% per cent and an issue price of par, giving a yield of some 25 basis points over equiva-

lent U.S. Treasury bonds. Dealers said the paper was fairly well received trading easily within its 1% per cent fees as investors took advantage of the rarity of the name. But a more conspicuous success was another CSFB led issue for Queensland Government Development Authority.

This is a \$100m, 10-year, 10% per cent issue priced at 99% per cent. Co-lead managers are Deutsche Bank and Merrill Lynch.

The bond seems likely to find fayour with Far Eastern investors who currently like longer dated issues from Australian names, while European buyers, who traditionally go for U.S. corporate issues such as

bond market at the moment. Japan has thus emerged as a more important source of demand for bonds than Switzerland and the rest of Europe. Dealers say this is underlined by the World Bank's an-man Brothers alongside Banque Innouncement yesterday that it is considering launching a \$200m to

\$300m issue directly in Japan The fixed-rate sector also saw an \$80m, seven-year, 11 per cent issue for Alcoa of Australia, which is priced at par by CSFB, Deutsche Bank and J. Henry Schroder Wagg. Banque Indosuez and Royal Bank of Canada both launched floating-

The \$200m Indosuez issue bears an unusual feature in the form of a maximum coupon of 13% per cent, which was needed to complete a complicated and lucrative swap operation. But the maximum coupon was too high to put off investors who were attracted by the relatively high margin over three-month Limean of % per cent. The 12-year deal is priced at par and led by Leh-

BHF Bank bond average June 12 1985 Low 99.840

dosuez and Daiwa Europe. By contrast a \$350m, 20-year is-sue for Royal Bank of Canada was year bond expected to carry a 9 per sue for Royal Bank of Canada was regarded as tightly priced. It bears a coupon of just he per cent over one-month Libor, allowing investors little opportunity to play the yield curve. The deal is led by Orion

Royal Bank and priced at par. Tricentrol, the UK oil company, meanwhile met a good response on £35m, seven-year 11 per cent bond with equity warrants, which was quoted by lead manager Morgan Grenfell last night just over its par Markets in continental Europe

were generally little changed though D-Mark issues registered

small gains. The International Fi-

nance Corporation, a World Bank

this sector in the form of a DM 90m.

nched its first deal in

affiliate, lau

10-year, 7% per cent private placement led at par by BHF-Bank. The SwFr 120m, 12-year issue for Malaysia has been awarded a 6% per cent coupon by lead manager UBS, which priced the paper at 99%

In other sectors Ecu bonds weak-

ened sharply. Bank Mees en Hope

is raising Ecu 50m through a seven-

cent comoon. Société Générale launched a two-tranche issue in Australian currency through Bank-Banque Bruxelles Lambert and Société Générale. One tranche is for three years amounting to AS30m. the other for five years. Both carry a coupon of 13% per cent, but the first is priced at 100% and the sec-

ond at 100% per cent. Compagnie Française des Pétroles is raising NZ\$55m in the form of a five-year, 16% per cent issue priced at par and led by Banque Paribas, Morgan Stanley and Nikko

International bond service

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Denmark - Norway - Sweden

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Enskilda Securities Skandinaviska Enskilda Limited Svenska Handelsbanken Group

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CITICORP

111/2% Subordinated Notes Due June 13, 1995

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

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· U.S.\$150,000,000

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

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INTL. COMPANIES and FINANCE

Murdock sells out **Continental** interest

June, 1985

year-old Los Angeles financier, has sold his 20 per cent stake in Continental Group to Peter Kiewit Sons, his partner in last year's \$2.7hn leveraged buyout of the hig packaging and insurance congiomerate.

Kiewit, a privately held construction and mining company, segmined full expersion by murches.

and its annual revenues have been cut by around a third to \$4ba a year. Florida Gas Transmission, Continental Fibre Drum division, a Continental Fibre Drum division, a paper mill in Augusta and Lawyers Title, a property insurance company, have been sold. The group's Life Insurance Company of Virginia has been put up for sale. Its sale will end the major divestments,

Mr Donald Donahue, the chief executive of Continental since the "engage in entrepreneurial finance" and will be replaced by Mr Donald Sturm, a senior vice-president and director of Kiewit.

U.S. turnround lifts profit at Kühne & Nagel

By John Wicks in Zurich

KÜHNE & NAGEL, the West German international forwarding agen-cy, increased its net profits by 20.7 per cent last year to a record DM 30.9m (\$19m), thanks largely to a turnround in the U.S.

turned to profits after three years in the red, according to Herr Klauscompany.

As a result, net profits of the

western hemisphere division rose more than made up for a stabilisation of the German division's profits at 1983 levels and a marked drop in the after-tex figure of the Swiss-This decline, from SwFr 8.4m

(\$3.2m) to SwFr 6.2m, was due to SwFr 9.8m special provisions to meet possible tax arrears in another subsidiary outside Germany Group turnover rose by 18.5 per cent last year to a record DM

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. T_{00}

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June 1985

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Agent Bank

U.S. \$70,000,000

Banco Nacional de Desarrollo

Floating Rate Notes Due 1987



For the six months 13th June, 1985 to 13th December, 1985

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Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York



Weekly net asset value

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. on 10th June 1985 U.S. \$91.88

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Singapore to restructure ship-repairing industry

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE'S two principal ship-repair companies, Keppel Shipyard and Sembawang Shipyard, have appointed an outside consultant to advise on a major rationalisation of the whole recession-hit industry in the island state.

Keppel said yesterday the appointment — the firm's name and nationality remain a secret — had been agreed by all of Singapore's five biggest yards and that any proposals will have to be agreed by them before being implemented.

The rationalisation will be the first since the industry began in the 1960s, and some believe it is long overdue. Even now, the consultant's findings will only be produced by the end of the year, which means implementation will begin in

1986. The yards have nevertheless

Bid to reform

in Philippines

By Samuel Senoren in Manik

AFTER SUCCESSFULLY nego-

cial system which is facing its worst crisis in 40 years.

Topping the priority list is

the rural banking system, a key component of the agricul-

ture sector in which major policy reforms have been de-

manded by the International Monetary Fund as a condition for continued support to the

For two years rural bankers have themselves been openly agitating for both structural and

financial reforms, though their demands went unheeded largely because the financial authorities

were forced to concentrate on tackling mainstream economic

problems, notably the nation's

With 940 independent operat-ing units throughout the Philip-pines, the rural banking net-work is the principal source as well as conduit for government funds into agriculture under a supervised credit programme. Although combined resources

Although combined resources reached only 9bn pesos in 1984, against 288,5bn pesos (\$15,6bn) for the commercial banks, the rural banks enjoy a remarkably special role and sphere of influence in the communities they serve.

Many rural banks, confronted

finding it difficult to survive. Bad debts rose to an average

high of 36 per cent of total loans in 1984, against only 22 per cent in 1983. For the com-mercial banks, the ratio of

delinquent accounts to total loans has been estimated at 25

per cent.
Such a deterioration in the quality of loan portfolios re-flects the sad state of the Philippine economy in general, and of agriculture in particular.

and of agriculture in particular.
Agriculture tends to account
for about 80 per cent of the
banking system's total advances.
In turn, the low repayment
rate has adversely affected the
hiquidity and viability of the

system. In 1984, an estimated 85 per cent of rural banks had

due obligations with the cen-tral bank.

About 25 per cent of banks managed to return on investment of over 10 per cent, while about 30 per cent incurred losses. The rest just about broke

What the bankers want now is for their obligations with the central bank to be restructured over a 10-year period with five-

over a 10-year periou with nve-year grace.

There is little chance that such a request would be con-sidered by the central bank. Cesar Virata, the Prime Minis-ter, has said the Government would consider other options to

revitalise the rural banking

What these options are is not clear, although Mr Virata has been an advocate of merging rural banks into bigger units

in an attempt to make them more viable.

At the end of 1984, 85 banks were already facing liquidation or were under receivership, and

more are expected to fail. Rural bankers pinpointed at least half a dozen major causes.

A number of them involved tight central bank policies on rediscounting and emergency lending. The central bank, rural bankers say, is too slow to react

to requests for liquidity assis-tance. Furthermore, they claim to be subjected to high reserve

requirements against deposit liabilities which constrict bank-

ers' ability to mobilise deposit

They also blame the Govern-

ment for not meeting a com-mitment to match, on a one-to-

one ratio basis equity put up by investors. The national gov-ernment's support programme is hampered by budgetary con-

straints now that spending now that spending limits are

carefully monitored by the IMF. Clearly, whatver moves are offered to solve the problems

would require remedial legisla-

Failures

Deterioration

Philippines.

rural banks

activity in Singapore after oil

ship-repair, but business slumped to \$3668m (U.S.\$300m) last year from the 1981 peak of \$\$1.09bn after the world re-cession and reversal in oil trends hit tanker and bulk car-rier trade. If shipbuilding and oil-rig construction are also included, turnover has more than halved from \$32.4bn in 1981 to \$\$1.13bn last year.

In these circustances Keppel and Sembawang, both state-owned companies, have ended up battling not only each other for business but also two other yards which have a minority government shareholding —

met around a table already to Jurong Shipyard and Mitsubishi discuss capacity cuts in a Singapore Heavy Industries—as sector which has become the well as the privately-owned most important manufacturing Hitachi Zozen Robin Dockyard.

The Singapore Government, refining and electronics.

Singapore currently has about situation in a climate where 2.8m dwt in dock capacity for foreign competition is intense, ship-repair finally stepped in this year to encourage a rationalisation. Discussions so far are said to have focussed only on capacity utilisation, and have not yet included prices.

Reports in the local press have said that the Government is considering selling its 44 per cent stake in Mitsubishi Singapore Heavy Industries, but no

mergers are in prospect yet.
Some yards, most recently
Sembawang, have meanwhile
begun tailoring their workforce
to their business and started

Rivetti family's textiles group plans Milan quote

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

GRUPPO Finanziario Tessile 23.4 per cent stemmed from (GFT), one of Italy's largest North America, clothing and textiles manufacturers, is planning to seek a quotation on the Milan bourse the share issue, but a listing is and is to offer up to 25 per cent of its shares.

AFTER SUCCESSFULLY nego-tiating a \$10bn debt restructur-ing with more than 400 inter-national banks last month, the Philippine monetary authorities are redirecting their efforts towards strengthening the finan-The company, which produces and distributes under its own pared with shareholders' funds brand names and for designers of L90.5bn.

Such as Armani, Valentino and

La Zincocelleri, an electronic Ungaro, is controlled at present by the Rivetti family.

GFT last year saw its con-solidated net profit rise by 31.6 per cent to L25bn (\$12.6m) on turnover 23 per cent up at

Some 52.3per cent of turnover came from Italy last year, while (\$6.4m).

GFT is putting together plans for a consortium to underwrite the share issue, but a listing is not expected before next year.

Total net debt at the end of

● La Zincocelleri, an electronic components subsidiary of the Olivetti Group, is to seek a list-ing on the Milan Bourse by offering 31 per cent of its shares to investors who already hold Olivetti shares. The flotation, which would involve the sale of 25m shares of L500 par value apiece, would raise L12.5bn

Elders in A\$143m resource assets deal

By Michael Thompson-Noel in

ELDERS-IXL, Australia's biggest companies, is pumping all its natural resource assets into a new company, Elders Resources, to be formed through the restructuring of Mungana Mines, a listed gold exploration group. The deal is worth tion group. The deal is worth approximately (US\$94.4m).

The interests include 20 per cent of Bridge Oil and 15 per cent of Kidston Gold Mines, Australia's biggest active gold

Mr John Elliott, Elders' managing director, said in Melhourne yesterday that by freeing about A\$60m in cash with the deal, Elders will have realised more than A\$600m in sales of assets since its pur-chase of Carlton and United Breweries 18 months ago.

Elders will control between Elders will control between 40 and 49 per cent of Elders Resources. If its shareholders agree, Mungana will acquire all Elders' resource interests for A\$143m by way of a A\$49.7m placement to Elders, a A\$51.6m four-for-five rights increased. iscue, and a A\$50m preference share issue.

The interests include 24.34m Bridge Oil shares at A\$2.50 each (A\$51m); 18.75m Kidston shares at A\$0.61 each (A\$67m); and 4m City and Suburban Properties shares at A\$2.10 each (A\$84m)

Existing Mungana share-holders will have the opportunity of selling their shares at A\$1.25 each.

Elders-IXL will now be simplified into four main operating divisions: pastoral, brewing, international and

Telefonica of Spain holds dividend as profits soar by 18%

COMPANIA TELEFONICA foreign shareholding of 13 per pana, the semi-cent in the company. He added Nacional de Espana, the semistate telecommunications giant that this might progressively which is preparing for the list-ing of its share in London and other European exchanges, has reported a 1984 net profit of Pta 32.62bn (\$186m), an increase of 18.5 per cent over the previous year's result of Pta 27.54bn.

Sr Luis Solana, chairman, said the company would propose an unchanged dividend of 11 per cent to the annual general neeting next Monday.

Turnover last year rose by over 17 per cent to Pta 381bn. Trading in Telefonica shares

increase to the current limit of 25 per cent laid down in Telefonica's statutes.
Telefonica is involved in several key electronics projects

with foreign partners, notably as a minority partner in a joint computer venture agreed recently with Fujitsu of Japan and in a planned microchip production facility due to be set up by American Telephone & Telegraph.

& Telegraph.

Sr Solana said the AT & T
project, which has been at the
centre of a quarrel between
Washington and Madrid over
the possible military application
of technology re-exported to the
Soviet bloc, was still awaiting
U.S. approval but that he hoped
for a final agreement in the is scheduled to start later this the possible military application month in London, followed by of technology re-exported to the Paris, Edinburgh and Frank-Soviet bloc, was still awaiting furt. Sr Solana said that as a U.S. approval but that he hoped result of commitments already for a final agreement in the would mean a next two months.

Laly to issue shares as prelude to London listing

BY FAY GJESTER IN OSLO

LALY, the Norwegian investment company, is seeking a major injection of fresh capital through a NKr 250m (\$28.2m) The is-ne has been under-

written by a consortium led by Sundal, an Oslo broker, and Samuel Montagu of the UK. Subscriptions open tomorrow and the issue will be marketed both in Oslo and in London, with the long-term aim of securing a London listing. The company 15 already listed in

Laly, until recently a tiny, debt-burdened shipping com-

pany has since become the vehicle of two brothers, Wilvehicle of two brothers, wilhelm and Arne Blystad, both of
whom have been active in takeover deals on the Norwegian
market. Their initial invexment in Laly was around
NKr 4m. Last month a private
placement of around 5.87m
shares to Blystad's group
interests increased capital to
NKr 360m.

The company's largest single asset at present is a 36 per cent stake in Investa, the Norwegian investment and industrial group which is the Bergen-based Vesta insurance company.

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Beecham's £38m rise disappoints

SHARP improvements by both its pharmaceuticals and consumer products divisions enabled the Reecham Group to (575.6m) and £102m (586.8m). lift its 1984/85 pre-tax profits from £267.9m to a record 1306.1m. Turnover improved by 1306.1m. Turnover improved by 1345m to 1229bn. However, the results dis-appointed the market and Beecham's shares closed 28p

lower at 350p. Included for the first time were contributions from Roberts Consolidated Industries, Dr Lo. Zambeletti S.p.A. and Copydex from the date of their respective

The effect of consolidating these and other minor acquisi-tions was to increase the group's turnover and pre-tax profits by £134m and £4m respectively after covering their associated financing costs, estimated at

£15m,
Earnings for the 12 months to
March 31 1985 came through at
23.88p (22.76p) on a net basis
and a final dividend of 6.2p
(5.6p) raises the net total from
10.2p to 11.3p per 25p share.
A divisional breakdown of
turnover and pre-tax profits
shows pharmaceuticals £685.5m
(£553m) and £146.9m (£130.1m)
and consumer products £1.63bn
and consumer products £1.63bn from group companies and profits of £8.1m (£8.7m) from related

Rowlinson up slightly

at £769,000

rest of Europe £597m (£498.1m) and £85m (£71.8m), the Americas

i - Martin Nie bl. (1911).

£105.7m (£88.7m). Pre-tax profits were struck after taking account of an £11.8m rise in net interest charges to £23.5m. Tax accounted for £131.3m (£105.2m) and minorities for £1.2m (£0.9m).

The available balance emerged The available balance emerged at £173.5m, compared with a previous £161.8m, an increase of 7.3 per cent. Ordinary dividend payments will absorb £83.5m (£73.5m).

The acquisition of British-American Cosmetics was completed in January this year and the results of this business for the three months to March 31 will be included in the group's

will be included in the group's consolidated accounts for the current year.

The offer to acquire UniBond (Holdings) became unconditional at the end of March and the group's results do not include any figures in respect



Mr Ronald Haistend

falling due after more than one year had increased by £81.3m to £349.3m and net liquid funds showed a reduction of £64.2m, but still amounted to £186.5m. The directors explain that the of this acquisition. mainly due to financing acquisi-At March 31, 1985, group loans tions and the translation effect

of currency movements, particu-larly on U.S. dollar-denominated

During 1984-85 research and deve ment spending rose from 270m to 278m, including £81.1m on the pharmaceuticals side.

Group profits were affected by Group profits were affected by something like £10m from the pharmaceutical price cuts imposed in Japan and about another from the economic problems of Nigeria. Currency gains came out at £11m—they would have been £30m if the totals had been struck in January when the dollar was at its neak dollar was at its peak. Growth in North America had been "dramatic." The U.S. now

accounts for just over a third of Beecham's profits and is over-taking the U.K. with its propor-tion expected to increase. Commenting on the results Mr Ronald Hallstead, the chairman, said the pharmaceuticals operations had "been through their trough," and "I think we will see a much better future in

will see a much better tuture in the next few weeks."

Beecham was still looking for growth in antibiotics although more than half of its research spending is now going on non-antibiotics, such as a drug for dispersing a blood clod in a heart attack and another for the treatment of arthritis. See Lex

Bassett boosted by acquisition

Pre-tax profits of Rewlinson Securities rose slightly from £762,574 to £769,033 in the year to March 31 1985. The board says

the result would have been better but for the building contracting division which had a disappointing year.

In 1985-86 the board anticipates Jackson has met, and is conprofits will be at least main-tained and for the first time in a number of years, there is the possibility of some improvement After-tax earnings improved from 4.77p to 5.49p per 10p share and the dividend is maintained at 0.65p net with a final of 0.46875p (same). Turnover amounted to £8.69m (£9.58m).

M & G Second Dual After-tax revenue of M & G Second Dual Trust increased from £854.465 to £964.785 for the year to May 31 1985. Earnings per 10p income share were 9.65p (8.54p) and the final dividend is 4.75p net for a total payment up from 8.54p to 9.65p. Gross revenue came to £1.38m, com-

pared with £1.22m. Asset value per 4p capital share was ahead from 139.8p to 209.5p at the year end.

charges Bassett Foods raised its 5.6p to 6: 1984-85 profits by £343,000 to per cent.

22.8m at the pre-tax level.
The results for the 52 weeks to March 29 1985 included those of Ernest Jackson, acquired last November, for the full year under merger accounting principles.

expectations and with the group's overseas companies starting the current year well early indications are that Geo Bassett is "performing to plan." For the past year group sales pushed ahead from £65.03m to £69.35m. The UK take was up from £48.85m to £55.44m but the overseas companies' contribution fell by some £2.26m to £13.92m. UK trading profits reached

£3.07m (£2.83m) and overseas £384.000 (£153,000). Interest charges accounted for £817,000 (£457,000) and the employee share scheme £40,000 (£65,000). Tax took £165,000 (£306,000) to leave net profits at £2.64m, against a previous £2.15m.

Minorities absorbed a same-again £2,000 and earnings amoun-ted to £2,63m (£2,15m), equal to 19,39p (17,75p) per 25p share. A final dividend of 5,04p

The directors say 1984-85 was a

busy and varied year for the group. It started with the lapsing of the Avana bid in April, fol-lowed by a hot summer with its attendant problems for confec-tionery production and sales, continued with the divestment of Bassett Svenska and the acqui-sition of Ernest Jackson in the autumn and finished with a flat post-Christmas trading period.

They add that there is no reason to believe 1985-86 wil be any less busy and varied and "we look to make further progress in the current year."

In the UK Geo Bassett & Co's performance was affected by the cost of new product launches, and the short term effects of commissioning new plant and equipment—the directors say these investments will yield benefits in the future.

Overseas, B.V. De Faam in Holland continued to make steady progress, and the reorganisation of Rouger, completed during the year, eliminated last year's trading loss in France. Wilkinson-Spitz (U.S.) had an excellent year. Bassett

interest (4.55p) lifts the net total from tained margins on increased raised its 5.6p to 6.72p, an increase of 20 sales. comment

Bassett may have accomplished the earlier targets it set itself when thwarting the Avana bid last year but there is no disguising the fact that yesterday's full year figures are disappointing. The market had been looking for pre-tax profits of £3m and in that light £2.8m may not seem a particularly poor result. But a particularly poor result. But the profit is struck after a reducthe profit is struck after a reduc-tion in the pension contribution of close to £400,000 and a maiden £350,000 from Jacksons. Take those out of a second haif profit of £1,3m and the underlying trend takes on a very different complexion. The final quarter was difficult for the whole sector but Reseatt seems to have was difficult for the whole sector but Bassett seems to have endured a particularly bloody time. So it is surprising that the price managed to hold at 183p yesterday, a fall of just 4p. Profits this year should reach £3½m or so but an increased tax charge and the extra equity against the Jackson deal could leave earnings lower at, say, 17p a share. The prospective p/e of just under 11 is really only justified by expectations of a bid and Bassett is one of the few

and Bassett is one of the few ways for a predator to win a well oiled distribution network into Confectionery Deutschland main- the CNT (newsagent) market.

OKWHATWERE

Tim very pleased to say that our new manufacturing facility in Washington is not only making high-quality industrial cable. It's making money as well. That's due, in some part, to the extremely positive attitude of our workforce up here. They've given us productivity equal to that of our parent company in Norway. They've reduced absenteeism to below the Norwegian average. Their time-keeping has always been

We've negotiated a one-union agreement that also contains a no-strike commitment. We've found union officials extremely helpful and constructive. In fact industrial relations are

because we have the right approach to encouraging investment. From national government to local authorities, from management to trade unions, well work to make your move to Britain a success. We have the labour skills, with one of Europe's best trained workforces, and we have the infrastructure for supply and distribution. And, with our special position in the international financial world, we offer the security you need.

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Body Shop near to £1m at six months

Body Shop International which came to the USM a bittle over a year ago, saw its profits hefore tax surge to £981,000 in the six months to March 31, 1985.

The figures fell just £63,000 short of total reported for the 1983-84 year and beat the profits for the corresponding six months of that year by £629,000.

Mr Gordon Roddick, the chairman of this West Sussex-based skin and hair care preparations concern, tells shareholders that the second six months should see a continuation of controlled growth

tion of controlled growth within the group.

A maiden interim dividend of 1.2p per 5p share is being paid—in Jamary the directors said they intended to recommend a total payment of not less than 2.7p (1.5p), an improvement of 0.5p on the procupers forecast. prospectus forecast.

Mr Roddick says that growth in the UK continued in line with expectations and that Christmas sales reached

a record.
Export sales moved ahead rapidly with "particularly gratifying" results from Australia and Canada. A decline in the value of the pound against the Canadian health street he ground health street the ground health. dollar since the group began trading in that country has given rise to considerably increased sales from that

The group's current shap opening programmes are on target and detailed planning consent has been granted for a new warehouse in a position current site. It is expected to be operational by mid-1986.

Turnover for the opening Turnover for the opening six months improved from £2.07m to £4.33m. Tax calculated at 42\(\frac{1}{2}\) per cent rose to £417,900 (£167,900) to leave net profits at £364,900, compared with £165,900.

Earnings per share emerged at 11.29p, against a previous

The group was started by Mr Roddick and his wife, Anita, some nine years ago. Some 20 per cent of the equity was placed on the market in 1984.

It is a rare thing when a

company reporting a 178 per cent increase in profits is greeted by a 55p fall in its share price. But Body Shop is no ordinary company, and the market, having set its sights on a pre-tax figure of over £1m, had chased the shares up by £2 in three weeks to a peak of 850p, and so was inevitably disappointed by the outcome. The real can continue to expand enough to justify its giddy rating. The shares, back to 735p, are trading on a multiple of 35 on the assumption that the company makes £1.8m for the full year (the second half tends to year (the second nair tends to be weaker) after a 42 per cent tax charge. With 62 shops now open in the UK, the number of new ones that can be usefully added may not be great. No doubt there is still plenty of room for is still plenty of room for more expansion overseas, but the shares are ill-prepared for any accidents. The market is very tight indeed, and anything but the best news from the company could send the

Tesco meets its estimate with 21% rise to £81m

Tesco, the multiple retailing group, has turned in 1934-85 re-sults in line with its estimates given in April at the time of the £145m rights issue. Pre-tax profits for the year to February 23 rose 21 per cent from £67.4m to £81.3m, on turnover, excluding VAT, up 16 per cent to £3bn, against £2.59bn.

As reported two months ago, turnover has been satisfactory with a volume gain of approxi-mately 8 per cent. Productivity initiatives have continued with a further reduction in labour costs as a percentage of turnover.

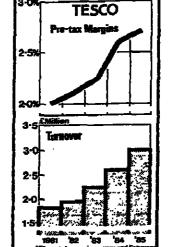
The final dividend, as predicted, is 3.1p net, which raises the total from 4.1p to 4.85p per 5p share.

The net surplus on property sales increased from £5.2m to £8.7m. Earnings per share, excluding this item, were 15.07p (12.67p) or 17.84p (14.22p) including it. Last year, there was also a £20m extraordinary charge for a deferred tax provision.

Nine new stores, together with two new extensions, were opened during the year, creating 350,000 sq ft of new selling area. Some 31 smaller stores were closed representing 300,000 sq ft.

The opening programme for

The opening programme for 1985-86 comprises 14 new stores plus an extension, which will create 500,000 sq ft of new selling area. This includes the group's time. This was as a result of say the least.



Park, Neasden, which opened on

Operating profits climbed from £88.9m to £81.7m, before interest charges of £0.4m (£1.5m). Net margins were up from 2.6 per cent to 2.71 per cent.

Act, involving reduced rates of capital allowance and the aboli-tion of stock relief which were not fully offset by the benefit of a lower corporation tax rate. This year's effective rate of tax has also been reduced by a prior year credit of £2m—the effective rate of corporation tax for 1985-86 is estimated at 39 per cent.

The market's response to yester-day's preliminary statement from Tesco was churlish in the extreme. The group duly made a touch more profit than it had forecast in the April rights issue document and fleshed out forecast in the Apin Agains issue document and Resked out the figures with reassuring comments about current trading. It may be that yesterday's 10p fall in the share price to 245p reflected concern about the effect of Asda's selective price cuts; more probably, the market took another look at Tesco's capital spending plans and shield away. This year the company will add roughly 500,000 sq ft to its selling area—before taking account of closures—at a cost of over £200m. That may be ambitious, but Tesco is still edging up its net margin and achieving useful volume growth in its new outlets. Pre-tax profits should grow by more than a third to around £112m this year, so the historic earnings multiple of 16 times looks conservative to say the least.

Dominion advances to £9.3m

by 40 per cent from £6.59m to £9.26m, on turnover 46 per cent higher at £45.21m, against £31.03m. This year's figures have been calculated on a merger accounting basis with 1983-84 re-sults restated in accordance with

The major acquisition of the year under review was last September's purchase of Anglo-International Investment Trust for some £15m, which involved the issue of 15.8m new Dominion

shares.

Mr Max Lewinsohn, the chairman, says the effect of the acquisition has been a substantial improvement in group liquidity and despite a number of other significant investments for cash, net debt at the year and represented only 35 per for cash, net debt at the year end represented only 35 per cent of shareholders' funds.

Prospects for the current year are excellent, he states, with all three divisions well placed to grow organically.

Fully diluted earnings per 20p share emerge at 13.43p, compared with a restated 10.42p,

Slaters Food slightly down

HIGHER INTEREST charges have reduced pre-tax profits at Slaters Food Products from £503,000 to £486,000 for the year to March 29, 1985. At the interim stage profits of £251,000 (£282,000) had been achieved, and Mr D. Cooper, the chairman, believed that the results for the year would show an improvement over the previous year

vious year. The final dividend is unchanged at 1.3p, and maintains the total for the year at 2.2p. Mr Cooper is waiving the final on 2.81m shares. Stated net earnings per 10p share are shown higher at 9.3p (8p). The com-

pany's shares are traded on the USM.

based manufacturer and distri-butor of fresh and frozen meat products increased by £4.63m to £15.05m, and the chairman says sheet (thanks to the disguised that turnover is continuing to increase. This, together with lower raw material prices and the benefits from capital expenditure coming through, makes the board confident of an increase in profitability for the

From an operating profit this time of £718,000 (£598,000), interest payments were substantially higher at £232,000.

PROFITS HAVE risen for the fourteenth consecutive year at Dominion International Group, with all three divisions—property development, natural resources and financial services—recording increased results.

Group pre-tax profits for the year to March 31, 1985, climbed by 40 per cent from £6.59m to Tax took £1.45m (£1m) and minorities accounted for £1.21m (£0.76m) leaving the attributable balance up from £4.83m to £6.6m. There was also an extraordinary charge this time of the dividend total is raised by 0.2p to 5p net during the year to just under 60 per cent, reaped the benefits exploration and production. Average net monthly oil production was 35 per cent higher and gas production 78 per cent higher at 7,200 barrels and 84m ordinary charge this time of the consecutive year at 11.48p to 14.67p. The dividend during the year to just under 60 per cent, reaped the benefits exploration and production. Average net monthly oil production 78 per cent higher at 7,200 barrels and 84m ordinary charge this time of

. Ti

Tax took £1.45m (£1m) and minorities accounted for £1.21m (£0.76m) leaving the attributable balance up from £4.83m to £6.6m. There was also an extraordinary charge this time of £0.31m. cu ft respectively. Record profits of £3.57m (£3.21m) were achieved by financial services, despite the impact of the 1984 Finance Act which materially reduced the scope and profitability of Dominion's friendly society related business. Property development profits rose film to £3.33m, on turnover of £21m (£14.37m). The number of new homes completed and sold increased by more than 40 per cent. Dominion is currently selling from 17 sites in the South East and the Midlands, with an increasing emphasis on quality retirement homes. Current high mortgage rates will not deter expansion as Dominion is not in the first-time buyer market. Tremmy society related distiness.
To compensate, new products
and a broader business base have
been successfully developed,
while Dominion's lease purchase and consumer finance businesses both enjoyed strong growth.

market.
On the commercial side, the comment emphasis over the past year has been on improving lettings and

It had looked as if the financial services division was going to let Dominion down. The 1984 Budget seriously dented sales of insurance-linked products for friendly societies and at the rentals. The investment portfelio now approaches £20m and gross rental income is approximately £2.5m. A number of new lettings and rent reviews are due this year, which will also benefit from the first full contribution from completed developments at Leatherhead and Marlow.

Natural resources profits friendly societies and at the interim stage profits from that sector were £350,000 lower. With the help of new products and some small additions to its group of activities, however, growth has been achieved for the year as a whole. The market had already seen the figures from Southwest Resources so there were no surprises there there were no surprises there while the property side has produced a profit above most expectations. So overall the

group has turned in a creditable result from its three-legged mini-conglomerate. Expectations for this year are already grouped around fllim to fl2m pre-tax sheet (thanks to the disguised rights issue from the investment trust takeover) and a good profits record it is surprising that the shares are so modestly rated.

> LADBROKE INDEX 985-989 (-10) Based on FT Index Tel: 01-427 4411

DDT moves ahead 51%

IN ITS first financial year since joining the USM last July, DDT Group reports a 51 per cent increase in pre-tax profits, from £472,555 to £712,734.

For the year to end-March 1985 this supplier of third party microcomputer maintenance increased turnover by 28 per cent to £6.82m against £5.31m, generating a gross profit of £2.03m (£1.45m). At the half-way stage taxable profits of £145,000 had been achieved on turnover of £2.62m.

is planning to make strategic acquisitions to complement and streogthen its comprehensive UK service network. He sees the year ahead as one of dynamic and profitable expansion.

As forecast at the time of its USM placing, the directors are recommending a single final dividend of Ip net. Stated earnings per 5p share have increased by 32 per cent to 9.5p (7.2p).

Mr Crook says that during the recommendation field.

For the year to end-March 1985 this supplier of third party microcomputer maintenance increased turnover by 28 per cent to £6.82m against £5.31m, generating a gross profit of £2.03m (£1.45m). At the half-way stage taxable profits of £145.000 had been achieved on turnover of £2.62m.

Mr James Crook, the chairman, says that the customer base is expanding, with the group gaining new customers at an average of 60 to 80 per month. It 's obtaining an increasing number of major accounts from the top 1,000 UK companies.

Looking to the future, he says \$2 per cent to \$3.97 (1.25).

Mr Crook says that during the year the group expanded its field staff by 50 per cent and opened branch offices in Warrington and Belfast. He assesses the potential UK third party maintenance market at £85m, and as the group is one of the UK's leading suppliers and increase its market share. The hardware sales company individually specialised products, the chairman says. He expects to be maintained in the current year.

Distribution costs were £608,093 (£417,215), and

Looking to the future, he says £608,093 (£417,215), and that to service this increased administrative expenses £708,606 volume of business the group (£516,477). Interest received less payable, and similar charges, amounted to £3,103 this time (debit £32,955).

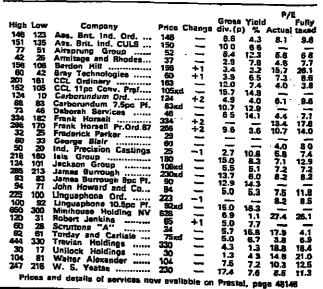
Tax was £246,816 (£124,711), leaving attributable profit at leaving attributable £465,918 (£347,844).

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Total last year 5.6 10.2 1.5 6.8 Date Corre Total of sponding for Date Current payment payment Aug 1 Aug 21 4.55 5.6 Nil Aug 8 July 19 July 5 Dominion Intl. July 29 July 25 July 16 8.54 9.5 0.65 2.2 Aug 12 0.47 1.3 Aug 6 Aug 2 Oct 4 0.35 2.6 2.93 0.42 4.85 4.6 3.1 3.37

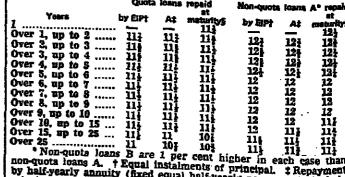
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Public Works Loan Board rates Effective June 12 Quota losas repaid



reassessment of the amount due following negotiations with

Attributable profits came through at £6.15m, compared with £5.52m. Earnings per share

amounted to 5.16p, against 3.92p.

Sound Diffusion's shareholders

were treated to an unusual post yesterday morning. Not only did

the company send out a copy of the preliminary announcement, so that aunties in Prighton were

as well briefed as Throgmorton Street professionals but an even longer document was enclosed—

a spoof report on a question and answer session between chairman and shareholders. A good idea for small shareholders to be sure,

for small shareholders to be sure, but it is a case of too much too late. The price had already collapsed from 140p to 92p ahead of the results. No mater how the company likes to preesnt the figures, a fall in second half profits of around 50 per cent is not much of an achievement. Even the company's own broker was stuck in print with a f12m pre-tax forecast. All the reasons for the setback were well aired yesterday but judging by the price movement in recent months some in the market already had

some in the market already had

comment

Earth Order of

Pilkington up to record £116m

manufacturer and processor, lifted pre-tax profits by 31 per fitten pre-tax profits by 31 per cent from £88.3m to a record £116m for the year to March 31, 1985. The improvement was attributed to the continuing recovery of UK trading results, increased licensing income and increased licensing income and excellent results from the U.S. associate, Libbey-Owens-Ford.

associate, Libbey-Owens-Ford.

Earnings per f1 share were up from 13.5p to 21.8p — an increase of 64 per cent. The second interim dividend is raised by Ip to 7.5p making a total net payment of 12.5p (11.5p). It is proposed that shareholders will be given an opportunity to elect to take their dividend in cash or new shares in the company.

Mr Antony Pilkington, the shares in the company.

Mr Antony Pilkington, the chairman, says there is continuing improvement in UK productivity. The overseas companies should continue to perform well with the group making further progress through beter productivity and improving margins.

There will, however, be exceptional UK redundancy costs as restructuring is completed. Agreed redundancies will cost about £20m in 1985-86.

UK operations recorded the

UK operations recorded the first trading profit after redundancy costs — £4m — since 1980. This compared with a £7.6m loss previously. Trading surplus before redundancies was up from £5.9m to £13.6m. Redundancies.



Mr Antony Pilkington

dancy costs still high at £9.6m (£13.5m) reflect the on-going emphasis on improved produc-

tivity.

Overseas activities had another satisfactory year, says Mr Pilkington, with slightly lower profits of £82.8m (£84.3m) after redundancies of £0.3m (£2m). There were improved performances from Germany, Australia and Brazii, South African results were lower than the high levels of previous years, but were still good, he

PILKINGTON

says. Scandinavian results suf-fered from the difficult trading conditions in that area. Licensing income and techni-cal fees increased by £6.3m to £30.3m reflecting a combination of improved sales by group licensees and a rise in fees re-ceived for technical increases.

1950 131 762 763 164 185

ceived for technical know-how.
Share of related companies profits rose substantially from £20.3m to £28.9m, largely because of record results from Libbey-Owens-Ford.
Group trading profits were

stated after charging an additional £32.3m (£33.7m) to replacing tangible assets at current cost. Using a historical depreciation charge, pre-tax profits were £148.3m (£123m) and earnings per share were 36.9p (29.6p). External sales advanced from

£1.21bn to £1.23bn. Total trading profits came out at £86.8m (176.7m). Interest, less investment income, took £30m (£32.7m). After tax up from £51.6m to £64.3m, net profits were flom higher at £51.7m. Minorities accounted

fill.7m (£13.5m) and extra-ordinary charges of £6.4m (£3.8m) left the attributable balance at £33.6m, against £19.4m. Dividends absorb £24.5m (£19.5m). The extraordinary items com-prised £0.3m pre-operational charges and £8.1m works

closures, less £2m profits on the sale of subsidiary related com-

panies.

The last stage of the UK redundancy programme is to be accelerated through a special once and for all scheme available to those employees in redundant jobs. The effect of this initiative is to concentrate the cost of redundancy. Capital expenditure in the UK was £38m, for the year under review. Overseas spending, including investments, came to

Chemring tops £0.7m and lifts interim

For the 26 weeks to March 29 985, Chemring, maker of elec-1985. Chemring, maker of electronic countermeasure products, raised pre-tax profits from £579,000 to £754,000 and is lifting its interim dividend by 1.5p to

The directors say demand for the group's products is increasing and with a strong order book they are confident that the year-end results will be satis-

During the opening six months all operating units made satisfactory profits. Group sales rose from £3.73m to £4.11m, an increase of 10.4 per cent, and exports improved by just over 48 per cent, rising from £551,000 to £816,000. Pre-lax profits included investment income of £183,000, against previous £151,000. Tax of £320,000 (£275,000) left net pro-fits at £433,000, compared with

Earnings per 5p share emerged at 20.6p (14.4p).
Good progress has been made with the new management services and chaff technology profit centre referred to in the last annual statement. annual statement. Group pre-tax profits for the 1983-84 year totalled £1.45m (£1.3m).

Howard **Machinery still** very depressed

Mr Charles Alsop, chairman of Howard Machinery, said at to-days annual meeting that the commercial climate in which the company operates has not improved since the year end, and trading in the current year has remained very depressed, with the exception of West Germany.

The loss of the offtake for Australia further depressed sales from the European base, particularly from the UK. Sales of tillage equipment in France have been affected by reduced farmer expenditure though there is an improvement in the grape har-

As a result, group sales have been substantially lower than in the comparable period last year. As indicated in the annual report, further measures are necessary, the board is examining the available options and will keep shareholders informed.

Micro Scope coming to market

formings and provide capital for further growth.

Given the Maidenhead group's forecats of profits of not less than 1m pre-tax for theyear to the end of October on turnover of 3.7m, the shares are offered at 16.8 times forecast earnings on a 30 per cent anticipated tax charge. The indicated yield is 1.79 per cent at the offer price 1.79 per cent at the offer price.
Founded in 1979, Micro Scope's profits have grown consistently from £17,000 in 1981 to £308,000 in the year to last October when turnover was £2.6m. In the first half of 1984-85, the group made £301,000 pre-tax on sales of £1.7m.

Videotex is typically used by customers needing to link a large number of terminals to a central computer — for example travel agents and insurance companies. The group's biggest customers include Thomas Cook and the Halifax Building Society. Micro Scope first exported in 1984 — this year overseas sales are expected to account for 25 per cent pected to account for 25 per cent of the total. After the offer for sale, the directors will hold over 60 per cent of the company's equity. comment

It takes a brave man to bring an electronics stock to market at alf of 1984-85, the group made an electronics stock to market at 301.000 pre-tax on sales of this time, and an even braver 1.7m.

The company says its margins premium to a sector languishing ave improved by achieving on a collective prospective mul-

Micro Scope, a producer of network control equipment for private viewdata systems, is coming to the stock market with a capitalisation of £12.8m.

Merchant bank Kleinwort Benson, with the help of broker Cazenove, is offering for sale 3.2m shares, or 30 per cent of the company's enlarged equity at 120p each. Of these, L95m are being sold by existing shareholders, the rest are new shares sold to clear the company's borrowings and provide capital for further growth.

economies of scale and by introducting turnover in specialised markets where there is a lack of direct competition.

The company's main business or glotaling why a company with sor in tuckly saw opportunities for a flotation. Nevertheless, Micro Scope is coming to market, own, most importantly videotex communications products which now account for about half of turnover.

Videotex is typically used by customers needing to link a large number of terminals to a central computer based data communication. The company seems to have stolen a march on British computer-based data communication. The company seems to have stolen a march on British Telecom in a field which has not attracted U.S. competition and is now poised to exploit expormarkets. Everything looks good for the next year or two. How-ever, the longer-term outlook looks less certain—it is not clear whether videotex will turn out to be a passing phase in the history of data communications, overwhelmed by the eventual development of cheaper computers. Conversely, if it does survive as a distinct market, as is probably more likely, the data communications majors, including BT, will begin to eye Micro Scope's margins very enviously.

Globe Investment Trust asset value rises 12%

trust with assets of £748m, has announced net profits of £17.16m for the year ended March 31 1985, compared with £15.09m previously.

previously.

Net asset value per 25p share stood at 382.75p basic at end-March, a 12.24 per cent increase on the 341.02p of a year earlier. Fully diluted it was 362.01p (322.82p).

The directors are proposing to lift the dividend total to 9.9p (9p) with an increased final of

(9.24p) basic, and 10.2p (9.05p) fully diluted.

The tax charge was £8.18m (58.29p)

comment

Globe is continuing to concentrate its portfolio on a smaller number of large investments, with the top 20 investments (ex-

Globe Investment Trust, a cluding its financial services sub-member of the Electra House sidiary) accounting for over half group of companies, and the underlying assets. This has UK's largest listed investment certainly paid off in the £16.75m gross turn on the House of Fraser holding and should do the same for the 3 per cent of Deben-hams' booked at 130p; but the success of a more active style of management when taking 20 per cent of Waterford Glass is balanced by the difficulties at Mercantile House. Globe easily met its income growth target but met its income growth target but seriously underperformed the UK market in capital growth because of the much weaker performance of the U.S. portfolio—compounded by hedging dollar strength the wrong way. None the less, Globe remains confident about both the U.S. and Japan and should see an improvement in the p and 1 this year with a resumption of dividends from Zimbabwe and the end of startup costs at Tyndall and Globe International. At 274p. Globe still trades at a market discount to NAV.

Good second half for Gee/Rosen

As envisaged, the Gee/Resen Organisation more than made up the £21,000 first half shortfall finished the year to March 31, 1985 with pre-tax profits up from £283,000 to £304,000. Turnover for the year

£283,000 to £304,000.

Turnover for the year improved by £2.47m to £7.38m—the group, a menswear wholesaler and retailer, came to the USM a year ago.

A final dividend of 1p gives shareholders a net total of 1.5p, as promised in the prospectus. Earnings per 5p share emerged 0.5p lower at 2.6p after taking account of a higher tax charge of £126,000 (£100,000).

The dividend will absorb £105,000.

£105,000. The second half pick-up was The second half pick-up was envisaged in the interim statement which referred to the planned increase in establishment costs required to enlarge the business base of the group to cope with the greater volumes of business projected.

Bernard Matthews, the turkey and meat processor, has been paid more than £800,000 in settlement of a claim made against the supplier of a turkey

ing with two awards by an arbitration board of appeal.

At March 31, 1985, the net asset value of the Scottish National Trust had risen to 292p per share, from the 265p at the end of September last and from 244p the year before.

In the half year ended March 11 1985 gares, revenue has an

31, 1985 gross revenue has expanded from £2.94m to £3.53m, while the net balance is up from

£1.26m to £1.43m, after tax £702,000 (£642,000).

Valor ahead of forecast

PRE-TAX profits of Valor, record £5.7m in the year ended March 31 1985. The reof the forecast of not less than £5.5m made some three

months ago. Mr M. Montague, the chairvance in profitability for the

corporation of its own com-

than 100 permanent new jobs in Birmingham. As forecast, a final dividend

Turnover for the year climbed by 15 per cent from £75m to £86.4m.
On the electrical front, Dreamland in its first full year with Valor, had its best year in three and has turned for years the property of th for growth. Dreamland's marine leisure subsidiary, Crewsaver, had another good year and orders for the present seasons are well up. Heatrae-Sadia—acquired in March—has launched a com-

pact water storage heater, the Streamline, and sales have exceeded initial market expectations

comment The City has been rather slow te warm to the good news coming from Valor in recent months. Yesterday's results, beating the company's Febru-ary forecast comfortably, left the shares at 182p, some way off their peak for the year of 212p. Clearly investors are rightly cautious about a company which sells very competitive mature markets. Nevertheless, the acquisition of Dreamland last year and of Haetrae-Sadia and

Gainsborough this year give the impression that the group has a more aggressive attitude to its markets than in the past. The opportunity of sell-ing the Homesame size in the U.S. also opens up new growth possibilities for the group. Valor should reach £8m pre-tax this year, which, on a 25 per cent tax charge, puts the shares on a multiple of just 7. It seems that, notwithstanding last year's sub-stantial rerating from a 109p low, the shares have further to go and the glow from yes-terday's ... bullish statement might just be enough to set them alight.

at £5.7m

maker of heating and cook-ing appliances, rose by 46 per cent from £3.91m to a sult was comfortably ahead

Turnover advanced from £12.94m to £24.88m—the group is concerned with communications man predicts a further adand security installations in hotels, hospitals, offices and faccurrent year. He says he is very bullish. The company has a very healthy order Explaining the events of the final quarter the directors say that at September the order book appeared satisfactory. Howbook and the outlook for the 12 months is "first class."

The chairman also announces a U.S. break-through following full Ameri-can Gas Association approval can Gas Association approval for what the company claims to be Britain's best selling gas fire, the Valor Homeflame log fire. The Homeflame has 15 per cent of the total gas beater market.

Valor has received its first Homeflame orders in the U.S., two months after the incorporation of its own com-

pany in Nashville. Valor America will concentrate totally on Homefiame sales

penetration.

The Homefiame is claimed to be the first gas heater sold in the British High Street to be accepted from a technical and looks point of view in the

The breakthrough and its implications will create more

of 3.365p net raises the total payment for 1984-85 from 4p to 4.6p. After tax of £1.26m (£854,000) earnings per 25p share were up from 18.7p to 21.65p basic, or from 17.38p to 20.8p fully diluted.

£800,000 for the company after After the placing the chairman, Mr Anthony Diamond and his wife will each own 34.5 per cent of the company.

The other major shareholder is it. Commonwealth Development Finance Company (CDFC) which last month bought 10.4 per cent of the shares from Mr and Mr. Dismond at approximately.

Mrs Diamond at approximately 58p a share.

The money raised will be used to reduce group borrowings, marketing expenses and in percurrently running at about film. sonnel.

Cranbrook distributes hightechnology active electronic company is forecasting profits of deen (City of) DC film.

Cranbrook Electronic Holdings ponents and sub-systems to several thousand customers in the UK involved in defence, telecommunications and business computers. It acts as the technical stocking representative to many of its suppliers, who are based in the U.S., Europe and in the Far East. The company's most important supplier is Western Digital Corporation which accounts for about 25 per cent of turnovers.

cent of turnover.

During the past five years group turnover has grown steadily from £1.8m in 1980 to £6.3m in the year to September 1984. Profits have grown more erratic, reaching £345,000 in 1984 after two weak years in 1981 and 1982. The company says that the downturn in these years was due to increases in marketing expenses and in per-

Sound Diffusion progress

unsatisfactory.

The directors say that a high proportion of these users have gone out of business leaving Sound Diffusion with sizeable

stocks of equipment for which the auditors require provisions

The stocks are expected to be completely used during the next 18 months.

The directors say these three

They add that since March installations have accelerated sharply, a new product line has indicated a wide interest, the

indicated a wide interest, the group's cash position is strong and it has a particularly large rental reversion taking place at the end of this year arising from a lease-type sale entered into over seven years ago with Capital Leasing.

For the current year the group expects to recover the proportion of the anticipated growth which eluded in in 1984.

Tax for 1984 accounted for £249,000 (£207,000) and minorities for £4,000 (£3,000).

Below the line there were extraordinary debits of £1,04m (credits £86,000). These comprised an adjustment of the previous year's estimated credit

mas set in motion. Alpha is now trading profitably following reductions in overheads.

Prior to introducing a credit control system in 1884 the group had written an appreciable amount of rental business for manual discovering and affair idea of what was going on. (credits £88,000). These community the charitable might decide that last year's problems were exceptional and the 25p fall to 670 is an over-reaction. But the historic ple is not obviously atraction clauses following the 1984 the group had written an appreciable amount of rental business for single profits form a fair idea of what was going on. The charitable might decide that last year's problems were exceptional and the 25p fall to 670 is an over-reaction. But the historic ple is not obviously atraction clauses following the 1984 the group had written an appreciable amount of rental business for

Cranbrook joining the USM

factors marred what promised to

be an exceptional year.

checked in final quarter

Sound Diffusion saw its 1984 pre-tax profits rise by £1.8m to ment with customers whose £7.44m although the directors credit ratings were found to be

unsatisfactory.

point out that unexpected events

during the last three months pre-vented the group achieving the full amount of profit that was

The dividend for the year is

being lifted from 0.348p to 0.417p

ever, a reluctance by many new customers to give firm installa-tion dates caused the completion rate of new installations to fall

rate of new installations to fall way below expectations during the quarter.

Furthermore, Alpha Lifts was expected to incur a "small" loss during its first nine months with the group but the audit confirmed losses of £950.000.

Sound Diffusion's directors became aware in November that management reports passed to them by Alpha were "grossly inaccurate" and an investigation was set in motion. Alpha is now trading profitably following reductions in overheads.

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

Cranbrook Electronic Holdings are coming to the USM via a placing by Raphael, Zorn of 1.2m shares at 70p each, and with a market value of £5.6m. The placing, which represents 14.6 per cent of the enlarged equity, will consist entirely of new shares and will raise about \$800.000 for the company after

anticipated.

net per 5p share.

£500,000, which would imply a price earnings multiple of 17 after a notional 35 per cent tax charge. Based upon a forecast dividend of 1.5p the yield is 3 per cent. Dealings start on Monday,

Yearlings

Yearling bonds totalling £6.25m at 12 per cent, redeemable on June 18, 1986, have been issued by the following local authorities. Basingstoke and Deane Borough Council £0.25m; St Helens Metro-politan Borough Council £0.5m; Tamworth (Borough of) £0.5m; North Bedfordshire BC £0.5m; Chesterfield (Borough of) £0.5m; Hillingdon (London Borough of) flm; Dudley MBC £1m; Hereford City Council £0.5m; Presili District Council £0.5m: Aber-

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange



OKG AKTIEBOLAG

(Incorporated in Sweden with limited liability)

Danish Kroner 250,000,000 11% per cent. Notes 1991

Copenhagen Handelsbank A/S

Svenska Handelsbanken Group

Enskilda Securities Skandinaviska Enskilde Limited

Application has been made for the Notes, in bearer form in the denomination of DKr. 20,000 each, constituting the above issue to be admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the temporary global note. Interest will be payable annually in arrear on 15th June, the first payment being made on 15th June, 1986.

payment being made on 15th June, 1986.

Particulars of the Notes and of OKG Aktiebolag are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the listing particulars relating to the Notes may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from the Company Announcements Office of the Quotations Department of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2P 28T, during the period of two business days following the date hereof or during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) at the addresses shown below during the period of fourteen days from the date hereof:

Swenska International Limited, 17 Devonshire Square, Lendon EC2M 4SQ

Cazenove & Co., 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

13th June, 1985

Kredietbank N.V., (London Branch) City Tower, 40 Basinghall Street, London EC2R 7JD

Fine Art Developments

-greeting cards and mail order-

Year ended 31st March 1985

TURNOVER £134.8 m up 37% **OPERATING PROFIT** £11.1 m up 105% £7.2 m PROFIT before tax up 114% **DIVIDENDS** per share 3.2p up 7%



Fine Art Developments p.l.c.

The 1985 Report and Accounts are available from the Secretary at Fine Art House, Queen Street, Burton upon Trent, Staffordshire, DE143LP.

Earnings are up to 2.21p (195p) and the interim dividend is lifted to 1.5p (1.3p). For the full year the directors are forecasting an increase in earnings

The main problems were in £2.16m to £2.33m.

coach and bus body building where trading profit fell from £746,000 to £77,000. That was offset slightly by improvements

Earnings per 25p share were 1.8p (4.9p) and an unchanged interim payment is proposed of

Pre-tax profits of Standard Fireworks improved from £1.21m to £1.3m for the year to March 31 1985 and the net dividend is

London & Clydeside Holdings, has increased the number of sales and turnover in the six

tax profits.

On turnover up by 7 per cent to £4.16m, pre-tax profits fell from £604,000 to £324,000. From earnings of 2.1p (5.4p) per share, an interim payment of 1.7p net is proposed. For 1983-84 a single payment of 1.3p was made, the first single the company cent. first since the company came to the USM last year.

at at May 31 1985, against 335.5p THE DOWNTURN in demand experienced in the second half of last year by Plaxions (GB), the Scarborough-based coach-body builder, continued into the second builder, continued into the second builder, continued into the second part of the massest inge new share improved from the second part of the massest inge new share improved from the second part of the massest inge new share improved the second part of the massest inge new share improved from the second part of the

Earnings per share Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 28 February 1985 can be obtained from: The Company Secretary, Head Office, Kwik-Fit (Tyres & Exhausts) Holdings PLC, 17-27 Corstorphine Road, Edinburgh EH12 6DD. Tel: 031-337 9200.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

'Our dedication to maintaining our leading position should enable us to make significant progress in sales and profits'

"The Kwik-Fit Group is the largest Independent automotive repair operation in Europe, specialising in the replacement of tyres, exhausts, batteries, shock absorbers, radiators, brake and steering

parts and clutches. Last year more customers than ever before used Kwik-Fit depots, boosting total sales of our products and services to

These results have been achieved by the hard work and commitment of our staff

Profit before taxation

Dividends per share (gross)

who have all, during a most competitive year, worked together to ensure the continued success of Kwik-Fit. During the year the Group increased

its number of outlets from 264 to 290. In addition 25 depots were extensively refurbished or relocated to superior sites. Trading in the new financial year has started strongly."

TOM FARMER Chairman and Chief Executive

comfortably above the 10 per cent growth of the previous year, and intend to raise the final dividend above that year's 2.95p. 1984 1985 £55,285,880 £61,187,654 £4,232,952 £4,148,649 2.24p5.12p 5.15p

oody builder, continued into the first six months of the present year. In the half-year to dend is higher at 3.6p (3.25p) only slightly down at £14.78m net and the directors intend to £402,000 from 1582,000.

The main problems ward in tax of £714,000 (£629,000) earnings per share improved from dend is higher at 3.6p (3.25p) net and the directors intend to at least maintain last year's final of 6.25p.

Gross revenue improved from

in other areas. against the supplier of a turkey feed additive. The company claimed that the additive was faulty had been responsible for cutting profits for the first half of 1881 by more than film.

The un-named supplier paid a damages, interest and arbitratotal of £829,506 to cover tors, and administration fees and expenses involved in dealing with two awards by an

1.5p. Last year a total of 4.5p was paid.

raised from 5p to 5.75p per 25p share. A one-for-two scrip issue is also proposed. The Scottish housebuilders,

months to March 31, but the lack margins has meant a fall in pre

Net asset value of Raeburn Investment Trust rose to 418.4p

BOARD MEETINGS

The following compenies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the Durpess of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether the dividends.

Reed restructuring

Tricentrol seeks £35m via Eurobond market

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL

Tricentrol, the UK-based oil and gas explorer, yesterday tapped the Eurobond market for the first time with a £35m issue including warrants to buy shares in the company.

The move followed hard on the heels of a £45m rights issue in Februray to help fund its exploration and appraisal programme over the next two years until money from production

In seeking funding, it has been hampered by the fact that a straight equity rights issue would not be accepted by share-holders who have seen a steady fall in the company's share price. The February issue was of 11 per cent convertible loan stock. Tricentral would also not have been readily accepted in the U.S. dollar eurobond market because of its relatively small size and

Rowntree Mackintosh both made similar issues last year.

The Eurobond has a sevenyear life and an 11 per cent coupon, with the warrants enabling Tricentrol to raise fixed rate funds at over a percentage point less than would have been possible otherwise. Each £1,000 bond carries 135 warrants to buy one share at 217p each, 2p above the closing price yesterday.

Exercise of all the warrants, which expire in 1990, would result in the issue of 4.73m new shares, 4.8 per cent of the expanded equity, raising £10.25m.

Unusually for the Eurobond market, the warrants are in registered form. This is designed to make them attractive to UK

Costly North Sea development programme.

It would also, he said, reduce Triceutrol's dependence on bank borrowings at floating interest rates. The money will be used initially to repay existing debt, most of which is at floating rates.

Euromarket report, Page 33

unknown name. It chose the investors by comparison with the steriling market instead, and bonds, which are in bearer form sweetened the deal with equity warrants. United Biscuits and Continental investors.

The bonds and the warrants will be listed separately in Lon-don. The issue, led by Morgan Grenfell, was well received in the primary Eurobond market. Mr Nigel Turnbull, Tricentrol finance director, said the issue "gives us a level of credibility in the marketplace," contributing to market confidence in the company's ability to get through its costly North Sea development

BCA deal for U.S. expansion

British Car Auction reached agreement to merge its U.S. subsidiary, Anglo American Auto Auctions, with Sandgate Corporation in a deal that will give BCA a 73 per cent-owned U.S. subsidiary quoted on the American stock exchange

supposed to take place last year but was deferred because of delays and complications in negotiations with Sandgate's board and with the Securities and Exchange Commission

BCA, which is headed by Mr David Wickens, at present owns 40 per cent of Sandgate's share capital. This will rise to 73 per cent on completion of the deal, under which Sandgate will acquire Anglo in exchange for the issue of 1.2m shares to BCA.

Sandgate, the shares of which over in the year to June 1984

large tax credits and its quota-tion, which can be used to expand the company's growing U.S. interests. Anglo will have net assets of \$18m at completion of the merger and BCA is to lend Sandgate \$18m to repay Anglo's debts to its parent. The loan is

are currently quoted at around seems to its parent. The loan is \$24.5, is a vehicle leasing business concentrated in New York, Alternatively, BCA can convert Florida and California. Turn- it into Sandgate shares to maintain its stake at 70 per cent, was \$62m and earnings totalled should Sandgate issue more

Phoenix board comes under fire BY LIONEL BARBER HE Phoenix Timber Group It also says Phoenix directors are the directors alleged not to part came under fire vesterday unwilling to put their own possess Phoenix sharps had in lext April. ence management market. The two acquisitions are Advisory Enterprises, technical magazine publishers, and Optifair, which specialises in putting on trade shows and conferences for the eye-care industry. Some \$8.5m will be paid as an initial consideration, with a further \$2.175m payable next April.

THE Phoenix Timber Group board came under fire yesterday after dissident shareholders led by Mr Michael Hermann published a hard-hitting circular aimed at swaying voters at the forthcoming extraordinary gen-

Mr Hermann, a Phoenix direc-tor, and his supporters hold almost 30 per cent of the Phoenix equity and wish to put three new directors on the

The circular accuses the pre-sent Phoenix board of poor com-mercial judgment, particularly over its quick entry and exit into

unwilling to put their own money into the company through

According to the circular, two Phoenix directors have five-year service contracts but only one holds a small block of shares. It also states that Mr Dennis Cook, Phoenix chairman, has recently sold 40,000 shares or 1.3 per cent of the Phoenix equity.

Mr Cook said: "They are dredging up anything they can throw at the board. It's pathetic."

Mr Cook described several of the charges made in the cirover its quick entry and exit into cular as either inaccurate or this is precisely what we are the builders' merchants market. misleading. For example, one of doing."

the directors alleged not to possess Phoenix shares had in

possess Phoenix shares had in fact recently just bought 1,000 shares (0.03 per cent of the issued share capital).

He added that though he had sold 40,000 shares last January he was still the largest personal shareholder in Phoenix, with just over 71 per cent of the

equity.

Mr Cook described Mr Hermann's proposals for the future of Phoenix as "extremely vague." On the one firm suggestion that Phoenix should develop its wharf, near the M25, he said:
"It's common knowledge that

continues with UK and American deals Reed International, the welcomed the move and said it publishing, paints and paper did not expect Reed to make a group, yesterday continued its rapid restructuring with two separate deals in the UK and in the US. Reed Holdings, the U.S. subsidiary, said it had signed a signed a less disclosed vectories that its disclosed vectories that its disclosed vectories that its disclosed vectories that it is disclosed to make a full bid.

Reed Holdings, the U.S. sub-sidiary, said it had signed a letter of intent with Xerox Corporation to acquire RR Bowker, a New York City book and periodical publisher, to fit in with its Boston-based division, Cahners Publishing. Last year, Bowker reported

pre-lax profits of around \$8m on turnover of \$42m. The proposed purchase price was not disclosed. Xerox said yesterday disclosed. Xerox said yesterday that its previously announced letter of intent to sell three of letter of intent to sell three of its publishing companies to international Thomson Organisation had been amended to exclude Bowker.

also disclosed yesterday that it had acquired a 10 per cent stake in Capital Television Facilities. In recent months, Reed Inter-

national has announced a string

of major disposals and acquisi

tions as part of its strategy of concentrating on a narrower range of activities. range of activities.

Last week, Reed said it was putting its building products business up for sale which could raise up to £103m. It has also reached agreement in principle to sell Sandersons, the UK furnishing fabric manufacturer to the U.S. group, West Point Pepperell.

exclude Bowker.

In the UK, Reed Publishing announced that it had lifted its include bathroom furniture 8.3 per cent stake in Crown international Productions, the Its and the Netherlands and a number of USM-quoted video and film maker, to 15 per cent. Crown double glazing firms.

United Newspapers' £9m **U.S.** expansion move

next April.

Gralla which publishes 17 con-

trolled circulation trade magazines from its offices in New York and Dallas has been sizing up the two deals since last Optifair and Advisory Enter-

prises were previously part of privately-owned companies. which United reckons has tended to depress disclosed profits. For the last financial

United Newspapers' subsidiary, New York-based Gralla Publications, yesterday announced a near Slim (£8.7m) cash deal to expand its U.S. technical publishing interests and buy into the trade show and conference management market.

The two acquisitions are described in the trade show and conference management market.

The two acquisitions are described in the trade show and conference and technical management market. its interests in UK provincial newspapers and technical magazines last year, the U.S. magazines made £4.36m on £39.5m turnover.

United's policy has been to a state of the control of the state of the control of the state of the control of the state of

allow Gralla to retain its dollar earnings in the U.S. to allow it to fund acquisitions without financial backing from its

Earlier this year, United Earlier this year, United announced its intention of making a bid for Fleet Holdings, owners of the Daily Express, Sunday Express, The Daily Star and the technical magazines grouped under Morgan Grampian. The bid has been referred to the Monopolles Commission which is interviewing both parties before drawing up a report in the autumn.

Troubled Wm Boulton sells two loss-makers

William Boulton, the troubled ordinary write-down in Boulton's Stoke-upon-Trent engineering and foundry group, has disposed of two heavy loss-making subsidiaries in a bid to turn the company round.

Boulton. whose affairs are crounted write-away in Boulton in Boulton in Boulton in Boulton revealed.

being managed by Mr John Briggs, a "company doctor," has sold Birkett-Ycol, which contains its non-ferrous foundry interests, for £100,000 and Powest for £100,000 and Fowespeed, manufacturer of electric kettles, for £125,000. It has also sold its majority stake (66 per cent) in Manmore Engineering for

Latest audited accounts show that Birkett-Ycol made a pre-tax loss of £420,092 and Powerspeed a pre-tax loss of £263,921 for the year ending June 1984. Man-more made a pre-tax profit of £23.030 over the same period. The deals involve an extra-

MIM Holdings says that it has completed the sale of its 20 per cent interest in the Mount Golds-Last April, Boulton revealed in interim pre-tax loss of

£465.000. the fourth consecutive year of losses. Mr Briggs, who year of losses. Mr Briggs, who has acted in other troubled engineering companies, such as Sangers and A1 Industrial Products, said yesterday that debt still stood at around 100 per cent of shareholders' funds of around £9m. However, there was considerable asset potential in the group. in the group.

The purchasers of Birkett-Ycol and Powerspeed are two businessmen who decline to be identified at this stage. Manmore which has been trying to sell its 87.5 per cent stake in Cyprus Anvil Mining since 1983, says that the latter has signed a letter of intent to sell its assets is being sold to two of the company's executive directors. to Mr Clifford Frame who was formerly president of Denison

Brammer's proxy battle

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL

votes of Brammer shareholders ended yesterday with both the bearings distribution group and its hostile suitor, Bunzle, pro-fessing quiet confidence about the outcome.

Proxies, whether on Brammer's

Proxies, whether on Brammer's yellow cards or Bunzi's pink ones, had to be in by 11 am yesterday. Shareholders, who are asked to approve Brammer's acquisition of Energy Services & Electronics, can still vote or alter their proxy decision by attending what promises to be an exciting meeting in London tomorrow. Bunzi's bid will lapse if the deal is approved. Only shareholders who are on Brammer's "Cicial register may vote. Perhaps reflecting this, volume in Brammer shares has become fairly thin after a flurry of trading last week. There were stock market rumours yesterday

THE PROXY battle to win the that arbitrageurs have taken votes of Brammer shareholders positions in both Brammer and ended yesterday with both the ESE stock. It appeared that shareholders mostly preferred to use Brammer's proxy card rather than those circulated by Bunzl. How-

ever, use of one card rather than another is no indication of the way the vote goes.

Meanwhile, shell company Peek Holdings must decide today whether to relaunch a bid for ESE. Sin it recently failed with an offer, it would normally have to wait a rear hid.

with an offer, it would normally have to wait a year before bidding again. But the entrance of Brammer allows Peek to re-enter the fray. While Brammer's bid is one the table.

If Brammer's agreed bid is voted out tomorrow, the bid will lapse and Peek will lose its opportunity. Its two South African-based backers will meet today.

Irish group calls for £5m

Green Property, the Irish-based property investment com-pany, which is seeking a full listing on the Dublin stock exchange, plans to raise If6.5m (£5.2m) through the Issue of (£6.6m ordinary shares at I£0.97p (£0.78p).

Green, which is 60 per cent owned by two major UK pension funds—ICI Pension Fund and the Electricity Supply Pension Scheme—hopes to raise 1£2.4m in London and the remainder in Dublin. Green itself will receive LE4m from the issue.

The two institutional share-holders were said to be keen on holders were said to be keen on a public quotation, especially in view of Green's holding of 88 acres in the centre of Bian-chardstown, Ca. Dublin, which has been designated as a new town for Dublin's expanding population. Green is to spend 1510m over the next two years as part of a 1530m development on the site.

on the site.

The company has net assets valued at Li17m and the offer discount of price represents a discount of 28 per cent from the net asset

the Irish property market, com-pany representatives hope that the private sector might take up to 20 per cent of the shares. The underwriter, Aliled Irish Invest-ment Bank, holds 20 per cent in the existing company through a subsidiary and is expected to hold these shares but not to buy new ones in the issue.

Green is only the second full listing on the Irish Stock Exchange since 1973. Brokers to the issue are K. J. & E. Davy in Dublin and Rowe & Pitman in

Cosait

Intrinsitime Chandlers, a company controlled by Mr Bruce Rappaport. the international financier, and Mr Kery Packer, the Australian television magnate, has increased to 14.9 per cent its stake in Cosalt, the Grimsby-based ship's chandler.

18-month feasibility study into the prospects for a large scale

mining operation to supply coal to an associated power station. The study will include preliminary investigations leading to a draft environmental impact statement as required by the NEW Government

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

A JOINT venture has been formed by the Rio Tinto-Zinc group's Australian arm CRA (60 per cent) and Mitsubishi Development (40 per cent) to take a second look at the huge Oaklands coal deposit in the Riverina district of Australia's New South Wales.

New South Wales.
They will also carry out an

Interims: Camford Engineering, Find-horn Finance, Thomas Franch, Sidlaw. Finals: Applied Computer Techniques, British Steam Speciaties, Brown Ship-ley, Bulmer and Lumb, Butterlield-Harvey, 8. Elilott, James Finlay, For-shaws, Burtonwood, International Signal and Control, Investment Company.

MINING NEWS

CRA joint venture with

Mitsubishi Development

statement as required by the NSW Government.

The two companies carried out independent exploration programmes at the deposit until reserves discovered in the mid-1884. They have now been granted five-year authorisations by the New South Wales Government which cover the known to exist in the exploration of the coal tion permit areas previously held by the two companies. Of this more than 1bn tonnes granted five-year authorisations of medium appear to be suitable for quality black steaming coal are

Ferranti
Havetock Europa
Kleen-E-Ze
Stead and Simpson
Stonehill
Wighall (Henry)

Hardys and Hersons June 26
Inn Leisure June 19
Jones (Ernest) (Jowellers) ... June 25
Finals—

remain— rown and Tawse

1 gre

Pancontinental mine on stream

Paddington gold mine on the out-skirts of Kalgoorlie is now in the final stages of commissioning, and the mine Is about to come on stream three months ahead of schedule at a cost of AS30m, some 10 per cent below the bud-geted figure of AS34m.

Mr Grey added that present plans are for Paddington to pro-

will permit Corona to purchase 30 per cent of Royex from Campbell Resources. The other

principal interest of Corona is its 45 per cent holding in the new Hemlo gold mine which poured its first gold last month.

This raises the partners' bold-

ings to 58} per cent and 41}

Cyprus Anvil

CANADA'S Dome Petroleun

nines.

Dome acquired Cyprus Anvil in 1981 for the equivalent of C\$500m (£289m) including assumed debts. Since then

much of the value of the investment has been written down by Dome. The remaining 12.5 per cent interest in Cyprus Anvil is held by Transcanada

Anvil is held by Transcanada Pipelines.

Mr Frame hopes to form a company to operate Cyprus Anvil's open-pit lead-zinc silver mine near Faro, Yukon, which was closed in 1982 because of weak metal prices. He believes that with the proper operating structure the mine should be profitable at current prices for zinc.

It produced 202,000 tonnes of inc concentrate and 111,628

tonnes of lead concentrate in 1981. Cyprus Anvil's other assets include a stake in the Cirque lead-zino-silver deposit in British Columbia.

Culten's Holdings, the company born out of the three-way battle for Culten's Stores last year and which was formerly known as Watling 105, reports a pre-tax loss of £479,000 for the period ended March 3 1985.

Mr Peter Matthews

Mr Peter Matthews, the chair-man, said that the results were in line with expectations made

at the time of the acquisition, which showed a cost of £226,000, included in the deficit before tax. Turnover amounted to

Suter has received 118 Notes

to convert 2 total nominal amount of £1,100,574 93-4 per cent subordinated convertible

requiring a total allotment of 2,421,263 ordinary shares. This increases the total number of Suter ordinary and deferred ordinary in issue (including the recent rights issue) to 47,220,600

recent rights issue) to 47,320,600 shares. There remains in issue £353.519 of the loan stock.

After the conversion period ended on May 31 1985 75 per cent

or more had been converted The board has resolved to issue a compulsory conversion notice

Cullen's

tax. £4.48m.

Suter

ili Proprietary.

Mining to

sell assets

FIRST production from Australia's newest gold mine is imminent, according to Mr Tony Grey,
chairman of Pancontinental Mining, which owns the operation.

The treatment plant of the
Paddington gold mine on the outof gold per tonne, sufficient for a life of eight years at the proposed extraction rate.

Pancontinental hopes to make further discoveries through the further discoveries through the ASA.5m exploration programme being undertaken this year. Well over half of this will be spent on the search for gold.

Apart from its gold activities,

look for platinum. Mr Grey said he likes the metal because of its increasing use in industry, notably in motor vehicle exhaust systems, and "because 90 per cent of known world reserves are located in the Rusterburg area of South Africa at a time when a number of countries are becoming increasingly reluctant to re-

A\$12.7m (£6.8m) via a one-for-four renounceable rights issue.

The new shares are being offered at A\$2.35 (about 125p) and the offer closes on July 30. The existing shares were 203p in London yesterday.

The Source Associates has been acquired by the latter's joint venturers under their pre-emprive rights. International Corona Resources of Canada, one of the pioneers in Ontario, is to become the major shareholders in Royex Gold Mining Corporation with a stake of 42 per cent plus the right to acquire a further 3 per cent. By providing development funding Corona may raise its stake in Royex to 50 per cent. The latest build-up follows approval for Corona's takeover of New Venture Equities which

The South African Band London member of the Burnett and Hallamshire group made a net profit of R3m (£1.19m) in the year to March 31 after heavy interest charges. This compares with a loss of R7.47m in the previous 12 months. A further improvement is expected in the current year.

Australia's Emperor Gold Min-ing and Western Mining Corpora-tion Holdings are to embark on worthy iron ore venture in an expansion of their Varukoula; Saatchi & Saatchi, the advertising Western Australia plus other mine in Fiji which is owned on agency, has sold 525,000 shares assets to its partners in the project. London's Consolidated Gold output at the property, which amounted to 45,829 oz in 1983-84, have raised about £3.5m from the list to be raised to some 80,000 oz in 1985-86 and to 100,000 oz in 1986-87.

Because of low metal prices the loss-making Mount Pleasant tungsten-molybdenum mine in New Brunswick is to cease production at the end of next month. The Canadian property is equally owned by Billiton and Brunswick Tio Mines. It was brought on stream in mid-1983 at a cost of over C\$80m.

Saatchi,

Mr Charles Saatchi, one of the two brothers who founded Saatchi & Saatchi, the advertising comment last night on the reason

Pouter

THIPME!

Mile

CORPORATE FINANCE

The Financial Times proposes to publish a survey on the above subject on Wednesday 3rd July 1985.

For details of advertising rates please contact NIGEL PULLMAN.

BRACKEN HOUSE, 10 CANNON STREET, LONDON, EC4P 4BY TEL: 01-248 8000, EXTN 4063

Publication date is subject to change at the discretion of the Editor.

Clement Clarke (Holdings) plc.

Registered Opticians lanufacturers of Ophthalmic, Medical Surgical and Aircraft instrume

Mr. J. H. Clarke, Chairman and Managing Director, reports on 1984:

 Group Sales £18,978,000 (1983: £17,557,000). Group Profit before tax £1,294,000

(1983: £2,151,000).

 Final Dividend 11.55%, making 17.33% (1983: 16.25%) for the year.

 Exports at £3,125,000, an increase of 22%. The year ahead: With the transfer of a large proportion of optical sales from the N.H.S. to the private sector from April, we expect better gross margins on turnover. The manufacturing subsidiaries are maintaining their healthy order books.



finding suitable premises and organising made by Activair, a a first rate financial package. Division of Duracell, spend a significant amount of time literally Wrexham also proved to be the

ideal location by being within an in orbit, because sixty of them are hour's drive of Manchester to be found in each of the zinc-air power packs currently being used International Airport, enabling by NASA on the U.S. space Activair to export quickly and efficiently to Europe, New shuttle. Zealand and Australia.

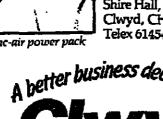
Other applications for these batteries include paging and communication devices, medical and test instrumentation, and energizing systems. They have all

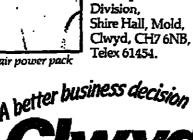
helped Activair become the world's largest producer of zincair cells.

When Activair set up their European headquarters in Wrexham they were helped considerably by the Clwyd

Industry Team, who amongst other things were able to play a major role in







We could help you put your

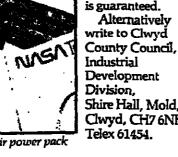
sales into orbit too, call the Clwyd

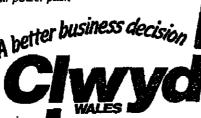
efficient and

professional service

Industry Team now on 0352-2121

and put us to the test, a fast.





PRE-TAX

est. (2)0,000

PROFIT

SIX MAJOR CLIENTS

(alphabetically)

British Telecom, Central Office
of Information, Hertz, Kodak,

Fine Fare, Guinness Brewing, Heinz, Shulton, Sony, Weetabix.

Lever Bros, NatWest Bank, Rothmans UK, United Biscuits,

Coca Cola, Heinz, KP Foods, National Dairy Council, Pirelli,

Allied Breweries, British Airports Authority, Pizzaland, Ranks Hovis McDougall, Texaco, United

Cadbury, Courage Golden Won-der, Imperial Tobacco, Martini &

Allied Breweries (Shops), Berni

inns, DER, Lever Bros, United Bisquits, Van den Berghs.

Cadbury, Cinzano, Thomas Cook,

Birds Eye Walk, British Rail,

Greens of Brighton, Interna-tional Distillers & Vintners, St

Rossi. NatWest Bank.

Sales promotion

OWNERSHIP

Clarke Hoope

International Marketing & Promotions

Kingsland Lloyd Petersen

e with

m stream

RATE

 11×48^{4}

nt Clarke

gs pic.

....

A growing force in marketing's armoury

BY FEONA McEWAN

£1.2m to Dec 84 (excl. design/

C3.1m to Dec 84

"£2m to Dec 84

£1.3m to Sept 84

est. (3m to

EMPLOYEES GROSS

(full-time) INCOME

what is meant by sales promo-tion, covering as it does

Ask an expert to define the the-line discipline) sales business and what do you get? promotion is a fast-growing

HOW THEY SEE THEMSELVES

Largest international promo-tional marketing network in

rather than pure sales promo-tion agency in grocery sense.

Attitudinally number one in UK sales promotion, in quality of thinking and dedication to client

Saatchis of sales promotion. Young, aggressive, confident. Most feared competition. A bit

Always seeking new innovative solutions to marketing problems.

Creativity balanced with efficient account management.

Leading UK sales promotion agency. Research based market-ing approach to develop rele-vant creative solution. Training

biggest, first to go public and first independent to form inter-

Comprehensive broad-based ser-

vice covering sales promotion

strategy and execution, strategic

business development and tacti-cal advertising. (Separate ac-count handling and creative

Professional, practical and re-sults-oriented. Specialise in new product launches, development

of new retail concepts, joint

promotion with an Creative, analytical, innovative.

Our business is promotions that sell products imaginatively and effectively. Leaders.

Puritanical and blinkered in

doing pure sales promotion. Work entirely towards meeting clients' requirement and helping

ground for industry.

Bowater Scott. Buitoni Foods, Probably market leaders in UK— Canada Dry Rawlings, Diners biggest, first to go public and Club, Nabisco, Philip Morris. first independent to form inter

world. Communications com- strength. Factory-type operation pany with emphasis on inspiring A little jaded? action from target audience

"ADVERTISING points the gun, sales promotion pulls the trigger" is how one practitioner sums up the sales promotion industry. Even the most experienced marketing man might be hard-pressed to explain exactly what is meant by sales promotion aims to motivate people to take a variety of actions in a variety of markets." This can mean anything from motivating people to book a holiday, to send away for product information or to step inside a store—anything in fact, that -anything, in fact,

HOW THEIR COMPETITORS

SEE THEM

Strong marketing bias. Professional. Low profile, workman-like. A real competitor. Nice

Meteors of business. Very successful very/too? quickly. Hungry, dynamic, flashy. Strong on one-off major projects and ancilliary services. A tough

Heavily design-based, with a few

specialised promotional tech-niques they've made their own. Entrepreneurial. Commercially

astute. Talk big, can they de-liver? Innovative printers.

Traditional, large and estab-lished. The Civil Service of sales

promotions. Stronger on ancillary services than strategic solu-

too. Highly regarded by peen and clients. Aggressive.

ur king na Pingeran

Factory-like. Major

people. Creative,

design oriented inter-links its greatest

marketing armoury. In essence, sales promotion is as old as advertising, say its practitioners, but in terms of being recognised as a major marketing tool, the industry is still relatively young.

The specialist agencies that now form the core of the business began in many cases as departments within ad agencies, taking root as independent forces only in the late 1960s/early 1970s. Industry growth has been boosted by the fact that the in-house brand managers of those early days have grown up with industry.

Today with some 60 com panies practising the discipline, sales promotion is big business and eyes turn increasingly to the stock market. Changed days indeed since the industry was dubbed "armpit of the marketing world."

Low profile the industry may be but there's nothing low about its share of marketing budgets. It has outstripped advertising expenditure for much of the last nine years—much of the past nine years—industry estimates put 1984 at Promotion, (Advertising netted £4bn in 1984, according to the Advertising Association.)

Following our tabular analysis of leading advertising agencies (August 2 1984, October 11 1984) and PR business (January 19 1985) it is now the turn of sales promotion agencies to come under the microscope. As the starting point 10 of the leading names have been selected, chosen for their reputa-tion, experience and standing in the industry. This is not a Flagship of business. Well respected, solid marketing approach. All rounder. Market leader. Sound commercial business, forceful, high profile. definitive list, (there will be others who could argue for inclusion on merit); it is merely an attempt to highlight some

of the leading agencies. Comparisons in such a frag-Thoughtful, steady, sound, oc-casionally exciting. Creative. More thinking than doing. Low profile, why? Not yet major mented industry are not easy. Sales promotion agencies represent such a diversity of inter-ests that it is nigh on impossible to draw precise parallels. For instance some agencies have telephone marketing and merchandising field forces (FKB IMP) others lean heavily on design (Holmes and Mar-Dark horse. Good, quiet reputa-tion. Practical, professional. chant, Cato Johnson), some do substantial advertising. Be-cause the emphasis in the table is on sales promotion, two

One of most able and talented outfits. Highly consistent—in quality of work, award winning companies do not appear even though they are major forces in their areas—Marketing Solu-tions which sees itself es a Honest broker of sales pro-motion. Classic SP grocery specialist. Led by doyen of ndustry, but is it more than a one marketing consultancy and Counter Products Marketing which is recognised for its large merchandising field force. (Note: gross income is generman band? Good creative work. Loyal clients. Survived number ally interpreted as covering re-tainer and project fees and of major departures. A little commissions

characters and graphics.

revolution a second), the

powder is removed by a

scavenger magnet and the

a bank of halogen lamps where the toner is heat-fused into the

Whisky given the liqueur treatment

in horses for courses when pronoting its products, Label, the world's best selling blended brand, is advertised using glamorous young people in international settings, such as ski-slopes and pool-sides, sip-ping blended Scotch with unobtrusively placed bottles of soft drinks suggesting that the drink can be mixed.

But its latest offering for its Cardhu 12-year-old Highland Malt whisky emphasises the "Scottishness" of the product and its suitability for afterdinner drinking, "By advertising Cardhu as an alternative to another liquous and attention of the product and all the product and all the product and all the product and all the product are all the product are all the product and all the product are all the product and the product are all the product are all the product are all the product and the product are all the product and the product are all the product and the product are all the product are all the product and the product are all the product are all the product are all the product are all the product and the product are all th to another liqueur we aim to expand the market and not take says Tony Oscroft Johnnie Walker's marketing director.
"We want to add to the range

of occasions upon which Scotch can be drunk." The single mait market is one of the few strong growth areas in the Scotch whisky business although it still only accounts for about 3 per cent of total volume sales.

Cardhu 12-year-old single malt was first advertised in 1983 although it had been available for sale for many years previously. Since then it has picked up considerable sales hitherto have not been recognised as strong malt whisky markets.

The latest marketing programme, with a budget in the current financial year of nearly £3m, is tied to the centenary of Johnnie Walker's Cardhu

and Baxters' Scottish foods will be

celebration this year gives us a theme for a big marketing push with the aim of achieving a 10 per cent share of the bottled single malt market." says Oscroft.

Cardhu advertising features the 100-year-old distil-lery where it is produced, the intention being to "project the with the idea of a hand-crafted product." Another aspect of the marketing push is Cardhu's inclusion in hampers containing a selection of Baxter's of Speyside Scottish foods, which particularly in areas such as are to be sold internationally.

Asia and Australia which With a 220-strong worldwide With a 220-strong worldwide network of distributors and agents Johnnie Walker is particularly targeting itself at duty free outlets—the ideal plat-form, maintains Oscroft, to build an international brand.

Lisa Wood

Marketing abstracts

Making money with proactive pricing, E. B. Ross in Harvard Business Review (U.S.), Nov/ Dec 84 (101 pages) Argues that many companies

take the pricing decision as a reflex action against a set of simple criteria—to recover costs, recover or gain market share, match competition; makes the case for proactive pricing as a competitive weapon—using information about customers, competitors and industry economics—and gives examples of pricing strategies.

Consumer dissatisfaction, S. Wikström in European Management Journal (UK),

Summer 84 (2/2) (9 pages) Seeks to explain the increas ing level of consumer dissatisfaction, finding it related to the greater number, variety, and complexity of goods offered as well as to quality of supply. Looks at measures of dissatis faction: complaints analysis product-specific or general surveys. Examines the incidence of CD before and after sales, and the extent to which it is marketplace structure/perform

These abstracts are condensed published by Anbar Manage-ment Publications. Licensed copies of the original articles may be obtained at £3 each (including VAT and p+p; cash with order) from Anbar,

† Would not divulge. * Including some advertising commission. **TECHNOLOGY**

Computer software to help engineering designs

SOME NEW computer-aided manufacturing design (CAD/CAM) software allows engineers not familiar with punch press work to conceive and design a sheet metal part and generate data for punching and bending tools.

Computer-assistance provided on a colour-screen allows the time to design and prepare parts for production to be sharply

The software has been produced by Manufacturing Data Systems International (MDSI) which is in the £6bn turnover which is in the 2001 timever.
Schlumberger group, along with Applicon, another CAD/
CAM supplier. It has been written for implementation on a DEC VAX computer and a oneseat" hardware/software system for draughting and tool data output costs £35,500.

The software embraces shop floor know-how in sheet metal fabrication and has some of the labrication and has some of the properties of an expert system. For example, it can draw on data which determines how much shrinkage occurs when sheet metal is folded, altering the original total length.

The user can programm all the holes, slots, notches and folds in the component and look at it from any angle on the

The bottom 25 per cent of the scren is taken up with elec-tronic "buttons" which the user "presses" by moving the cross-hair cursor into position over

New buttons then appear to suit the new situation and the user is given appropriate in-structions in single line English messages. The system is easy to use and quite complex parts can be designed in half an hour or so. Punching machines can then be instructed via post processing software that MSDI has written for various machine

The system, and another which allows complex machining of surfaces, is based on the company's Eqinox interactive graphics software, of which 1,000 units have been installed or ordered to date.

MDSI is in Solihull, West Midlands on 021 704 4422.

Bull bucks the trend in high speed printing techniques

Geoffrey Charlish explains why the French have chosen magnetic technology

BULL PERIPHERIQUES, the French computer peripherals company, has bucked the trend by opting for magnetic rather than electrostatic technology for its new high speed printer.

Most companies aiming at the fast, flexible format printer market — Digital Equipment, Hewlett Packard, Siemens and Mewlett Fackard, Stemens and Xerox are good examples—have opted for the well established electrostatic technology. But Bull Peripheriques says it can offer advantages of price and performance by using magnetic

The company, part of the FFr 13.65bn turnover Bull Group, in which the French Government has a controlling interest, has been working on the magnetic technique for nearly 10 years. Earlier this year production started at the Belfort plant near Basle.

The system is aimed at companies with big in-house print-ing demands. It can produce a page every 1.5 seconds with a definition of 240 dots to the

The price to the customer of the printer is about £55,000. Al-ready 130 units have been delivered to manufacturers for incorporation into their own products. In Britain the

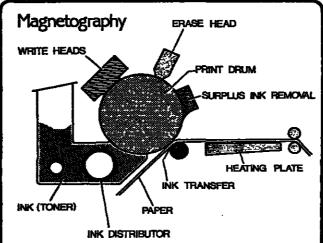
machine will be supplied by MDS Computer Systems of

Iwatsu in Japan and Ferix in the U.S. are believed to be the only competitors at the moment, but their products operate at lower speeds. Bull, however, thinks magnetic printing offers reliability and a longer-lasting product that will attract other makers into the field.

The idea of magnetic printing is hardly new, but previous designs were expensive to prodesigns were expensive to produce and were thought to be ahead of their time. Standard Telecommunication Laboratories for example, demonstrated a machine in the late 1960s but subsequent moves for it to be manufactured by ICL came to nothing.

Electrostatic and magnetic printing have a good deal in common, the basic objective be-ing to place "toner" powder on the paper in the form of text or graphics and then heat seal it to the surface. it to the surface.

projected on to the surface of a rotating, photosensitive drum a



electrically charged areas, can surface and is transferred by a be produced by a single laser roller on to the paper. Heat with a moving mirror system sealing follows. that directs the beam to write" text and graphics, a single line of pinpoint

In the electrostatic process, Alternatively, a paper-wide line the image is created by light of tiny light emitting diodes are the width of the paper. Running close to the surface of the cylinder. selectively energised under computer control as the cylinder, selectively energised drum surface moves past, to elements of this array make

In Bull's magnetic process, few inches in diameter extend; drum surface moves past, to elements of this array make ing across the width of the give the desired patterns.

Toner sticks only to the inch, forming magnetised areas of the drum areas in the shape of

Finally, the drum surface moves under a cleaning blade, residual powder is sucked off and returned to the bath and the cylinder surface is demagnetised ready for the next

> Much of the development effort has gone into the high definition recording head and the multiplexing circuits in chip form that feed them. The head is made in segments a few centimetres long, easing manu-facture and allowing any head width to be fabricated easily.

In addition, Bull has used vertical recording methods (in which magnetised elements point into the depth of the cylinder's surface rather than

along it, recording). allowing denser As the drum rotates (at one

This gives the company an advantage in the disk drive segment of its business, allowing it more easily to develop recorded surface moves into the toner powder which adheres to the magnetised areas. Excess the newer forms of disk drive where vertical technique is becoming widely accepted as the answer to cramming more recorded areas of the cylinder give up their powder to the paper surface in a pressure roller mechanism. The paper then immediately moves under Bull cites a number of

advantages for magnetic printing compared with electrostatic. It claims that a smaller machine can provide the same performance and that there are fewer moving parts, raising reliability and reducing cost.

Bull claims the new machine, the MP6090, is less than half the price of electrostatic machines of the same throughput. A vital part of the machine, the cylinder, lasts a lot longer since the metallic plated surface is hardly susceptible to

An attractive feature of the machine is that different founts and graphics can be selected by changing programs. There are already eight character sets with a further four as an option. And—a boon to any print room—the printer is almost silent.

Component fault finding

TROUBLE-SHOOTING faulty components in large circuit boards can be simpli-

A faulty circuit board can be detected by conventional methods, since boards can be isolated by unplugging them from a device. But it is much from a device. But it is much harder to test individual components, since there can be hundreds of them linked together in a network on one board. Since these components cannot be physically isolated, they must be electrically isolated.

The Debug program, linked with Factron's previous in.

with Factron's previous in-circuit test program Capitol, aids this electronic isolation process. There are usually many possible guard point configurations for any given test. Debug explores all of these possibilities and pre-sents the results to the computer operator, who can then

Racal's telex message switch has been developed by Parc Enterprise and installed at the London branch office of a major French bank. The switching modifications make it possible for three or four computer operators to edit. print and transmit text simul-

The switch will be up-graded by Part Enterprise when the changeover to a new telex standard, called stored program control— single channel voice frequency, is implemented in the London area in the next two years. Telexing will then be carried out over public switching network lines,

British bid to end office automation hold-up BY GEOFFREY CHARLISH



facturers, according to Mr David Broad, chairman of the British Microcomputers Manufacturers He says there are about 50

offerings of connecting equip-ment or local area networks (LANs) and that the cost of connecting a terminal can be as much as £2,000. British industry, he says, is looking for a figure in the £20 to £50

Furthermore, the LANs have been designed to various different standards, many of them from outside the U.K.

Mr Broad believes there is an

PROGRESS towards the fully standard LAN of their own survey. The LAN must be able electronic office is being held which can be produced at low to operate in a straightforward back by the high cost of linking together computing equip-ment made by different manu-His group is negotiating with the Department of Trade and partmental and corporate net-

Industry for half the £500,000 needed to set up the project. Already 11 British companies are willing to join in. The group has 23 members, including some leading companies but not Acorn or ACT.

Department of Trade and Indus- and the maximum distance betry and carried out by consultant Dr C. D. Shelton has sug-gested a plan to phase in the LAN and to make it fully compatible with the "open systems at 250 kb/s sec, when ordinary interconnect" model put for-twisted pair will suffice. No ward by the International Stan-repeaters will be used down dards Organisation.

urgent need for British micro- far as possible the customer token passing using computer makers to agree to a needs revealed by Dr Shelton's command structure.

work needs in the user com-pany. In addition, the LAN must connect to public net-works and should allow attachment of workstations to main-

Speed options of 250, 500, So far a feasibility study 1,000 and 2,000 kilobits per sponsored by the group and the second (kb/s) will be provided, tween stations will be 1,000 metres. Cheap co-axial cable (75 ohms) will be used except at 250 kb/s sec, when ordinary the cable. The access technique The LAN will embrace as recommended by the report is ar as possible the customer token passing using a simple

Computers set to take over professionals' jobs

—accountants, lawyers, personnel evaluators and even computer specialists—will be replaced by the "expert-inabox," a computer system able to deliver advice based on opinions from the leading authorities in their fields.

The market in the UK alone for this kind of "expert systems" "

Accountants, lawyers, person and the UK. It warns that while Britain is at the front of the artificial intelligence race, it is spending its money badly: "We are distributing money to the 'fat cats' of industry in the hope of commercial benefit.

"The academic nature of the UK artificial intelligence development and accountants, lawyers, person of the artificial intelligence in the UK. It warns that while Britain is at the front of the artificial intelligence race, it is spending its money badly: "We are distributing money to the 'fat cats' of industry in the hope of commercial benefit.

"The academic nature of the UK artificial intelligence area in the UK. It warns that while Britain is at the front of the artificial intelligence race, it is spending its money badly: "We are distributing money to the 'fat cats' of industry in the hope of commercial benefit.

"The academic nature of the UK."

for this kind of expert systems" will be worth £100m in 1990 with the world market worth £1bn, according to Systems Dynamics, a Hertfordshire, UK, consultancy.

The company says: "Growth in consultancy and support will

in consultancy and support will be equally dynamic as such support services are essential for the successful application of the new technology."

Systems Dynamics' analysis of the expert systems market is contained in a report, The De-

BY THE TURN of the century, velopment of Artificial Intelli-the jobs of many professionals gence in the UK. It warns that

tance to market products from our research departments bodes ill for British AI." The authors say, nevertheless.

that they were surprised by the generally high level of awareness concerning artificial intelligence and expert systems and were impressed by the quality of basic expert system building tools available at modest cost. The report costs £360 from the consultancy on 09278 4674.



made easy

circuit boards can be simplified using a new computer program from Factron, the automatic test equipment subsidiary of Schlumberger.

The program, called Debug, can quickly analyse the electric junctions—guard points—that can be used to isolate individual components.

A faulty circuit board can

A switch in line...

A MORE powerful version of

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The disclosure hook

From Mr I. Campbell

Sir.—Barry Riley's con-clusion (June 6) that the life assurance industry must not be let off the disclosure hook may well be the right one to resolve immediate problems but his line of thought is rather narrow and, misses the point.

A member of the public buy-ing a life or pension policy from an office employing both its own salesmen and indepenits own salesmen and independent intermediaries to market its products will find two things:— the terms of the policy would be identical (in all but a few wayward cases, at present, thanks to the destructive effects of the present commission war); and a seent would be at a agent would be at a marketing advantage because he does not have to disclose his remuneration. This will include his office costs, overseas convennis omce costs, overseas conven-tions, share options, volume overide, inhouse competitions and other such items. None of this would be taken into account for the independent who will not only have to sell the contract to the client but his remuneration as well—two jobs instead of the one in hand.

The purpose of a commission regulation system is to ensure those independents should not be influenced by commission levels. Therefore, all that is required surely is that such independents should be controlled by a code of conduct which forbids the receipt of extra incentives.

The Government White Paper states as its intention "that rules and practices neither are nor become anti-competitive." To provide for tied agents concealing their remuneration and independents to have to disclose theirs will ultimately mean that those companies with tied sales forces will be able to increase their remuneration to a level where it is simply not attractive for people to remain independent. Is this "in the interests of competition?"

The best results that can be expected from disclosure may well be a swing away from front-end commission to more staggered payments. This would carry many benefits to the con-sumer one of which would not be a clearer statement of commission payments. He would still be more likely to buy from someone who does not have to declare his interest. Disclosure for all intermediaries, while not desirable in any event, would at least ensure fair treatment for those in the same

Many so called independents

Base Rate

effect from 12th June 1985.

the rate decreases to 9.03% p.a.

decreases by 0.25% to 8.75% net p.a.

the rate decreases to 11.71% p.a.

overdraw decreases to 2.5% p.a.

Current Accounts

Deposit Accounts

12th June 1985.

sulted in the present clamour for disclosure. Because a bad marketing practice has been allowed to develop however, can it be right for the reaction tion? Surely it is better to provide a constructive atmosphere whereby independents have a code of conduct which states that they can only accept the set scale of remuneration. The level of that remuneration can be thrashed out from time to time within the industry in conjunction

with the Marketing of Investments Board. A truly indepen-dent broker market could then be fostered under the guidance of the new regulatory system with the ultimate sanction of a loss of an independent's licence to be applied against those who accept incentives greater than the agreed standard.

Ian Campbell. 74, Chesilton Road, SW6.

Payment of commission

From Mr D. Fettes Sir,-The article by Barry Riley (June 16) concerning the disclosure of life assurance related commission terms high-lights much of what is wrong with the life industry today. A great deal of time and energy has been expended in the last three years over discussions con-cerning the commission levels paid on life assurance and pension contracts. The result has been that everyone's attention has been focused on commission's while the essential role of life assurance and pensions in our lives has become of secondary importance, to the extent that many people resist effecting life cover for fear that someone somewhere is making vast sums of money out of them.

I believe that commissions on life related contracts have only come under the public micro-scope as a result of the way that commission is paid. The bulk of the commission is payable in the first or first two years with a negligible annual renewal commission being paid thereafter. It is interesting to note that the commissions paid on general insurance, paid at a lower level but annually throughout the life of the policy, have not been commented on nor become the subject of acrimonious dispute.

I feel the the life industry should consider adopting commission payment terms compar-able to those in the general insurance market. This would have a number of benefits. The public would be less inclined to

incentive upon insurance brokers and tied agents to provide a more comprehensive ongoing service since their long term income would be closely linked policies would improve since there would be no need for the insurance company to look to the first premiums to meet all their costs.

I accept that this is a radical approach which will meet with howls of protest from insurance brokers and tied agents alike interference. From the insur-ance broker's point of view it is If another intermediary can

keen to capitalise on the incen- them. There would be a greater follow the same structure as tives offered and this has re- incentive upon insurance existing individual pension existing individual pension policies and each contributes the minimum of 4 per cent of earnings under the Fowler proposals, the total initial commis-sion cheque could be £160,000, tied in with their continuing to collect premiums. Early surrender values for investment newal commission of £4,800 is newal commission of £4,800 is generated on the same level of contribution.

> There are, however, two further factors which will generate commission. The contributions because the proposed minimum contribution is a fixed percentage of earnings. Each increase but it will need steps such as in contribution generates more this to prevent Government initial commission—a 10 per



no more than a cash flow adjust-ment for a number of years. An active and successful unit trust contributions to another insurer. industry has developed around this system of payment, so why should the life assurance industry once more say it has ot be an exception?

David Fettes, Lucas Fettes and Partners, 301-305, Euston Road, NW1.

Equitable treatment

NEWINTERESTRATES

Decreases by 0.25% to 12.50% per annum with

For those customers who receive interest gross,

For those customers who receive interest gross,

From 12th June 1985 the abatement allowance on

Midland Bank plc, 27 Poultry, London EC2P 2BX

credit balances for personal customers who

Interest on Deposit Accounts decreases by 0.25% to 6.75% net p.a. with effect from

From Mr J. Hough

Sir.—Mr H. Green (June 10) illustrates the potential commission payments which will be generated for intermediaries when Mr Fowler's compulsory private pension provision be-comes law in place of Serp's.

He illustrates that if 1.000 employees of a company, with average earnings of £8,000, each effect a personal pension, the

the full initial commission is re-generated again—potentially £160,000 in this simple example. In addition to this, the insurer makes further charges on the

contributions to the policy to cover its own expenses and provide a profit which, judging by the success of Hambro and Abbey Life, is a healthy margin.

All these commissions and charges can only come by sub-stantially reducing the eventual return to the policyholder. The injustice to the early leaver under the current "final salary" type of occupational pension scheme which has been much discussed, will be merely re-placed by the injustice of excess charges and profits by insurers and intermediaries.

To avoid this, a high responsibility rests with the Marketing of Investments Board to ensure a clear indication of the levels of commission are declared to potential policyholders and there is equitable treatment Many so called independents feel that insurance brokers were commission payments are very between all types of inter-have, in recent years, been too earning excessive income from substantial. If personal pensions mediaries.

fully use its powers, proposed by Mr Fowler in his Green Paper, to ensure fair administrative charges, in personal pension policies. John Hough,

39, Waldegrare Road, SE19.

Latent defects in buildings

From Mr R. Aisher. Sir.—With respect to Mr Parris (May 29) if one reads the judgment in Pirelli carefully it will be seen that Lord Fraser very clearly explains why the House of Lords did not approve the discoverability test

applied in Sparham-Souter. Until 1976 when the Court of Appeal devised its ingenious distinction between damage to a house which the owner could sell at no loss until the damage is discovered and damage to the human body which its owner does not have the same option to change, it was gener-ally held that a cause of action was statute barred from six years after the act giving to the cause of action unless fraud or a deliberately concealed mis-

take were involved.

The Court of Appeal thus in effect retroactively changed the law and created liability where law and created liability where the best legal opinion up to that time had been that none existed. I cannot believe that it is right for appeal courts to action in this way. If a long established interpretation of statute is held to be unjust and in need of reform, then surely it is for Parliament to legicles. it is for Parliament to legislate, and only in exceptional circum-stances is it fair for legislation

to be retroactive.

While the interpretation generally accorded to the Limitation Act 1939 prior to 1976 may in some respects have been unfair, it did at least have the advantage of reasonable clarity. A building owner could have his building inspected before the sixth anniversary of its construction and insure himself against latent damage due to negligence, and I am sure this would be cheaper than contributing to vastly increased insurance premiums that now have to be passed on in the construction cost of the building and also avoid the risk of negligent parties no longer being in a position or having taken action to avoid being in a position to meet any judgment made against them. Litigation many years after a building was constructed is always liable to produce unfair results because of the difficulty of ascertaining facts a long time

And with the Government to provides evidence against an | Kaletsky's article that it is other defendant can be very

If therefore the situation before Sparham-Souter was un-fair but comprehensible, that created by it was much more unfair because of its retroactive nature and the great uncer-tainty involved in dealing with events many years after they took place.

The main beneficiaries of Sparham-Souter are the legal profession for who it has created a large amount of addi-tional work, while the building owner may have gained additional rights but is having to pay for them in advance, including a large provision for legal costs.

In Pirelli, I think the House of Lords did their best to remedy a very unsatisfactory situation. They perhaps left some loose ends in order to persuade Farliament to legislate, and in my opinion there is urgent need for new legislation. If time is to start to run from the date of discoverability of a defect then there does need to be an absolute longstop, and I would not disagree with 15 years. For actions started more than six years after the Act complained of, however, I think there should be an onus on a rotential plaintiff to notify all potential defendants as soon as possible after a defect is discovered and to issue proceedings within three years. I think also that the principle of "knock on" should either be severely curtailed or abolished. It is par-ticularly unfair when applied to a main contractor

where a subcontractor who can-not meet his obligations has been nominated and supervised by the architect or employer.

R. B. Aisher. Redleaf; Penshurst, Kent.

Gyrations of the dollar

From Professor I. Pearce and Dr S. Thomas.

Sir. - "Prepare" advises Anatole Kaletsky (June 6) "for a crash landing of the U.S. dollar." In Mr Kaletsky's judgment "the explanatory power of non-speculative forces underpinning dollar demand more pinning dollar demand more recently has been less convincing... Arguments [which] seemed plausible enough a year or two ago ... today look less persuasive." We are invited to "give up the search for economic reasons and concentrate instead on market psychology of ascertaining facts a long time after they happened. Also, the "knock on" effect can produce great unfairness where a defendant is not in a position to meet his obligations while the practice of a plaintiff agreeting to let a defendant off if he

about to crash) expects it soon to be higher still.

We, for our part, are puzzled much less by gyrations of the dollar than we are by the strange reluctance of commentators to accept any explana-tion of those gyratoins which involves anything other than transactions in dollars with U.S. residents. For example, Mr Kaletsky quotes only U.S. statistics on capitol flow into and out of U.S. in his search for "economic causes." But the fact is that any non-U.S. residents when horrows a dent who buys or borrows a U.S. dollar today is very much more likely to have acquired it from another non-U.S. resident

than from U.S. itself. The \$17bn of foreign-owned demand deposits in U.S. banks circulates among foreigners at an immense rate generating, so the evidence suggests, several hundred times the gross capital forms the times the gross capital forms to the several hundred times the gross capital forms to the several forms to th flows between U.S. and the rest of the world. Are we to believe that all this borrowing, buying and selling has no effect upon the exchange rate?

the exchange rate?

It is true of course that more than 90 per cent of all international dollar transactions are between banks. To quote a Bank of England discussion paper the stock of international debt "is an important determinant of the level of activity in the international interant of the level of activity in the international inter-bank market . . . However low the level of new lending activity falls there will for

some years be a substantial volume [= stock] of syndicated lending which must be re-funded; and it is to this stock rather than the gross new flow that we might expect the level of interbank activity to be

To us it seems most unlikely that because they are largely interbank and debt related, 90 per cent of all international dollar deals should have no effect upon interest and exchange rates. We have heard the argument that banks neither supply nor demand dollars on their own account but simply pass funds from initial savers to final borrowers so that their activity does not affect exchanges. But this clearly contradicts the judgment of the Bank-of England which expects substantial activity even when new borrowing and lending has ceased. We have also heard the claim that no bank can ever be short of dollars because it is standard practice to cover all future liabilities by borrowing forward. While this is possible for an individual bank it cannot be possible for all. A futures contract simply passes the liability from one bank to an-other. It cannot in any way

If there is some magical reason why a huge Eurodollar market can exist with supply and demand always equal requiring no price changes to make them equal then the Financial Times would be doing the world a great service if it could find some operator in that market to write for everyone an explanation of its workings.

(Prof.) L. F. Pearce, (Dr.) S. H. Thomas. Department of Economics, The University.

What other currency?

From Major A. Delens

Sir,—Having read Anatole Kaletsky's most interesting column (June 6). I am left with two questions. Why should the dollar collapse? What currencies will people go into when they sell their dollars?

they sell their dollars?

Currencies are the tokens of the world's economies just as shares are the tokens of companies. Shares go up and down like currencies; the shares of very weak companies collapse because no one wants them, just as those of strong companies move up and down, but within a fairly narrow bracket on a fairly high plateau. Currencies do the same. No one wants the currencies of the really weak economies, but everyone wants that of the world's strongest economy.

The dollar has been strong ever since the last war, and its collapse in the early 1970s was to my mind due to a market aberration brought about by the free market in gold and the floating of currencies. People wanted to try out these new ideas and went out of dollars to do so. They have acquired experience as a result and more mature reflection will now keep them in dollars.

Of course, all currencies will continue to fluctuate, including the dollar, as demand varies with commercial, financial and speculative requirements. The U.S. is very much a self-sufficient economy and exports are not all that important. The U.S. authorities will take action (or not) if they feel the need to do something about the current account deficit, for example. Remember benign neglect-it worked very well!

I do not believe we should look for reasons other than the fact of what the dollar represents and for my money the dollar will continue to remain strong within a reasonably high

COMPAGNIE DE SAINT-GOBAIN

亚国际研究科

Major A. H. R. Delens. 48, Ch. Ami-Argand, 1290 Versoix, Switzerland.

Company Notices

GOLD FIELDS GROUP

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

NOTICE TO WARANT HOLDERS OF

YAMAMURA GLASS CO. LTB.,

81% GUARANTEED NOTES DUE 1990 WITH WARRANTS

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BANQUE NAIONALE DE PARIS

US\$ 225 million June 1981-96 The rate of interest applicable for the period beginning June 13 1985 and set by the reference agent is 81% annually.

Art Galleries

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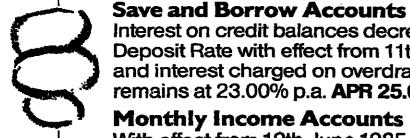
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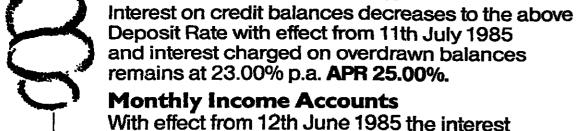
FINANCIAL TIMES

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Export controls and U.S. pressure

MR PAUL CHANNON, Minister for Trade, will today unveil an Export of Goods Control Order which was made on June 3 to meet requirements agreed in the 1982-84 review of the Cocom rules. Mr Channon will, no

doubt, say that the result of these long and difficult negotiations is a satisfactory com-promise. No doubt, also, this statement will be challenged by the UK computer lobby which has manifested considerable alarm about the consequences which the tightening of the U.S. 'export restrictions may have an the several constitutions. have on the export capability of Britain's high - technology industry.

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The state of

What other

surrency "

It is in the nature of lobbyists exaggerate, and the fears of the computer lobby may well be overstated, but it is also true that the British computer industry and the makers of other advanced machines and equipment depend on U.S. components for a significant part of their output. Extraterritorial application of U.S. controls, either directly or through British secondary legislation, can therefore severely restrict UK exports not only by prohibiting them, but simply by creating fear and uncertainty on the part of those making or selking sensitive products.

Many Europeans believe that. that the British computer indus-

Many Europeans believe that, under the pretext of defence considerations, the U.S. tries to preserve its dominance of the world market un high technology products. U.S. officials, on the other hand, complain that Europeans are interested only in business and underrate the importance of maintaining the West's technological superiority over the Soviet

According to Mr William Casey, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, increases some 1,000, directing technical piracy on the world market, where some 300 dummy firms have been identified as small

technology smuggling shops. The Export of Goods Control Order, which will come into effect on July 25, shows that the British Government shares extent. The Order will, for the first time, include computer software in the list of goods for which an export licence is necessary. It will eliminate from the list some low-power tion switchgear and make changes concerning robotics, By A. H. HERMANN, Legal Correspondent

The new measure goes a long way towards the U.S. desire to bring technical information under the same control as the hardware and software itself. Technical information will be controlled whenever it assumes a physical existence on paper,

tapes or discs.
A recent court trial involving smuggling activities was that of John Michael Ludlam, a Yorkshire - based computer Yorkshire - based computer dealer. He had the distinction of being the first person brought before the Lord Chief Justice under the Export of Goods Con-

engineering and the aerospace an international agreement—the imposed in a criminal prose

infringements in various states adhering to Corom should be comparable. The defence counsel pointed out that there had been massive exports from West Germany to the Warsaw Pact countries of presumably similar machines and that for these offences German courts imposed non-custodial sen-tences. Lord Lane thought that such a comparison was not very helpful as the circumstances and the problems of the German

cases were not known.
In the present case credit under the Export of Goods Control Order 1979, as amended in 1981. He was accused of exporting PDP 11 computers and a VAX 11 computer together with other smaller computer As the maximum sentence for hardware and peripherals to Bulgaria with the help of offence under the Act was Bulgaria with the help of one of two years' imprisonment, licences, obtained by deceit, for export to Switzerland.

Mr Ludiam was sentenced in would be appropriate. Bulgaria with the help of licences, obtained by deceit, for export to Switzerland.

Mr Ludiam was sentenced, in the Crown Court of Southwark on January 11 to two years' imprisonment, an associate was given a suspended sentence and their companies were fined a one of two years' imprisonment. Lord Lane thought that an overall sentence of 12 months would be appropriate.

The enforcement of Cocom rules by national legislation and courts fails within the normal pattern of territorial jurisdiction. However, the U.S.

The new Export of Goods Control Order is likely to displease the computer industry. The opposing claims of defence and business might be clarified by a U.S.-EEC dialogue

appeal, heard last month, was dismissed, except that the prison sentence was halved.

The Court of Appeal received affidavits from experts to the effect that the equipment could not be used for military purposes, that there was no technological advantage to be gained from the equipment by the Bul-garians or any Eastern Bloc countries, and that large numbers of that type of computer had already been exported from various countries to the countries of the Warsaw Pact.
Lord Lane, the Lord Chief
Justice, concluded from this

evidence that it was almost certain that the equipment was of tain that the equipment was of no direct military use, but that its indirect use might be a different matter altogether. It was not the function of the court, he said, to decide whether these machines were capable of military use nor whether the law was a good or bad one. The sole task of the court was to determine whether the law had determine whether the law had been broken and, if so, what As these are offences based on

total of £30,000. Mr Ludlam's policy in this area is also being enforced by a parallel extra-territorial application of U.S. laws and regulations.
This does not clash with

English law so long as it relies on undertakings obtained by U.S. suppliers from their UK customers not to export or resell without obtaining the suppliers' approval, and to comply with any future restrictions made by What brings the U.S. authori-

ties into a direct clash with

English law is when they attempt to enforce their regulations directly by sending their agents to inspect English companies' books and by imposing ines on them. This year the U.S. authorities imposed a civil penalty of \$400,000 on Systime plc, a computer manufacturer in Leeds, and asked the company to place its domestic and export sales under U.S. control. The infringe-ment for which the fine was

imposed was the export of computers containing U.S. com-ponents to Iraq and Pakistan. Although such fines are called "civil," they are in fact

Cocom rules—one might expect tion conducted by the U.S. that sentences administered for Administration. English courts do not enforce foreign criminal ties have an effective weapon: a UK company which disobeyed U.S. orders or failed to pay a penalty imposed would be black listed, so that it could no longer obtain supplies of components which it needed for its products. The enforcement of U.S. policy by means of private contracts, though acceptable under

general law, may yet come into conflict with competition rules, both English and EEC. In addi tion, agreements preventing the movement of goods from one Community country to another may be in conflict with Article 30 of the EEC Treaty (the free trade rule).

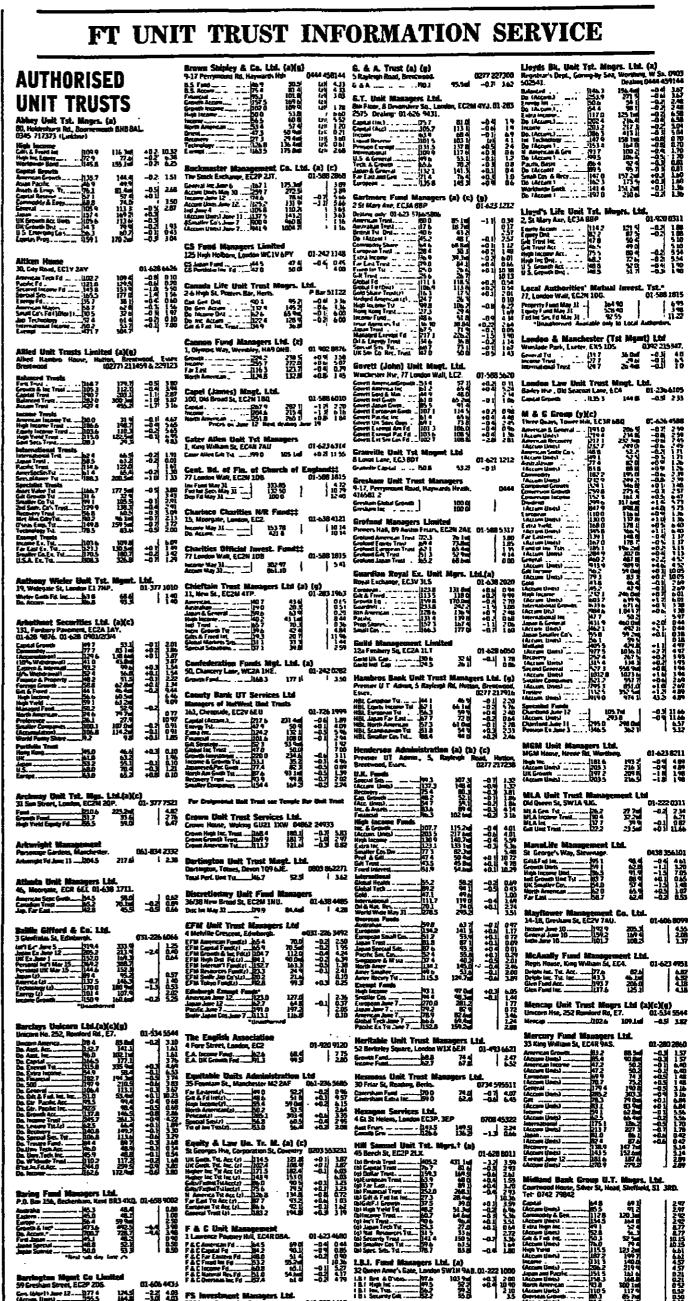
There is no doubt that it is vital to the interests of the West to maintain its fechnological advantage over the Soviet Union in defence matters—and these can not always be easily can not always be easily separated from non-military use of equipment and know-how. It is not so clear whether any restrictions can protect technical know-how sold throughout the world against penetration by Soviet agencies.

Soviet agencies.

If, as recent examples show, these can successfully infiltrate both U.S. and UK military establishments and obtain top secrets, how much more easier it must be for them to find a most be to the treatdenial. weak spot in the world-wide chain of uncontrollable distributors. However, even if the Cocom rules can at least delay Soviet access to advanced technology, the question remains whether these rules are not sometimes abused for monopolistic purposes and, if so, how this should be prevented. These are essentially prac-

tical questions, which can be answered only on a case-to-case basis. For this reason there may be something in the draft opinion of the European Parliament's Committee on Economi on November 21, 1984 (Document WG (2) 1234E) that it would be sensible to consider setting up a consultative body for the U.S. and the Community, which would include represen tives from both the governments and industries concerned. That might launch a dialogue at a strictly commercial level which could be productive for both

*This article is based partly on research by Kevin Cahill, a they are in fact computer journalist.



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93 George St, Edesburgh, EH2 J.S.

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F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,742

Which provide us with music scored, perhaps, by a leading Russian (7)
5 Put off coming back to take us, said "no" (7)
9 The witches try to leave the city (5)
10 One lies ground and series of the score of the company of the city (5)
10 One lies ground and series of the city (5)
11 One lies ground and series of the city (5)
12 One lies ground and series of the city (5)
13 One lies ground and series of the city (5)
14 Brown paper, with which Ted's covering a girll (9)
15 Lift engineers come round, as I carranged (5)
16 The part of a cycle that makes it cheaper? (9)
17 Hurry — """

The witches try to leave the city (5) on this (5)

10 One lies around the vessel still (9)

11 Crime committed in an attendard bousse (9)

12 One lies around the vessel on this (5)

13 The boy is standing up, nurse, which is swell (7)

14 Salesman who is going places? (9) dant's house (9)

12 Tiny Director-General seem 16 Made fun of the word for "deliver" I clued badly (9)

in a club (5)

13 Call and attempt to get the union leader admitted (5)

15 Nanny, when run over, is made poorly (9)

18 Dread disturbance after leading dissident, so wins again (7) record is dropped (9) 19 Barker gets attached to it 20 (5)
21 Wrap only the final present
22 Ring active girl (5)
23 An American girl that's in it (5)

23 Help to irrigate an isolated 24 Rouse and, having forgotten 25 Eddy and Phil row over and look back (9) 26 Toll Ken arranged by the fifties (5) 27 Again included the horse

that's guided (7) 28 Tended to get upset about nothing being designated (7) DOWN 1 They may be booked for the chef (7) 2 The pot-holer turned on us by hollow (9) 2 The band started out with a famous drummer (5)

again (7) Dashed sore, went aboad

it, wait with the boy (5) Solution to Puzzle No. 5,741

MAMPLOST DEROLD
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INVEST IN 50,000 BETTER TOMORROWS!

50,000 people in the United Kingdom suffer from progressively paralysing MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS—— the ceuse and cure of which are still unknown HELP US BRING THEM RELIEF AND HOPE.

HELP US BRING THEM RELIEF AND HOPE.

We need your donation to enable us to continue our work for the CARE and WELFARE OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS sufferers and to continue our set WELFARE OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS sufferers and to continue our set with the cause and cure of MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS through commitment to find the cause and cure of MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS through commitment apersage. commitment to find the court of the court of the commitment to find the commitment to find

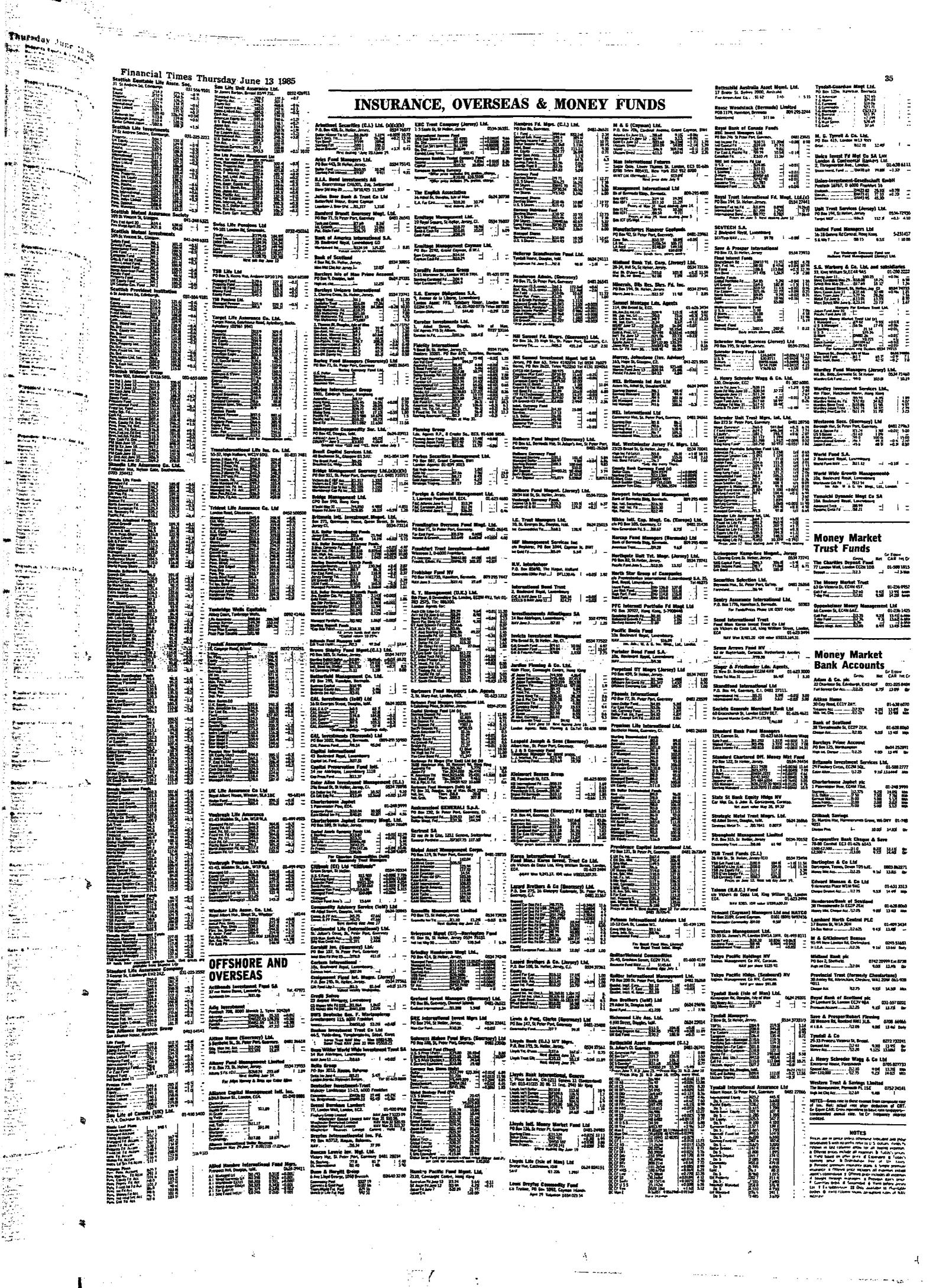
Room F.1 The Multiple Scieresis Society of G.B. and N.L. 286 Munster Road Fulham, Loudon SW6 6BE

Barclays Bank Base Rate.

Barclays Bank PLC and Barclays Bank Trust Company Limited announce that with effect from 12th June 1985 their Base Rate was decreased from 1234% to 121/2%.

BARCLAYS Reg. Office: 54 Lombard St., EC3P 3AH. Reg. Not 1026167 and 920880.

BASE LENDING RATES 123% Hill Samuel . Allied Irish Bank 121% American Express Bk. 121% Henry Ansbacher 124% Morgan Grenfell 1249 Mount-Credit Corp. Ltd. 1249 National Bk. of Kuwait 1219 National Girobank ... 1219 National Westminster 1219 Northern Bank Ltd. ... 121% Norwich Gen. Trust... 121% People's Trust 14% Provincial Trust Ltd.... 1319 R. Raphael & Sons ... 1219 Co-operative Bank 123 %
The Cyprus Popular Bk. 12:1%
Dumbar & Co. Ltd. ... 12:1%
Dumcan Lawrie 12:1% E. T. Trust Exeter Trust Ltd. Exeter Trust Ltd. 13 % First Nat. Fin. Corp... 121% First Nat. Secs. Ltd. ... 131% 7 day deposits 9½%. 1 month 10½%. Top Tier—£2,500+ at 3 monthly notice 12½%. At call when £10,000+ remains deposited.



Downturn in British farmland values

By Our Commodities Staff

VACANT POSSESSION farm land prices in England and Wales have fallen back again after rising in the first quarter of this year, according to provisional figures released by the Ministry of Agriculture yester-

The average price of land changing hands in the February-April period was £4,327 a hec-tare, the figures show. This compares with £4,642 a hectare in January-March but is still above the £4.216 figure registered in July-September

The weighted average price, which is adjusted to take account of area and size group variations in the sample, shows a sharper drop to £4,342 in February-April from £4,953 in January-March.

 Milk producers have voted overwhelmingly in favour of a change in the Milk Marketing Board's electoral system to re-place the "cow vote" (based on the number of cows) with a "one man, one vote." Over 75 per cent of producers voting backed the proposed change, which now has to be submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture to put amendments before Par-liament.

 Part-time farming is making an increasing contribution to the social and economic wellbeing of rural areas in many developed countries and Governments ought to acknowledge this, claims a report published today.

"Governments should be made much more aware of parttime farming's potentially vital role in maintaining viable populations in the countryside," says the Scottish-based Arkleton Trust. "Far from being a peripheral and declining sector of the agricultural scene in advanced countries, as often loosely assumed, part-time farmers are in an overwhelming najority in countries like Japan and Norway and part-time farmers are at least as numerous as their full-time counterparts in Germany, Austria, Switzerland and the U.S."

Natural rubber pact extended

BY OUR COMMODITIES EDITOR

International Natural Rubber Agreement is to be extended for twe years, it was formally agreed at the Inter-Rubber Natural Organisation's council meeting in Kuala Lumpur yesterday.

The five-year agreement was due to expire in October this year and the two-year extension will give more time for a new pact to be negotiated. Talks in Geneva seeking to negotiate a new Agreement ended inconclusively in April and are scheduled to resume early next year. The Council's decision to extend the pact was essential if the agreement was to keep

The extension of the agree ment means that the present terms and conditions of the existing pact, including the existing price range, will be naintained as desired by consumer members.

Producing countries were seeking various changes, including a substantial increase in the they surprisingly refused to ex-

meeting in February this year. However, they have ben forced to change their minds following the failure of the Geneva talks to negotiate a new pact, since without the prop provided by the existing Agreement market prices would be almost certain to decline considerably below

existing levels.

Earlier this week it was reported that the buffer stock of the organisation was calling up a further \$M100 (£60m) from the 33 member countries to sup-plement the funds needed for support buying to maintain market prices within the agreement's agreed price range.

Market prices are currently below the "may buy" trigger level in the pricerange and the buffer sock is believed to have been

an active support buyer in recent weeks. However, if the buffer stock holdings, currently thought to total around 280,000 tonnes,rises above 300,000 toppes a special meeting of the council has to be convened to review the market situation, including considera tion as to whether the price

Emission controls likely to lift platinum demand

markets for platinum, palla-dium and shodium over the next decade, according to a special report just issued by J. Aron/ Goldman Sachs commodities

research group. It says the development of this new outlet will have the greatest impact on platinum and rhodium. By the mid-1990s, when the entire European auto-mobile market will be using catalysts, demand for platinum would be increased by 19 per cent to nearly 500,000 ounces a year, while consumption of rhodium will go up by 17 per cent to 30,000 ounces.

The rise in the use of palla-

THE INTRODUCTION of auto- represents only 4 per cent of mobile catalytic converters for its total consumption.

emission control in Europe is Reviewing potential supply report says it is known there are some reserves in South Africa that could be exploited. In addition secondary metal will be available from scrapped automobiles in the U.S. where catalysts have been in use for some time.

The report suggests that

another emerging outlet for platinum is in investment demand. In 1984 it is estimated that investors acquired an additional 175,000 to 200,000 ounces, U.S. investors remain disenchanted with near-term prospects for precious metals, however, and prices may yet fall back at least to their early 1985

Scarcity of supplies boosts lead market

By Our Commodities Staff

SCARCITY of immediately available supplies yesterday pushed the cash lead price on the London Metal Exchange (LME) up by £15.5 to £318 a tonne moving to a premium over the three months quotation, which was £6.25 up at

Traders said that buying from one quarter in particular of both cash and three months lead more than offset the de-pressing news of a rise in U.S. lead refiners' stocks in May by nearly 17,000 tonnes reported by the American Bureau of Metal Statistics. It was thought un-likely that current LME market prices were high enough to attract the surplus stocks across

Zinc, lead's sister metal, lost further ground with the cash price declining by £7 to £578.5 a tonne on the Exchange. It is felt that the European producer quotation may well have to be reduced from its present level of \$930 to \$890 a tonne shortly following the recent decline in U.S. producer prices and the U.S. producer prices and the generally poor state of demand.

American crude oil stocks fall by 3m barrels

By Our Commodities Staff

U.S. STOCKS of crude oil dropped by 3m barrels last week to 352.2m barrels, more than 7m barrels below this time last year, according to the American Petroleum Institute

Imports of both crude oil and oil products fell slightly behind last year-from 5.7m barrels to 5.2m barrels.

Stocks of distillate fuel climbed marginally to 105m barrels, just 664,000 above the same week in 1984. Residual fuel oil stocks fell slightly to 42.7m barrels, about 4.6m barrels behind last year.

Petrol stocks continued to lag well behind 1984. API estimated stocks of 219m barrels, about Andrew Gowers on the World Food Council meeting in Paris

Trade rows cloud famine issues

RAGE, FRUSTRATION, des-pair, complacency—all the familiar emotions and attitudes associated with famine - have been present in generous measure at this week's ministerial meeting of the UN World Food Council, which ends today. Anger and frustration came from men like Mr Eugene Whelan, the Council's Canadian president, who had the means to analyse the world's food problems, but lacked the authority to do anything about

it. And there was a sense of overwhelming inertia and confusion about the capacity of the United Nations system as a whole, or Western and third world governments in particu-lar, to act in more than an emergency, ad hoc or piecemeal way to combat the famine which is ravaging many parts of Africa

This week's meeting, the 11th in an annual series of wide-ranging discussions on food, started by the 1974 World Food Conference, was the first since the Ethiopian famine burst upon Western consciences last more sombre than ever.

As many delegates remarked, the world food situation has the world food situation has never seemed so paradoxical or contentious as it does today: mounting food surpluses in the developed "North" and even in some developing countries; growing food shortages in the poorest nations of the "South"; and the increasing prospects of an agricultural trade war between the U.S. and the EEC. It is all a far cry from the

grotesquely misplaced —words about eradicating hunger within 10 years. Even last year's meeting, ironically in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa, considered a paper arguing that "the potential for mass famine has been largely eliminated." In 1974, against the back-

ground of famine in the Indian sub-continent and the Sahel a draw-down of world food reserves to their lowest levels in 25 years and sharply rising food prices, the world's assumptions on the subject were fundamentally different.
The concensus was that the

world was entering a period of tight food supplies brought about by population growth and that increased production in areas with food deficits could banish the worst of the hunger. Mr John Block, the U.S. Agriculture Secretary, who clearly came to the meeting concerned not primarily with African famine but with trade wars, put the link in its baldest terms. Both the grain glut and the famine, he said, stemmed from

government interference In many parts of Africa, governments have sought to benefit urban consumers with subsidies, keeping food prices low and discouraging farmers from producing. In the North, meanwhile, governments had given too much incentive to

Most also agreed—in theory at least—that, while food aid was essential as a short-term expedient, it did not constitute a lasting solution to the prob-lems of Africa, and could even now be hampering African governments' ability, or sapping their will; to mount vital agri-

Mr Block's answer increased and freer trade. In many third world representa-tives, he said: "The pursuit of self-sufficiency in developing countries can be harmful for them and the world economy as a whole . . . efforts to diversify crop production are very important to developing countries and we support those efforts, but they should be carefully designed to keep the principle of comparative advantage in mind. Comparative advantage will encourage developed nations to increase trade with

famine, he said stemmed from Fine, say World Food Counthe same, basic source—man's cil officials—who prepared a "weakness or folly" in seeking collection of remarkably outspoken reports for the meeting —an expansion of world trade is essential if the poorest countries are to have any prospect of climbing out of their crisis. But that also presupposes reduced protectionism, including agricultural protectionism, in the North.

developing nations, and

In a sideswipe at the U.S. and Few other delegates would go the EEC, the Council's Amerias far as the U.S. Agriculture can director Mr Maurice Wii-

Such practices are hampering many potential to expand exports and weakening investment opportunities in their agricultural

pressed by French President Francois Mitterrand and his a recitation of text book Agricultural Minister, M Henri economics which clearly irked Nallet, to back their argument many third world representathat world agricultural markets should be "organised"—that is to say, carved up between ex-porters. He delivered a polite rebuke

to Mr Block's free-trade evange-lism. "The problem is not to free trade. Rather, it is a ques-tion of evaluating the condi-tions and the time frame in which trade can be free." In other words, France, and hence the EEC—which almost invariably moves at the pace of its slowest member — will proceed towards a new round of proceed towards a new round of international negotiations in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in its own time, despite all Mr Block's huffing and puffing and regardless of his new \$25n export promottion scheme.

And although the U.S. this week firmly restated its opposition to organising markets some European observers expect this is what the eventual Gatt negotiations will come down to. In tween the U.S. and the EEC. as far as the U.S. Agriculture can director Mr Maurice Wiithat respect, this week's meeting as far cry from the 1974 conference, which echoed to Dr Henry Kissinger's grandiose — and with hindsight, policy in Africa and elsewhere.

U.S. grain exporter attacks subsidy plans

A SENIOR official of one of resolve it risks sending a mest them back," he writes. the bigest American exporters sage of impotence and unwillinguest to make hard political convinced that it needs to of grain, has launched a surprising attack on U.S. moves to boost agricultural exports by offering more export subsidies. Mr Rob Johnson, a vice president of Cargli, says in this month's company bulletin, that the rhetoric surrounding agri-cultural export subsidies

choices, he argues.
In Washington there was

would earn windfall profits from the new U.S. bonus grain would prefer no subsidy scheme

"usually leads to shooting one's own foot." While intending to

change the domestic policies that are creating its surpluses,

export programme, he said. it may feel good in the short But Cargill and other exporters term to "bump somebody out of a market," unless the de-mand pie actually grows, all

Close High Low Prev 62.80, 82.70 82.05 62.35 51.25 81.33 60.85 61.27 61.89 61.80 61.30 61.68 62.60 62.65 62.25 62.25 62.75 63.00 62.75 63.00 63.25 63.52

ing his traditional customers. the U.S. will have a new prob lem: defending American agrifrom advantaged foreign competition be useful in occasionally

they are no substitute for the need to end government inter-

PORK BELLIES 38,000 lb, cents/tb

LONDON MARKETS

BASE METALS

LME prices supplied by Amaigamated Metal Trading

ALUMINIUM

close(p.m.) — £ per tonne 818-9 -3.0 813/813 841-2 -3.76 845/834 Official closing (am): Cash 813-5 (820-1), three months 836.5-7 (843-5), settlement 813.5 (848-5). Final Kerb close: 840-2. Turnover: 15,000 tonnes.

COPPER

Higher grade Unoffic ' + or dightlow Official closing (am): Cash 1120.5-1.5 (1117-5). three months 1139-5 (1137.5-8), settlement 1121.5 (1117.5). Final Kerb close: 1148-49.

Official closing (am): Cash 1113-4 (1109-11), three months 1127-8 (1123-5), settlement 1114 (1111). Turnover: 24,950 tonnes. U S. producer prices 66,00-70,00 cents per pound.

Official closing (sm): Cesh 307 5-8 (302-5-75). three months 303-5-4.5 (302-5), settlement 308 (302-75). Final Karb close: 305-55. Turnover: 12,650 tennes. U.S. Spot: 19.00-21.00 cents per pound.

NICKEL

Unofficial + or close:p.m.; — E per tonne Cash £4380.90 —35.0 4470:4888 5 months £4555-40 —35,0 4380:4329 Official closing (am): Csth 4440-5 (4440-5), three months 4355-60 (4400-51, settlement 4445 (4445), Final Kerb close, 4336-40, Turnbrer: 3,770 tonnas.

High grade Unofficial + or High for day

£ per tonne Official closing (am); Cush 9680-5 9685-70), three months 9563-5 (9554-), aettlement 9685 (9670).

ZINC

1

Official + or High/low close p.m.) — £ per forme Officiel closing (am): Cash 567-8 (578-90), three months 581.5-2 (590-1), asttlement 558 (580), Final Kerb close: 561-3. Turnover: 11, 550 tonnes. U.S. Prime Western: 45.50-47.50 cents per MAIN PRICE CHANGES In tonnes u

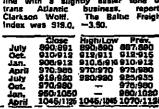
Aluminium £1100 £1100 Free Mkt \$1055,006 -5 \$1150/180

OTHERS

GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) June 12

Close \$314-3141₂ Opening \$314-3141₂ M'ni'g fbt, \$313.75 Aft'n'nfix, \$314.50

Silver was fixed 0.16p an ounce lower for spot delivery in the Landon bullion merket yesterday at 485.8p. U.S. cent squivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 614.3c, up 0.55c, three-month 637.85c, up 0.1c; and 12-month 664.7c, up 0.55c. The metal opened at 488-498p (619-622c).



80yabean (U.S.) | \$255,75w +0.25 \$248,0 GRAINS

t Unquoted. x May June. v June-uly. w Sapt. y July. t Per 76 ib Rask.

Gold fell S1 an ounce from Thursday's close in the London buillon market yesterday to finish at \$314-314\(\frac{1}{2}\). It does not the same level and traded between a high of \$314\(\frac{1}{2}\). Trading was extremely quest shead of U.S. economic date due for release today.

LME-Turnover: 33 (43) lots of 10,000 Morning: large three months high 501,5, low 501.0.



(£24814-24834 (£24814-24834 (£248-122) (£248-459)

8001 485.80p -0.16 489.5p +1.8 5 months. 500.50p -0.25 504.0p +2.8 6 months. 515.00p -0.50 12sponths 542,90p -6.36

FREIGHT FUTURES The Diffex was confined to a very narrow trading range throughout the day, and there was no physical news of consequence to report.

The Spot Baluc Fraught Index was marked down 3.5 points to 919.0, in line with a slightly assist tone on trans Atlantic business, reports Clarkson Wolff. The Baltic Freight Index was 919.0, -3.50.

GRAINS

July wheat lost ground on profit-taking in continued nervous trading, closing around the day's low. New crops came under shipper selling pres-sure improving a little lats in the day with no constructive news from EEC farm ministers after the German veto, reports Muirpace.

May... 112,30 —0.89: 110,85 —0.45

Business done—Wheat: July 118.50,
7.85, Sept 98.70-8.00, Nov 107.85-1.80,
Jan 105.60-5.45, March 108.95-8.90, May
112.15 only. Sales: 97 lots of 100
tonnes. Barley: Sept 97.50-7.80, Nov
107.50-1.45, Jan 105.25 only. Sales: 37
lots of 100 tonnes.
LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. Dark
Northern Spring, No. 1. 15 per cert:
July 142.75, Aug and Sept 140.50, Oct
143.50, Sellers transhipment East Coast.
U.S. No. 2 Soft Red Winter, July 124.75,
Aug 127.15, Sept 130.76, Oct 131,
sellers. English Feed, fob: June 121.60,
Aug 127.15, Sept 130.76, Oct 131,
sellers. English Feed, fob: June 121.60,
Aug/Sept 99.00, Sept 100, Oct/Dec 104,
Jan/March 110, sellers. Make: U.S.
No. 3 Yellow/French, transhipment
East Coast: June 146.50, sellers East
Coast. Rest unquoted,
HGCA—Locational ex-ferm spet
pricas: Feed Wheat: E Mids 116.00;
N. East 117.70; Feed Barley: East
112.30. The UK monetary coefficient
for the week beginning Monday June
17 will remain unchanged.

COFFEE After again testing the weeks toms coffee futures rebounded arrough towards the end of the session, reports Dressl. Burnham, Lambert. General book squaring in the morning was replaced by good commission house buying against a steady C contract in the afternoon as rumours clockated of further trild weather in Brazil. Prices

COFFEE Yesterd'ys + or ! Busines

2078-99 2159-40 2161-83 2213-13 2213-13 2195-06 2172-05 +11.5 2085 60 +29.0 9140 00 +25.5 9185 60 +31.0 2215 80 +16.5 --+18.0 --+09.0 --Sales: 2,023 (1,859) lots of 5 tonnes. (CO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound) for June 11: Comp deity 193 131,96 (132,43): 15-day average 131,80 INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

June 11June 10 M'th ago;Yearago 77,39 275.98 292.83 305.46

MOODY'S May 14 May 15 M'th ago Yearago 921,9 923,9 —

DOW JONES Dow June 6 June 6 Month Year Jones _____ ago) ago Spot 117.78117.47 — :140.65 Fut. 120.81,180.21, — :140.51 (Bese: December 31 1974 = 100)

COCOA

SUGAR

SOYABEAN MEAL

June 12 June 12 M'th ago Yverago

(Base: December 31 1931 = 100)

Sales: 4.726 (3.422) lots of 10 tonnes. ICCO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound). Delty price for June 12: 97.21 (95.68); five-day average for June 13: 96.38 (95.99). LORDON DAILY PRICE—Raw suger 588.00 (£69.50), up \$5.00 (up £4.00) a tonne for June/July delivery. White suger \$134.00, down \$1.50.
Prices ratiled some \$3.00 over the morning but later half the gains were lost as New York moved onto the defensive, raports G. Czarnikow.

No. 6 Yest'day's Previous Business Gon- close close done tract Sales: 1,482 (1,634) loca of 50 Sales: 1,492 (1,534) rous of tonnes.
Tate and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis sugar was £171.50 (£157.00) a tonne for export.
International Sugar Agreement—(U.S. cents per pound tob and stowed Caribbean ports.) Prices for June 11: Daily price 2.73 (2.68): 15-day average 2.77 (2.78).

The market opened around un-changed in quest conditions, reports T. G. Roddick. Prices firmed on trade buying to close the market. Brant Oil traded thinly in the momleg, down to 26.75 for July and 25.21
for August, then recovered 20.25 cents
in heavy afternoon trade,
covering strengthened Dubai prices. In
general, the crute market remains nervous. Nymex W.T.I. for July opened
12 cents down but traded 3 cents up
at 7 pm E.S.T. Within the patroleum
arroducts market forward as oil oriese

remained stable while prompt levels firmed considerably on distressed short-covering demand. Uttle interest to high sulphur fuel but some U.S. demand for low sulphur lots. Petroleum Argus, London.

PRODUCTS-North West Europe Prompt delivery oif (5 per tonne)

211.75 211.00 212.00 213.00 216.60 219.50 221.25 Turnover: 1,020 (1,981) lots of 100 POTATOES

\$ U.S.

Nervous profit-taking in quiet market conditions pushed values higher today, registering gains of 22.00 basis April during the afternoon trade. The rally to 590.10 was short-lived with selling interest on the close trimming levels to close berely steady, reports Coley and E per tonne 60.40 59.80 67.30 66.50 78.90 78.00 84.60 84.00 81,03-E81,88 Sales: 187 (439) lots of 40 tonnes.

PIGMEAT increased trading interest carried prices higher on the near positions, reports CCST Commodities. p. per kilo (deadweight) 101.40 100.60 101.60-109.69 107.00 105.70 107.00 105.80 107.00 106.80 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50 97.00 Sales: 89 (9) lots of 50 carcases 3,250 kg.

PHYSICALS—The London market opened sharply higher, mot persistent selling throughout the day and closed easier, reports Lewis and Peat. Closing prices (buyers): spot 67.00p (68.00p), July 69.25p (68.75p), Aug 69.25p (88.75c) MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-stock prices at representative markets: GB: Cattle 89.18p per kg kw (+1.55); GB: Sheep 190.43p per kg est d c w (-3.04); GB: Pigs 73.18p per kg kw (+1.20)

RUBBER

negotiate."

Mr Johnson says that while "Rather than advancing that results is a rearranging of negotiating prospects, this subtrade flows in a less efficient sidy proposal will likely set pattern. Meanwhile, the sub-

GOLD 100 troy az, \$/troy oz

writes. sidiser gives away some wealth not yet unnecessarily and risks offend-Subsidies will knock grain prices down, he says, and then

U.S. MARKETS

PETROLEUM markets were mixed with gasoline under pressure in reaction to a bearish API stocks figure while heating oil and crude strengthened in response to very low bulish Iconsensus, reports Heinold Commodities.

market, with most trading confined to evening up ahead of retail sales due tomorrow. Copper traded slightly higher in auticipation of better economic activity following recent interest rate reductions. Sugar firmed in response to adictional buying interest from India, Coffee rallied on better cash interest and concern over cooler tem-peratures this weekend. Cocoa steadled with Brazilian selling posing resistance. Cotton traded under pressure

Cotton traded under pressure on favourable crop prospects. The grain complex was generally steady to firm reflecting speculative buying on below normal temperature. Soyaheans weakened on precipitation benefiting the crop in the Midwest and Delta.

COFFEE "C" 37,000 lb, conts/fb Low 145.50 147.00 147.20 146.65 147.00 146.00

OTHER MARKETS SPOT PRICES SPOT PRICES—Chicago loose lard 17.50 (20.00) cents per pound. New York tin 557.0-550.0 (556.0-557.0) cents per pound. Hardy and Harman state bullion 617.50 (616.60) cents per troy

LORDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-BREDS—Close (in order: buyer, saller, business). New Zealand cants per key. Aug 560, 541, 842, 542; Jan 539, 542, 542; March 548, 550, 550; May 585, 557, 557; Aug 567, 571, 570; Oct 567, 571, 577; Dec 567, 572, 571, 577; Dec 567, 572, 571, 571; Dec 670; Breds WOOL—Close (in order: buyer; seller, business). Australian cents per ke, July 841.5, 641.5, 641.5, 641.5, 641.5, 640.0, nil; March 534.5, 636.0, nil; May 642.0, 649.0, nil; July 844.0, 650.0, nil; Oct 618.0, 640.0, nil; Dec 620.0, 630.0, nil; Oct 618.0, 640.0, nil; Dec 620.0, 650.0, nil; Oct 618.0, 640.0, nil; Dec 620.0, n

100 troy oz, 5/troy oz

Close High Jow
313.6 315.2 315.2
315.2 316.5
320.3 321.5 320.4
324.3 325.8 324.0
326.5 329.4 326.7
332.7 333.8 332.9
337.2 342.1 343.3 343.3
347.1 —
357.6 357.3 357.3
363.2 MAIZE 5,000 by min, cer High 278.2 263.0 258.6 267.6 271.0 270.6 257.4 UNANGE JUICE 15,900 B, cunts/lb Close 145.95 142.80 141.10 140.20 140.20 140.20 140.20 140.20 Close High Low 145.55 145.70 148.50 Sept 145.85 145.70 148.50 Nov 141.10 141.70 141.20 140.76 March 140.20 141.00 140.76 March 140.20 140.20 Sept 140.20 Sept 140.20 PLATINUM 50 troy oz. \$/troy oz SOYABEANS 5,000 be seen conta/60-ib bushel 257.8 272.8 277.3 Close 618.3 620.5 624.2 628.5 640.6 645.1 653.2 671.9 682.1 SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tons, S/ton 642.4 650.7 658.8 689.5 679.8 673.0 875.0 LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lb. cents/lb Close 80.30 62.52 62.47 63.60 84.35 66.32 65.86 June August Oct Dec Fab April June Close 328.0 329.6 336.4 337.0 326.4 308.0

WOOL FUTURES

COTTON LIVERPOOL—No spot or shipment sales were recorded. Susiness was lettergic and traders avoided forward communents. Users were content with existing suppliers.

HIDES

HIDES—Leads (Birminghess). Second clears. Ox: 31-35.5 kg, 50.2p a kg withdrawn (90.0p wrthdrawn): 28-30, kg, 114.8p a kg withdrawn (118.0p). Cows: 25.5 kg, 112.8p a kg withdrawn (112.1p withdraws). Whest—(U.S. \$ per tonne) U.S. No. 2 Soft Red Winter: July 139.50, Aug 142, Sept 146, Oct 146.50, setters. U.S. No. 2 Northern Spring, 14 per cent protein: July 185. Aug 160, Sept 160, Oct 163, Nov 185.50, Dec 168.50, setters. U.S. Northern Spring, 15 per cent protein: July 178. Aug 171, Sept 171, Oct 173.50, Nov 176.50, setters. U.S. No. 3 Hard Amber Durum: June 174.50, July

174, Aug 167.50; Sept 160, Oct 165.
Nov 168, seiters. Genedian No. 1
Western Amber Dürum; June 179, July
178, Aug 177, Sept 176, seiters.
Meize—(U.S. 8 per tonne) U.S. Mo
3 Yollow; Spot 131.50, Affect 128, June
127.50, July 128, Aug 127, Sept 125,
Oct/Dec 123.50, Jan/March 127.50,
seiters. Affentine. Plate: Affect 131.50,
June 132, July 123.50, Aug 133, seiters

Thailand tapioca

October 13. It said the quota, the fifth this year, brings total January/ October exports set for the EEC to 2.9m tonnes.

BANGKOK — Thailand's Commerce Ministry has set a quota of 324,014 tonnes of topioca for export to the EEC in the period from June 14 to

HEY MARKE

MERRINGS NEE

No. 1 and

THE REAL PROPERTY.

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar steady

Let Mark the Table

 $\mathcal{Z}((\mathbf{s}_{t+1,t+1})$

.....

34+11.1. ...

that other

SPECTAL S

Against this background the market turned its attention to the U.S. Federal funds rate in a vain attempt to interpret official policy on interest rates and the economy. Consequently there was no clear consensus, with fading hopes of an early cut in was no clear consensus, with fading hopes of an early cut in the discount rate countered by a relatively low Federal funds rate of 71 per cent. The dollar closed at DM 3.0890 from DM:3.0890 and Y249.80 compared with Y249.85. Against the Swiss franc it was marginally changed at SwFr 2.5985 from SwFr 2.5980 and FFr 9.41 compared with FFr 9.4125. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange figures, the dollar's exchange

The dollar finished towards the best level of the day against most currencies in thin, patchy trading. Most participants kept their levels of business to a minimum ahead of today's U.S. retail sales figures, a statistic anished important position in determining market thinking for no other reason than the current the performance of the U.S. Against this background the market turned its attention to the U.S. Federal funds rate in the vain attempt to interpret official

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Belgian franc Danish krone ... Germen D-mark, Franch tranc.... Dutch guilder Irlsh punt...... Italian lire 8,14104 2,24184 6,87456 2,52895 0,72589 1403,49 -1.12 +0.10 -0.53 +0.15 -1.23 +1.88

±1.5471 ±1.6419 士1.3669 士1.5771 士1.6673 士4.0410

9-8. months
4.97 1.51-1.46pm
3.08 1.35-1.21pm
5.61 67-6pm
4.04 78-8pm
2.46 91-8-2pm
6.02 0.33pm-.04d
6.90 67-6-2pm
-13.65 400-1195dis
-2.44 125-185dis
-0.13 1-2-2-4-3dis
-0.13 1-2-2-4-3dis
-0.13 1-2-2-4-3dis
-0.14 4-8-3dis
-0.15 4-8-2-2-3dis
-0.16 4-8-2-3dis
-0.17 1-2-3dis
-0.18 6-8-2-3dis
-0.19 6-8-2-3dis
-0.19 6-8-2-3dis
-0.19 6-8-2-3dis Belgian rate is for convertible francs. Financial franc 79.15-79.25. Six-month forward dellar 2.64-2.59c pm. 12-month 4.10-3.95c pm.

OTHER CURRENCIES rgentina Peso... 958,50-960,88 757,71-758,51 Austria... 1,8860-1,8900 1,4905-1,4925 Beiglum 2,3065-1,1957 1,367-7,165 1,4905-1,4925 Beiglum 2,3065-1,997 1,367-7,165 1,369-1,369 1,369 1,3 **Note Rates** | 1,4905-1,4925 | Belgium | 78,45-79.25 |
1,4905-1,4925	Belgium	78,45-79.25
5,640-5,650	Denmark	13,90.14,04
5,6950-5,3970	France	11,81.11.93
134,95-137.78	Germany	34,95-392
7,7710-7,		

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR and 1.9124-1.0196 1.0139-1.0138 0.43-0.37c pm leads 1.3683-1.3703 1.269-0.22c dis leads 1.3683-1.3703 1.269-0.22c dis leads 1.3683-1.3703 1.269-0.22c dis leads 1.3683-1.3703 1.269-0.22c pm leads 1.2

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS CURRENCY RATES 79.2 145.7 87.8 111.8 89.0 77.3 181.5 138.9 118.1 64.8 45.5 156.8

1990-1982=100. Bank of England Index

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

June 12	Pound St'rling	U.S. Dollar	Detitschem k	J'panese Yen	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Guild	Italian Lira	Canada Dollar	Beigian Franc
Pound Sterling U.S. Dollar	0.789	1,258	3,915 5,089	316.8 249.8	11.92 9.410	3,295 2,599	4,413 5,482	#485. 1961.	1.783 1.867	79.80 62.15 · ·
Deutschemark Japanese Yen 1,000	0,255 6,157	0,324 4,002	1, 12,36	80,91 1000,	8,045 87,63	0.842 10,40	1,127 15,93	634,7 7845,	0.448 5.471	20,1 5 248,8
French Franc 10.	0,839	1,063 0,385	. 3,284 - 1,168	265.7 96,18	10. 5,618	_ 2.764	5.702 r 1.459	2085. 754,2	1,454 0,626	66.11 23.92
Dutch Guilder Italian Liira 1900	0,227 0,402	0,987 0,510	0,887 1,575	71:78 127,5	2,701 4,797	0.747 1.826	1.776	563.2 1000:	·· 0.596 0.697	17.86 51,71
Canadian Dollar Seiglan Franc 100	0.577	0.731 1,509	2,359 4,968	189.B 408.0	6,878 18,13	1.901 4.181	2.546 5.600	1434. 3154,	2.199	45.47 100

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing rates)

June 12	Sterling	U.S. Dollar	Canadian Dollar	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	D-mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Belgiat Conv.	Franc Fin.	Yen	Danish Krone
Short-term 7 days' hatiae	12년 12년 12년 12년 12년 12년	744 715 714-756 715-756 766-754 715-715 814 814	968 978 959-978 976-916 976-916 976-916 976-918	67g-7 67g-7 654-67g 654-67g 654-67g 684-67g	1·1·2 1·4·3 5 1·5·5 5·6·5·4 5·6·5·4 5·3·5·4	58,612 53,512 64,56 612 56 53,64 58,64	101-107-107-107-107-107-107-107-107-107-	131g-141q 13-14 137g-134q 131g-131q 131g-131q 131g-137g	81 ₂ 83 ₄ 849 839 856 879 83 ₄ 9 83 ₄ 9 9-91 ₄	85g-87g 85g-87g 83g-91g 87g-91g 87g-91g 91g-96g	512-616 616-618 618-614 613-616 614-618 616-616	1012-11 1018 1058 1018-1059 958-1018 912-10 948 978

MONEY MARKETS

UK base rates at uniform $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.

Barclays and Midland Bank both reduced their base rates yesterday from 12½ per cent to 12½ per cent, bringing them into line with Lloyds and National Westminster. The market aftached little significance to the move, treating the cut in effect as a cosmetic exercise. The prospects of an early assault on 12 per cent are as dependent as ever on sterling's performance and the market's current interest in money supply.

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £350m with market in short in the morning of £285m comprising purchases of eligible bank bills, at 12½ per cent, £146m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 1 (up to 14 days) at 12½ per cent, £146m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 1 (up to 14 days) at 12½ per cent, £146m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, and \$50m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 1 (up to 14 days) at 12½ per cent, £146m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, and \$50m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, and \$50m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, and \$50m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £56m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 2 at 12½ per cent. £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as, at 12½ per cent, £50m in band 3 (34-63 days) as,

in money supply. The Bank of England treated the cut in a similar fashion, leaving its money market intervention rates unchanged. Interbank money showed a small decline later in the day with three-month money at 127-122

UK clearing banks base lending rate 12} per cent since June 12

per cent compared with 12% per cent. Three-month eligible bank bills were bid at 11% per cent against 12 per cent. Overnight interbank money opened at 12% per cent and eased to 11% per cent before coming back to 121 per cent and eased to 111 per cent before coming back to 121 per cent. Late balances were still bid at 121 per cent despite the scale of help from the Bank. This was probably a reflection of the technical problems caused by applications for Abbey Life charges.

.. FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11.00 a.t	m. June 12)
bld 7 9/16	offer 7 11/15
Şix months	U.S. dollars
bld 78:4	ofter 77%
	are the arithmeti

Discount Houses Deposit and Bill Rates

MONEY RATES

				•				· ·
. June 12	Frankfurt	Paris	Zurleh	Amst'dam	Tokyo	Milan	Brussels	Dublin .
o month	5.50 5.60	101s 101s-1014 101s-1014 101s-1014 101s-1014 101s-1018	2) g 25g 5-6-5-6 5) g -6) 4	654-673 618-618 614-618 514-618 673 .	6.15625 6,21875 6,28125	151g-151g 147g-1514 151g-1512	8,85 814-9 878-918 835-918	185g-127g 185g-127g 121g-125g 124g-125g 124g-125g

127s 127s 123s 125s 121₂-125₆ 1218 18 1178 124 184 113 121g 121g 121g . 11#-1179 | 12#-12# - 1176-114 | 1179-12

	Local Auth- negotiable bonds	Local Authority Deposits	Finance House Deposits	l of i	SDR Linked Deposits	ECU Linked Deposits
me months	18-12-6 18-12-6 187g-12-6 125g-12-6 125g-12-16	125r 115e 215e	125 124 124 123 181s	7.43-7.53 7.45-7.55 7.50-7.50 7.60-7.70 7.80 7.90 8.00-8.10	714 712	하는 소문 항 수 보면 하는 소문 하는 소문 - 소문
ECGD Fixe	d Rate Ext	ve): 12.677	e IV: A	verage Rai t. Local	ts of inter authority a	est perior

May 8 to June 4 (inclusive): 12-077 per cent.

Action of the published by the Pinance Houses Association): 13 per cent from June 1, 1865. London and Scottish Clearing Benk Rates for lending 12³-2 per cent.

1865. London and Scottish Clearing Benk Rates for lending 12³-2 per cent.

1868. Reverse for sums at seven days' notice 8.65-6.75 per cent (net).

1869. Treasury Billie: Average tender rate of discount 11.8517 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposits (Series 6): Deposits 1500,000 and over held under one month of Tax Deposits (Series 6): Deposits 1500,000 and over held under one month 12³-2 per cent one-three months 12³-2 per cent three-six months 12³-2 per cent six-nine months 12³-2 per cent alme-12 months 12 per cent. Under £100.000 11³-1 per cent from June 11. Deposits held under Series 5 12 per cent. The reta for all deposits withdrawn for cash 8 per cent.

MONEY RATES NEW YORK (Lunchtime) Treasury Bills One month Two month Three month

100½ 102½ 105±, 101½ 108°µ

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Late fall

Eurodollar contracts relin-quished early gains to finish little changed from Tuesday in The dollar closed at DM 3.0825 the London International Finan-cial Futures Exchange yester-day. Values opened on a strong and there was no intervention by the Bundesbank. Tuesday's fixing was DM 3.0698. Trading note following softer cash rates in New York and the Fed's failure to drain reserves. was extremely quiet ahead of today's U.S. economic statistics. However rumours of STERLING INDEX

upward revision in today's U.S. retail sales figures prompted a sell off at the day's highs. Buyers returned as contracts hit the day's lows but there was little clear incentive ahead of rodey's figures. today's figures.

The day's selling also reflected comments by U.S. officials

Noon 1.00 pm 2.05 pm 3.00 pm 79.2 79.2 79.3 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 79.2 LONDON

79.3

June 11 Previous

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1985 is 3.4510 to 2.9730. May average 3.1024. Exchange rate index 121.6 against 120.7 six months

9.00 am

11.00 am

10.00 am

THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR \$1m points of \$00% £ IN NEW YORK Close High Low Prev 591.93 92.09 91.87 91.93 Dec 91.45 91.81 91.44 91.45 March 91.04 91.19 91.04 91.03 June 90.68 90.63 90.78 90.69 Sept 90.47 90.40 91.03 90.89 Sept 90.47 90.30 Estimated volume 5.068 (5.011) Previous day's open int 19.497 (19.649) June 12 . Prav. close £ spot | 51,2686-1,2856| 31,2645-1,2856
1 month | 0.55-0.52 pm|0.53-0.51 pm
3 months | 1,53-1,49 pm|1,47-1,44 pm
2 months | 4,15-4,00 pm|4,05-3,98 pm THREE-MONTH STERLING 0500,000 points of 100%

STERLING £25,000 \$ per £

Close High Low Prev Sept 0.3258 0.3264 0.3258 0.3264 Dec 0.3272 — 0.3284 Estimared volume 12 (43) Previous day's open int 235 (234)

SWISS FRANCS Swfr 125,000 \$ per Swfr APANESE YEN Y12.5m \$ per Y100

FT-SE 100 (NDEX E25 per full index point

Close High Low Prev Sept 0.3873 — 0.3879 Sept Close High Low Frev Sept 0.4021 0.4021 0.4017 0.4021 Estlamated volume 3 (13) Previous day's open int 149 (257)

June 129.30 130.55 129.30 130.75 Sept 129.50 131.00 129.40 131.25 Estimated volume 837 (185) Pravious day's open int 1,564 (1,559)

Sterling based instruments

managed to recover slightly

U.S. TREASURY BONDS June 78-21 78-02 78-16 78-55 Sept 77-23 78-03 77-11 77-Dec 76-25 Estirasted volume 2,850 (2,375) Previous day's open int 2,131 (1,984) Prev 51.93 91.45 91.03 90.69 90.30

CHICAGO

U.S. TREASURY BONDS (CBT) U.S. TREASURY BILLS (IMM) June 92.59
Sept 92.22 92.36
Dec 91.75 91.90 91.76
March
THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMMI)
Sim points of 100%

'stest High Low F
92.38 92.28 9
91.86

the scarcity of information on the course of the U.S. economy at the moment makes such a supposition a little dangerous.

that it was still too early to judge the effects of the litt discount rate cut. This was seen as implying that another reduc-tion was not imminent although

towards the close. Early trading aggressive selling developed in

GNMA (CBT) 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100%

were also sold off during the afternoon although gilt prices had seen values steady to firm in light volume before fairly

Prev 76-08 75-20 74-30 73-29 73-17

Exhibitions

THE GROSVENOR HOUSE ANTIQUES FAIR **63900**

Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London W1. 12-22 june 1985

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Opportunities	10.50	35.50
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Wanted	10.50	35.50
rsonal	8.00	27.00
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tels & Travel	8.00	27.00
ntracts & Tenders	10.50	35.50
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RAME OF SCOTLAND 12.74 12.05 Money Market Cheque Account Jersey

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deutsche Landesbank, 41, Moorgate, London EC2R 6AE/UK iona 638 6141 - Telex 887 984

Marketmakers in Deutschmark Bonds West LB

Westdeutsche Landesbank

New York challenges for first place

vestments in gold, marked the second day of the Financial Times World Gold Conference

here yesterday.

Brushing aside the doubts of many European delegations about the buge growth in seconabout the nuge growth in secondary trading in America over the past few years, Mr Ronald Tauber, a partner of J. Aron-Goldman Sachs, forecast that New York would develop yet more sophisticated packages of options and forward trading in-

Moreover, Mr Tauber asserted that the American market promised to become the largest for trading in physical gold, as well as in so-called paper. So far, London and Zurich have been main centres for physical gold

Mr Tauber pinpointed four factors to explain the vitality of the New York gold market, the first two being the availability of capital and the profession-

and key addition in Mr Tauber's view was the innovative spirit New York has shown in devel-oping hedging services for

A CONFIDENT assertion that turnover in paper gold in New York is well on the way to COMEX, the U.S. commodities becoming the world's largest all exchange, had reached more round gold market, and advice than 30 times the value of curtain a Suries header shout in the state world made production. rent world gold production. The European approach to

more competitive services. Although Zurich remained essentially a market for physical gold transactions, the Swiss bankers, too, were coming up with innovations, Mr Seiler said.

alism of the trading firms.

The existence of an organised futures market provided liquidity and breadth. The last

metal producers and consumers, metal producers and consumers, and in leading the way in pro-viding options.

Mr Urs Seller, first vice-presi-dent of Union de Banques Suisses, however, was in scepti-cal vain, pointing out that the

the metal differed greatly from the American. The European still saw gold as an instrument to protect assets from inflation, while to the Americans it was a commodity with a volatile price behaviour, Mr Seller said. 2 The Americans did not hold gold to avoiding losing money but traded it in anticipation of making money. However, by creating Premex, their own metal broker, the big three Swiss banks had demonstrated their commitment to offering

bankers, too, were coming up should reduce them. Investors with innovations, Mr Seiler said.

Mr Jack Spall, managing director of Sharps Pixley, described how the London gold market could hence from the market could be market from the market

scribed how the London gold market could benefit from the "Big Bang" next year when many stockbrokers, jobbers and gilt traders will become wholly owned by either British or for-eign financial institutions. The Frankfurt gold market, in the view of Mr Rolf Willi, seciety general manager of assistant general manager of Dresdner Bank, was still not playing in the big league, but with a few changes in taxation, it could be promoted. He pointed to the strong pressure for liberalisation which was

World Gold in 1985

CONFERENCE

Considering that a rise in the price of gold in the medium term seemed probable but by no means certain, Mr Hans Mast, executive vice-president of Credit Suisse, recommended that investors seeking either protection of assets or long term performance should put

5-10 per cent of the total assets into gold. If their gold holdings ex-ceeded this proportion, they

To glean the advantages of

Traders and short term in in silver. vestors should act with circumspection. Mr Mast suggested, by buying at depressed prices of around \$300 an ounce and be-ing satisfied for the time being with relatively limited gains of 10 or 15 per cent.

Sig Vittorio Gori, president smaller of Gori and Zucchi, provoked argued.

questions from the floor with a detailed account of the importance of the jewellery mar-ket as a stabilising factor in

During the past four years, variations of up to 20 per cent in the dollar price for gold had been almost perfectly offset by the variations in the quantities of gold absorbed by the jewellery market. During those years, more than 60 per cent of new gold produced had been used to make carat jewellery.

Platinum has at present reached an historically low price in real terms, Mr Alan Austin, platinum marketing manager for Johnson, Matthey, pointed out. Nevertheless, with the possibility of the U.S. dollar weakening, demand for the metal strengthening, and sup-plies being at best adequate, Mr

Similarly, Mr Robert Beale, "averaging," only a third to a half of their requirements should be bought immediately, the remaining orders being placed later at lower prices.

Similarly, Mr hower description director of the dealing division at Samuel Montagu, considered that the prospect of the dollar weakening had produced a placed later at lower prices.

If investors and speculators started taking a greater interest in precious metals, silver could well appreciate faster in price than gold, because its current price was near the marginal cost of production and it was a smaller margin, Mr Beale

Nuclear power programmes cut despite rise in electricity demand

active at present in West Ger-

demand is approaching the level of available supply. According to a study presented yesterday to the conference of Unipede—the International Union of Producers and Distributors of Electrical Energy—30,000 mW cent increase on the previous of capacity have been struck peak load in the winter of from European utilities' nuclear 1983-84. construction plans in the past three years.

A survey of Unipede's European members shows that by 1990 they will have 120,000 mW of installed nuclear capacity, compared with 150,000 mW forecast at the time of the last survey three years ago. Unipede's membership includes the whole of Western Europe, plus Poland and Hungary.

EUROPE'S NUCLEAR power programme continues to be cut this week's meeting showed back in spite of indications that Europe may now be close that the Continent's electricity to absorbing the surplus power generating capacity built in the last decade. It says that the cold spell in January—the worst in 50 years — increased peak demands on the 17 Unipede European utilities to about 330,000 mW. This is a 15 per

According to the study, only the recent commissioning of new capacity, and " the remarkably reliable functioning of the generating mix, enabled consumption peaks to be absorbed without recourse to load shedding."

stantial supply cushion, even continue.

though they are often criticised for making wasteful invest-ments. In particular, Unipede thinks more needs to be done to promote the spread of nuclear power which the organisation said yesterday is being restrained by irrational factors and excessively complex procedures.

A Unipede committee said yesterday that nuclear power now has a cost advantage of between 1.25 and 1.70 to 1 over coal-fired power stations. This, the committee argued, makes it possible to use nuclear output for meeting peak surges as well as in its traditional role as a supplier of base load power.

spedding."

It is evident, however, that
The lesson of the cold spell, in spite of the industry's conUnipede says, is that utilities fidence in nuclear power, setmust continue to plan for a substantial supply cuchian and power.

IMF praises Denmark's economic gains

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhager

The IMF has added its voice to the chorus of praise for the achievements of the Danish economy over the past couple of years which it has described in an unpublished staff paper as "impressive."

The high GDP growth rate last year (3.9 per cent according to revised estimates), the reduction of the budget deficit and inflation, the increase in employment and a small reduction in unemployment, are singled out.

But the IMF says there were also two setbacks. First, price inflation, although lower was still higher than in competing countries and did not improve sufficiently for Denmark to achieve a competitive gain against other industrial coun-

tries. Secondly, the current account deteriorated DKr 11bn in 1988 to DKr 17.6bn

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254; 23 : Do 36c 20 Att. COMMONWEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS LOANS | Building Societies | 100% 98% week 10 % 2 % 16 % 1 99% 4 12 % 12 % 1100% 98% 30 116 % 15 7.86 % 1 99% 4 12 27 12 93 1100% 98% 30 116 % 15 7.86 % 199% 112 77 12 93 1100% 98% 30 116 78 98% 199% 11.27 12 78 9 80% 30 116 78 98% 199% 11.19 12 78 100% 98% 30 116 78 98% 199% 11.19 12 78 100% 98% 30 116 78 10 85 % 199% 11 11 07 12 62 99% 97% 27% 30 105 11.11 85 % 199% 10 72 12 58 99% 10 72 12 58 99% 10 72 12 58 100% 99% 30 12 85 % 199% 10 72 12 13 99% 10 12 50 12 85 % 199% 10 72 12 13 99% 10 12 12 13 99% 10 12 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 13 12 13 12 13 12 13 13 12 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 12 13 13 **Building Societies** | 1004 | 99|| 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 15 |
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In June 12 164 Financial Times Thursday June 13 1985 INDUSTRIALS—Continued Tins | 250 | 250 | Ayer Hitam SM1 | 250 | 200 | Gerore | 250 | 260 | Gerore | 250 | 250 | Gerore | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 25 Miscella: | Miscella | 101 | 68 | Aircan Lakes | 95 | 112 | 92 | 19 | 7.0 | 68 | 575 | 77 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7 4. nt Clarke gs plc OPTIONS - 3-month call rates

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

Sharp fall in Beecham unsettles equity markets 30-share index down 14.4 at 984.0

Account Dealing Dates Option

First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day May 13 May 30 May 31 June 10 June 3 June 13 June 14 June 24 June 17 June 27 June 28 July 8

The anouncement of preliminary figures from Beecham which failed to meet market expectations, was partly responsible for a reversal of the better trend which developed in equity markets on Tuesday.

The current big drain on market funds—the offer-for-sale of 135m Abbey Life shares at 180p closed yesterday and was believed to have been heavily oversubscribed—served to keep institutional investors on the

ment on the problems facing the computer industry also undermined sentiment. Lacking any decided trend from Wall Street, leading industrials opened cautiously and soon began to drift lower in the wake of sporadic celling. There were few signs selling. There were few signs of a worthwhile rally and most quotations closed at the day's

Apart from the Electrical leaders, the sharp fall in Beecham, down 28 at 350p, contributed towards the setback in the Financial Times Ordinary share index which closed 14.4 down at 1984.0

Government stocks, in contrast, continued to edge higher. Trading conditions remained relatively quiet, but assisted by sterling's steady trend, long-dated stocks hardened ! further. The shorts also closed a fraction harder. The announcement of i per cent reductions in base rates by Barclays and Midland. which brings them into line with the other two major clearers, made little impact on sentiment.

Minet down again

Lloyd's Broker Minet declined 5 further to a 1985 low of 192p on continuing concern about the substantial underwriting losses substantial underwriting losses incurred by its Richard Beckett agency. Others in the sector drifted lower with C. E. Heath closing 5 off at 638p and Hogg Robinson a couple of pence down at 192p. The proximity of the Abbey Life offer for sale tended to detail attention to the sale tended in the sa to deter interest elsewhere in Insurances. Composites reacted

EQUITY GROUPS

dipped to 269p before settling 6 off on balance at 274p following uninspiring Press response to the interim statement. Elsewhere, Arthur Bell rose 5 for a two-day rumours of recent Far-Eastern support. Occasional interest was also evident for cider makers H. P. Bulmer 14 to the good at 155p; the preliminary figures are due early next month.

Leading Buildings were marked progressively lower in the face of some fairly persistent selling and usually closed at the day's lowest. BPB Industries lost 8 to 250p, while RMC, still reflecting oversubscribed—served to keep institutional investors on the sidelines. Oil price worries resultated and trading conditions became rather sensitive.

Yet another setback in the Electrical leaders following comments to the problems from the proble taking and slipped 6 to 600p. Elsewhere, the liquidation of speculative positions in the absence of any takeover develop-ments left French Kier down 8 at 168p, but Rowlinson gained a peany to 36p in response to the increased preliminary profits and optimistic statement. Exeter Building were temporarily sus-pended at 142p, up a penny pend-ing the result of Kent Holdings' tender offer, it was subsequently announced that the offer had heen declared void following acceptances of less than 5 per

shore index which closed 14.4 down at 984.0.

Oils remained friendless awaiting the full OPEC meeting scheduled for June 30. Speculative high-filer over the past month, slumped 55 to 735p as the near-trebled first-half profits still fell short of some marker estimates. Other secondary Stores also went lower resible Hanson Trust bid targets was still in evidence.

Government stocks, in contrast flecting the liquidation of specu-lative positions. W. H. Smith A., 228p, and Harris Queensway, 238p, shed 8 apiece, while Our Price, buoyant recently following publicity given to the group's expansion plans, dipped 35 to 535p. Dixons gave up 17 more to 703p; last year the preliminary figures were announced on July 19. In contrast, fresh suport was figures were announced on July 19. In contrast, fresh suport was noted for mail-order concern N. Brown, 25 up at 355p, and for J. Hepworth, 4 to the good at 232p. Milletts Leisure responded to revived demand in a restricted market and touched 176p before settling 8 up on balance at 170p. Among leading Retailers, Gassies A fell 10 to 795p, while Marks & Spencer eased 4 to 131p. Burton, up to 507p in the initial business, drifted to finish a net 2 cheaper drifted to finish a net 2 cheaper at 4960, while takeover target Debenhams declined 4 more to

Sound Diffusion flat Electricals remained in the

doldrums. Adverse comment on Insurances. Composites reacted deforms after the previous day's strength.

"Computer leasing group, IBL staged a successful market debut despite the surrounding dullness: stored at 140p, opened at 155p and touched 156p prior to closing at 148p.

Breweries drifted lower for to fitted lower for want of attention. Guinness at their lowest levels of the day.

Adverse comment on the problems facing the comment or the problems facing the community feature in Engineering, rising 35 to a 1985 peak of 560p in reply to the impressive interim results and confident statement. Staveley rose 9 to 342p in anticipation of to fittle and other leaders finished at their lowest levels of the day.

Among the quietly dull leaders,

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times

the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Wed June 12 1985

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	June 12	June	June 10	June 7	June 6	June	year ago
Government Secs	81,66	81.58	81.51	81.81	81,93	81.86	78.65
Fixed Interest	85,15	86,10	86,05	85,38	86.37	86,30	82.86
Ordinary	984.0	998,4	991.5	1001.6	1007,6	1017,1	834,5
Gold Mines	426,6	424,4	421,9	454,2	445,4	444.8	670,7
Ord. Div. Yield	4.69	4,62	4.65	4.62	4,59	4.56	4.75
Earnings, Yld.% (full)	11,72	11,58	11.67	11.58	11.51	11.43	10.98
PIE Ratio (net) (*),	10,42	10,54	10,45	10.54	10,60	10.68	10.93
Total bargains (Est.)	21,161	22,092	21,863	20,867	23,312	22,878	18,330
Equity turnover £m.							
Equity bargains							
Shares traded (m)		150,5	156,1	178.6	184.4	223.2	136,1

10 am 998.2. 11 am 991.7. Noon 989.0 1 pm 989.0 2 pm. 989.0. 3 pm 988.5. Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Int. 1928. Ordinary 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity 1974.

Latest Index 01-246 8026 * Nil = 10.08 HIGHS AND LOWS S.E. ACTIVITY

INDICES

	19	8 5	Since Co	mpilatn	'	June 11	June 10
	High	Low	High	Low	Daily Gift Edged		
Govt. Secs.	82.00 (18/4)	78.02 (28/1)	127,4 (9:1/35)	49.18	Bargains Equities		•
Fixed Int		82,17	150,4	50,53	Bargains Value 5 dayAverage	620.1	119,9 611,8
Ordinary,	1024.5		1024.5	49.4	Gilt Edged Bargains	156.5	164,8
Gold Mines	536.9 (15/4)	421,9 (10/6)	734.7	45.5 :26; 10:71	Equities Bargains Value	116,6	118.9 714.5

Racal lost 10 to 176, Standard
Telephones and Cables relinquished 8 more to 144p, while
Plessey gave up 6 to 126p as did
Thorn EMI to 430p. BICC lost
to at 220p and British Telecom a
like amount at 184p; the latter
yesterday announced the acquisition of the Visionhire Cable
Distribution system in the City
of London. Elsewhere, Sound
Diffusion expressed acute disappointment with the results—
appointment with the results—
profits were nearly f5m below
expectations — and dropped to
e62p at one stage before closing
tended at the companies of the Board's
were another major casualty,
falling 45 to 265p, after 240p,
following news of the Board's
rationalisation proposals, Atlantic
Cemputer cheapened 15 to 340p Access Satellite declined 28 to 220p in sympathy. MicroFocus were another major casualty, falling 45 to 265p, after 240p, following news of the Board's rationalisation proposals, Atlantic Computer cheapened 15 to 340p and AB Electronic dropped 16 to 255p, while Eurothern fell 10 to

Metal Box good 325p, while Eurothern fell 10 to 325p, while Eurothern fell 10 to 300p. Northamber, an isolated firm feature, rose 8 to 155p in response to speculative buying.

Metal Box jumped 40 more for a two-day advance of 70 at 473p following favourable reports emanating from an analysts meeting in the wake of the annual results. Talk of a bid from Hanson Trust continued to help Reed International which rose 16 afresh to 650p. Pilkington initially improved to 300p on the higher preliminary profits before reacting to close only 2 dearer on balance at 290p. Hanson Trust were quoted ex-the £519m, rights issue at 203p, down 71,

rights issue at 203p. down 71, with the new nil-paid shares opening at 23p and closing at 17p premium. Boots and Bowater, both recently looked Bowater, both recently looked upon as possible Hanson Trust takeover targets, gave ground on profit-taking; the former cheapened 6 to 187p and the latter fell 9 to 284p. Fisons slipped 7 to 355p in sympathy with Beecham. Elsewhere in miscellaneous industrials, Arenson moved up 6 to 31p on an investment recommendation.

The Leisure sector displayed one of the day's few bright features in Insight Group which gained 12 to 168p in a restricted market on takeover speculation. On the other hand, Pineapple Dance Studios remained a friendless market and fell 9 to 38p. Intervision firmed a penny to 10 ip following newsletter comment.

2.30 4.80 8.40 13.80

32.50

0.50 0.70 0.90 1 0.60

FI.345 FI.350; FI.360; FI.360; FI.360; FI.380 DM.300; DM.315

P1.460 F1.440 F1.230 F1.230 F1.230 F1.230 F1.130 F1.140 F1.400 F1.400 F1.400 F1.400 F1.600 F1

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 25,182

GIST C GIST P HEIN C HEIN P HOOG C HOOG C HOOG P KLM C NEDL C NEDL C

NATN C NATN P PHIL C PHIL P RO C RD P ROBE C UNIL P

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

20 - 5

Oct.
10 12,90
30 18,50
88 7,80
76 12,60
199 2,50
110 2,50
110 2,50
110 3,40
45 3,40
45 3,40
45 1,40
6 1,20
186 2,20
187 1,70
98 1 8,30
27 1,70
98 1 8,30
21 3 2,50
10 12,20
11 1 2,40
140 1 1

5 :1 13 '1 115 '14 20 : 48 '---12 : 15 : 310 :

before closing 3 better on balance at 141p on further con-sideration of the full-year figures. Elsewhere, renewed siteration of thirtyear figures. Elsewhere, renewed demand in a narrow market lifted stationery manufacturers Waverley Cameron 14 for a three-day advance of 32 at 153p.

Properties turned easier as the interest generated by the Transatiantic Insurance bid for Capital and Counties faded. The latter, up 28 on Tuesday in the wake of Transatiantic's 225p per share offer, came back 5 to 218p. Land Securities slipped 3 to 284p and MEPC softened a penny to 289p. Great Portland Estates eased 4 to 148p awaiting the annual results. Stock Conversion shed 5 to 505p. Secondary issues were generally lower, but Regallan again proved the exception and rose 20 to 174p for a two-day gain of 26 following comment on the results and the group's London dockland development prospects. Phoenix Property, a volatile market recently, firmed 2 to 63p on news that Professor Roland Smith had been appointed to the board.

Among Shippings, British and Commonwealth railied 12 to 243p; associate Caledonia Investments rose a similar amount to 242p. Properties turned easier as the

Carpets International eased a Carpets International eased a couple of pence more to 59p—a fall of 11 so far this week on fading bid hopes. Atkins Bros, dull since last week's annual figures, rallied a few pence to 123p, while sporadic support was also noted for John Beales, 5 up at 88p, and for Earlys of Witney, 8 higher at 82p.

Tobaccos lost ground. Imps dipped 4 more to 187p despite a bullish circular from brokers Buckmaster and Moore. Bats, 323p, and Rothmans International, 169p, gave up 5 and 3 recreatively. respectively.

Oils easier

Tuesday's modest rally in crude oil spot markets ran out of steam and leading oils were quick to react. An initial mark down of the majors triggered persistent small selling pressure and prices gave ground for much of the session before steadying after-hours. Shell settled 4 off at 683p, LASMO lost a similar amount to a year's low of 263p and Britoil eased 5 to 215p. BP closed unchanged at 525p, after 522p. Burmah Oil ran back 8 to 268p.

Second-line oils remained thoroughly depressed with Saxon Tuesday's modest rally in

Second-line oils remained thoroughly depressed with Saxon Oil a further 13 cheaper at 365p, Carless Capel a net 5 lower at 160p, after 158p, and Sovereign 3 easier at a 1985 low of 125p. Berkeley Exploration dropped 7 7 to 110p. Falcon Resources advanced to 91p initially but encountered profit-taking to close only 2 up at 85p. Lack of support, left the Irish exploration sector with minor losses across the board.

Minor gains in Golds

Bullion's resilient performance closed little changed on balance after dipping to around \$313 in New York overnight—encouraged another day of minor gains in South African gold shares.

The sector opened with small falls across the board, following the trend in bullion in the U.S. overnight, but subsequently edged higher for the rest of the session. The improvement reflected modest but persistent Johannesburg support following the generally satisfactory June dividend nayments from the gold mines in the Gold Fields of South Africa group. At the close, the mines in the Gold Fields of South Africa group. At the close, the majority of leading heavyweights were left with gains that ranged up to 1, as in Randfontein, £741. Winkelhaak, £323, Free State Geduld, £191 and President Brand, £19. Dividends from Driefontein and Kloof were regarded as a shade better-than-expected and shares of both companies rose 1 to £181 and £291 respectively, while the declaration from Venterspost boosted

\$314.80

90 St 28 : 18 : \$621

-- ;FI,347,55

FI.454

FI. 199,56

n.252.50 FI.110.88

F1.79,20

.F1,187,70 Fl.149,70

FI.61.40

F1.62.40 F1,163

FL 66.20 **ғ**า.52,50

F1.191.60 FL75.70 FL347,50

LOWS FOR 1985

NEW HIGHS (49) ERITISH FUNDS (T)
Exch 2 loc 1986 Treas 3pt 1537
Exch 2 loc 1987
COMMONWELL WEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS (1) 5 Rhodesia 3'spc 80-85 EANKS (3) Ce Ba

Wintrust

Bell (Arthur)

Buildings (2)

Buildings (2)

tates Property Regalian TEXTILES (1) Beales (J.) Beales (J.)
TRUSTS (6)
Derby Trust Cap Do New Wrrts
German Smaller Inv Pacific Assets
New Throg Inc SPLIT Cap

NEW LOWS (101) AMERICANS (2) CANADIANS (2) BANKS (1)

YESTERD/	۱Y			Fi
ritish Funds	Rises 48	Fails 2	Same 58	De in
orpas Dom and Foreign Bonds Idustrials nancial and Props ils	13 166 70 14	7 398 141 43	56 892 343 70	Ju Ju Ju
antations	70 37 38	5 42 89	13 100 99	Fo
rtals	386	727	1,631	

before easing to close unaltered on balance at 203p in the wake of the proposed rights issue of one-for-four at A\$2.35.

Demand for Traded Options improved slightly and total contracts of the proposed of th tracts struck amounted to 7,904-4,338 calls and 3,566 puts.

NEW HIGHS AND

Brown (N.) Share S

City Site Estates Property Part
CALA

RISES AND FALLS

ESTERD/	Y			First
ish Funds	Rises 48	Falls 2	Same 58	Deal- ings
pas Dom and reign Bonds satists ncist and Props	13 166 70	7 398 141	56 892 343	June 10 June 24 July 8
etations	14 0 37 38	43 5 42 89	70 13 100 99	For rate Share

the latter a further 10 to 780p—
a two-day rise of 25.

Financials failed to mirror the rally in Golds, with the notable exception of "Amgold" which rose £21 to £67?.

London-registered Financials were unsettled by the latest setback in domestic equity markets.

Rio Tinto-Zine dropped 7 to equal the 1985 low of 575p while Consolidated Gold Fields gave up 5 to 525p. Charter Consolidated Gold Fields gave up 5 to 525p. Charter Consolidated 3 to 185p and Hampton Areas 2 to 175p.

The neutral performance of Australians in Sydney and Melbourne markets overnight was reflected by another lack-instreshowing in leading "down under" stocks. Western Mining managed a modest improvement at 200p, following news of a go-shead of the near £300m copper/gold/uranium project at Olympic Dam in South Australia, and Peko-Wallsend put on 4 to 224p, but the remaining issues held at overnight levels. Golds Inst further ground; fails in the region of 5 were common to Central Noveman, 403p. Gold Mines of Kalgoorite, 453p and Mines of Kalgoorite, 453p and Poseidon, 195p.

Emperor Mines touched 207p before easing to close unaltered on balance at 203p in the wake of the proposed rights issue of the proposed rights is

price	Amount paid up	Haring date	190 High	:	Stock	Olderna Price +	
90.705	F.P. NII F.P. E30 F.P. F.P.	25.6 22.7 5.7 6.6	107 6pm 109p 511g 100p	20m 20m 107p 29m 29m 100;}	Allebone 84% Cnv. Cum. Rd. Prf	25m -1 109p 301g +1 100 100 4 101p -2 35 4 +1	

RIGHTS OFFERS

issue i price :	00	Latest Renunc.	198	8	Stock	Closing	<u></u>
pirce !	₹0	·	High :	Low	:	<u> </u>	<u>; </u>
200 150 28 190 280 134 80 185 66 515 26 120 222 150	F.P. F.P. NII NII F.P. NII F.P. F.P. F.P.	20.6 20.6 26.6 9.8 26.6 26.6 26.6 26.6 26.7 12.7 28.6 4.7	400 406 30 55pm	11 kpm 20pm 85 18pm 73 625 29 72 128 236 27	Anchor Chemical. Bank of Scotland £1. Barclays £1. Beazer (C.H., 70p. Brit. Empire Sec. & Gen. 5p. Emess Lighting. Emglish China Clays. Emglish China Chi	375 380 395 30 55pm 11 lapm 24pm 88 18pm 75 la 627 39 76 128 250 203	

Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty. b Figures as an expression of the prospectus esetimate. g Assumed dividend and yield. u Forschiudend cover based on provious year's samings. p Pence unless otherwindicated. T issued by tender. [Offered holders of ordinary shares as rights." "Issued by way of capitalisation. S Reintroduced. The same connection with reoriginisation merger or takeover. E Altorment latters ally-paid. []] introduction. Tullisted Securities Market. S Placing price.

ACTIVE STOCKS

Above everage activity the following stocks ye		
	Closing	Day's
Stock	price	change
Beecham	350	- 28
Body Shop Intl	735	-55
Bowster jugs'	784	– 9 🗒
Guinness	274	<u>- 8</u> .
IBL	148	- 9
Metal Box	753 473	+40
Milletta Leisura	170	+ 8
Prikington Bros	290	+ 2
Prudential	715	- 10

Last Last For Deal- Declara- Settleings tion June 21 Sept 12 Sept 23 July 5 Sept 26 Oct 7 July 19 Oct 10 Oct 21 indications see end of

Information Service

Auction, GEC, Bryson, Energy Capital, Combined Technologies, Burmah, Premier Oil, Dalgety, Carpets International, Raybeck, Plessey, Sound Diffusion, Petranol, Boots, Bristol Oil and Minerals and Flextech. A put was done in MK Electric, while doubles were transacted in Sangers. STC. Riley Leisure. doubles were transacted in Sangers, STC, Riley Leisure, Petranol and Plessey.

TUESDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

Based on berg Exchange Offici	jains rec al List.	orded	in Stoc
Stock		Tues.	Day'ı
	changes . 18		chang
Royal Insce		680	+20
Brent Walker		132	
Metal Box	. 15	433	+30
Argyli Group	. 73	320	+12
Brammer	. 13	388	-12
8P	13	525	+ 7
Glaxo	13	£133.	
BAT Industries	12	328	+ 5
Burton		498	÷ š
Cap. and C'ties		223	
Cap. and C ties	14	222	+28

4)

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

37 25 17 10 8 47 35 25 13 20 23 65 95 18 30 40 65 95 90 55 25 12 30 17 8 3 280 300 330 120 130 140 160 Shell Trans. | 600 (*685) | 650 700 750 | 800 45 | 51 -- -18 | 28 -- -5 | 11 -- -1 -7 28 51 30 18 5 14 29 110 80 48 Aug. Nov. Feb. Aug. Nov. 34 19 57 25 17 60 36 28 21 13 51₂ 34 18 9 4 25 13 6

June 12 Total contracts 790,4 Calls 4,358. Futs 5,566 "Underlying security price.

	& SUB-SE	ECTIO	INS								ī	10	7	(approx.)
	lgures in parenthes stocks per	es show r section	aumber :	of Index		Est Earni Yield Ge (Max	学	Gress Div. Yleki% (ACT at 30%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	xd adj. 1985 to date	ladex No.	ladex No.	Index No.	Index No.
1 2	CAPITAL EGGS							4.27	11.82	7.20	537.85	537.67		489.79
	Building Material							4.94	9.74	6.93	526.44		,	468.49 659.53
3	Contracting, Cons Electricals (14)			778.3 1429.5				5.35 5.10	9.73 11.49	16.49 27.85	774.93 1491.51			1548.58
3	Electronics (37)			1426			37 l	3.59	1254	14.03	1468.62		1474.95	1785.46
6	Mechanical Engin		3)	306.0	12 -1.	2 10,4	47	4.55	11.63	4.79	309.83	311A3	312.73	248.28
8	Metals and Metal			197.6				7.76	9.96	3.71	201.77	200.95		183.24
9	Mators (17)			166. 978.				5.06	9.57	3.15	168.41	166.97	167.42	126.02
10 21	Other industrial is CONSUMER GR						20 70	3.31 3.86	16.68 12.73	11.22 8.79	967.76 671.01		1015.00 672.21	639.53 503.28
22	Brewers and Disti					4 1Î.	47	4.67	10.89	8.09	598.72		605.38	513.33
25	Food Manufactur	ing (20)		506.4				4.81	10.52	9.86	506.90	506.05		372.72
26	Food Retailing (1			1580. 1086.			55	2.53	23.57	10.24	15%.12		1604.34	
27 29	Health and House Leisure (23)		2UCS (7).	JUG6. 675.			02 79	2.72 4.81	19.43	5.75 12.59	1117.34 683.08	682.42	1103.47 692.01	801.37 602.98
32	Newspapers, Pub	lishing (1	2)				81	4.27	19.01	32.34	1801.11	1501.36		1334.59
33	Packaging and Pa	per (14).	, 	344.5				4.09	18.30	2.50	338.24	332.75		
34	Stores (41)				15 - 1.		86	3.36	17.23	8.45	644.45			447.38
35	Textiles (19)	~~~~~		326. 854.				4.83	6.71	638	327.90		326.62	261.91
36 41	Tobaccos (3) OTHER GROUPS	. (04)					92	5.02 4.04	6.46 14.15	17.44 6.80	868.75 696.81	860.55 696.43	864.10 708.97	627.72 437.62
42	Chemicals (17)			753.4	40 – 8.			4.93	8.95	15.33	758.50	759.93		577.63
44	Office Equipment	(4)		180.4	66 -Q.		30	4.66	17.08	3.58	181.09	181.06	182.60	123.15
45	Shipping and Trai	nsport (12	2)	1125,			11	4.67	16.20	25.43	1114.98			853.96
46 48	Miscellaneous (6) Telephone Netwo	3)		865.: 845.:				3.57 3.80	17.00 16.50	6.94 0.70	876.19 864.25			609.51 0.0
49	INDUSTRIAL CI						//	4.01	12.83	7.77	650.61	864.25 648.47	884.69 655.80	493.05
77 51	Oils (17)					o		7.37	7.45		1134.95	1125.51		1104.82
59	500 SHARE IND							4.45	11.73	10.16	691.45	688.7Z		544.37
57	FINANCIAL GRI						" 十	527		9.14	477.34	473.32	473.40	363.91
62	Banks (6)			467.	54 -0.		56	7.40	8.62	11.71	469.96	465.70	464.61	350.91
65	Insurance (Life) ((8)		764.4			•	4.15	! —	14.71	779.78	766.51	759.95	457.70
66	Insurance (Compo						:.I	5.37		8.53	365.68	358.33		275.55
67 68	Insurance (Broke Merchant Banks (٠,	3.62 4.31	16.45	19.87 1.56	1142.14 229.54	229.55	1169.85 230.04	728.07 201.95
69	Property (50)						36	3.69	22.54	7.46	629,45	621.92		558.86
70	Other Financial(2	4) <u></u>		278.		1 8		5.84	13.64	5.38	278.59		279.64	248.50
71	Investment Trust							3,44		6.70	594.14	594.81	598.78	472.50
81	Mining Finance (4	4 <u>}</u>	ru (/ m 1986)	275.				5.73	10.11	5.29	278.99	276.74		291.41
91	Overseas Traders						11	456	13.14	19.54	651.98	654.22		535.58
99	ALL-SHARE INC	EX (/3/	}	625.3	_	-	-			9.73	632.00	629.24	634.66	497.90
	ļ			Inde				Day's	June 11	June 10	June	June	June	Year
	FT-SE 100 SHAP	W INSC		No				Low 201 T		1299.6	1316 (1224.0	1335.9	890
_	1 51-2E TAB 20191	CE INVE	A	1 1271		1 1201	- P 17	271-1	1500.1	1277.0	TOUR	Deza	וגימנה	1064.7
	Fi	(ED !	NTE	REST	1			AVER REDE	AGE GR MPTIBN	0\$5 YIELDS		Wed June 12	Tues June 11	Year 290 (200m)
_	****	Wed		Ties	-4 - H			Briti	à Goven	unent				
	PRICE INDICES	June	Day's change	Jame	प्रते अर्थे. १०वरित्र	nd adj. 1985		Low		jears		10.38	10.34	11.19
	IMDIACS	12	%	n l	way	to date		Coupo		5 years		18.74	20.64	11.04
_				 			3			years		10.33	10.29	10.45
	British Covernment		l	[[1 1			5 years 5 years		11.40 10.92	11.41 10.92	12.01
1	5 years	117.79		117.72	-	5.09		Сочро		jeas		10.43	18.45	11.45 10.75
Z	5-15 years	129.64	-0.02	127.51	0.13	5.79	{ }	High		5 years		11.46	11.48	12.09
3	Over 15 years	136.40	+0.04	136.34	_	434	i	Coupe	ns 1	years		11.07	11.07	11.61
4	Irredeentables	145.91		145.59	_ '	630	9	·	2	5 years		10.64	10.64	10.79
		128.25				1			emables			19.08	10.10	10.33
_5	All stocks		+0.02	128.29	0.06	5.40		Delts 4		5 years		11.86	11.87	12.55
6	Debentures & Lupus	109.06	+0.03	109.03	_	5.69		Longs		15 years		11.69	11.70	12.31
_				- 1			13			25 years		11.53	11.53	12.14
7	Preference	79.31		3.16	<u> </u>	Prefer			T	12.57	12.40	12.84		
				BRITISH	COVER	HMENT	INDE	X-LIN	KED ST	CKS		<u> </u>		
8	Ali stocks	111.09	+0.02	111.12	0.05	1.08		Inflatio	n rate	5%		3.58	3.58 3.40	3.66 3.48
_			l .	1 1			16	4		10%		3,40	3.40	3.46

†Flat yield. Highs and lows record, base dates, values and constituent changes are published in Saturday issues. A list of con-

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

r has a garage Financial Times Thursday June 13 1985 Q mate Im **AUSTRIA** GERMANY AUSTRALIA (continued) . IAPAN (continued) NORWAY 360 526 1,750 345 650 176 620 BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG -9 -4 +4 +1 -4 +10 2.030 K 6.040 - 6.040 - 2.350 - 2.350 - 2.350 - 3.015 8.380 - 1.975 - 4.630 - 1.885 - 5.510 - 2.260 - 1.990 - 1.920 Bang. Int. A. Lux Beksert B. Concent CBR...... Cockeril 349 323 199 158 1 345 5 344 1 150.5 - 0.8 81.2 - 1.3 92 - 0.5 146.2 - 1.5 123 - 0.8 + 0.02 -Ö,1 SWEDEN June 12 AGA 575
Alfa Laval 186
A>EA Free 585
Astar Free 385
Astar Free 105
Cardo Free 255
Ceflulosa 116
Electrolux B 262
Ericsson 296
Esselte 385
Mo och Domsjo 154 xc
Pharmacia 186
Saab Scana Free 380
Skandis 295
Skan Enski'da 300
Sk Kopparbergs 140
Swen Handlesbn 150
Swen Handlesbn 150
Swen Wandlesbn 150 HONG KONG DENMARK - 1 2 -0.5 -1 -1 Andelsbanken 298
Baltic Skand 570
Cophandelsbank 291
0. Sukkerfab 314
0c Danske Bank 314
0c Danske Bank 314
0c Danske Bank 314
0c Danske Luft 1,145
Forenede Brygg 955
Forenede Damp 149
GNT Hidg 400
I.S.S.B 429
Jyske Band 555
Novo Ind 1,700
Novo Ind 1,700
Privatbanken 482
Provinsbanken 348
Provinsbanken 348
Smidth Fi 252
Sophus Berend 1,060
Superios. 422 21,500 233.5 8,860 5,408 4,271 3,450 49,500 85,400 876 1,821 6,799 4,550 2,685 3,450 11,500 SWITZERLAND -30 +4 +10 -5 INGAPORE Ajisomoto. 1,150
Ajisomoto. 1,150
Ajis Electric 1,650
Amada 982
Asahi Chem 1,000
Asahi Giass. 910
Bridgestone 534
Canon 1,160
Casio Comp. 1,1610
Chugai Pharm 1,100
Citizen 743
Dai Nippon Ptg 1,170
Daiwa House. 661
Ebara 1,380
Fanuc 8939ac
Fuji Barrk 1,610
Fuji Film 1,830
Fujisu 1,070
Oreen Gross. 2,460
Hasegawa 460
Heiwa Real Est. 925
Hitachi 765
Hoya 1,940
Hoya 1,940
Hoya 1,940
Loy Ockado 2,570
Watsu 900
JACGS 350
Jusco 850
Kan Soap 840
Kanishiroku 710
Komatsu 468
Konishiroku 710
Komatsu 468
Konishiroku 710
Kubota 350
Macda Qonst 684
Marudai 1,250
Maruboni 684
Marudai 1,250
Maruboni 684
Marudai 1,250
Milling 1,000
Milling 1,000 - 60 + 90 - 30 + 40 + 5 + 25 - 20 - 5 -0.2 -0.84 -0.85 -0.05 -0.05 -0.01 -0.01 121.5 - 128.7 1 128.7 1 149.7 - C 61.4 - C 49.8 C 62.4 0 166.2 0 190 1 165 0 28.7 0 165 0 June 12 Aust 8

ANZ Group 4,52
Alliance Oil Dev 1,15
Ampol Pet 1 185
Ashten 0,96
Aust Cons. Ind. 2,48
Aust Guarantee 2,55
APM. 2,73
Bell Group 7,0
Bell Res. 6,8
Bond Corp Hidgs 1,26
Bond Gorp Hidgs 1,26
Brambles Inds 2,67
Bridge Oil 2,55
Br.H. Prop 1,01
Castlemainetys 5 8
Coles Col. 2,67
Consolidated Pet 0,59
Costain Aust. 155
Duntop Olympic 2,18
Elders IXL 2,9
Energ Res. 1,50 +0,07 -2 +1 +9 -7 -10 +8 -11 +3 -9 -60 -7 - 0,02 - 0,01 - 0,15 0.04

Ir	nd	ic	es

									1	nd	ices							
NEW	YOF	₹K-D	100E AND	ES							1	June 12	June 11	June 10	June ?	19 High	9 85 Low	
	Jenn	James	James		June			985		ompilation	AUSTRALIA					<u>-</u> -		-
	12	117	10	7	8	5	(High	Low	High	Law	All ord.(1-1.50) Metais & Minis, (1.1/80)	854.6 509,8	8.828 8,11d	101	858.2 575.9	904,5 :20 5; 588.8 :20 5;	715.5 :7 382.5 :7	
industrials	1,388.34	1,313,84	1,318.44			ŀ	(6/6)	(4/1)	S/IVES	(2/7/32)	AUSTRIA Credit Aktien (2,1;52)	102,75	101,60	10Q.4B	100,24	,102,75 · 12 6·	85,21	2
Transport	B42.21	651.33	653.79	653.4	1	-	(8/6)	(4/1)	6/6/85	12.32	BELGIUM Brussels SE : 1, 1;80;	2356,45	2349.4	2368.71	2583,54	2384,12 (5.8)	2090.7 (7	g.
Viilleics	153.78	163.73	183.57	163.8	8 163	3 <u>5</u> 163.2	164.75	146.54 (LVI)		10.5 28/4/42	DENMARK Copenhagen SE (5-1 85)	الان	193,56	193, 18	191,85	198,56 - 11 Gi	158,44 -8	1
Trading will		102=	87.9	<u> </u>	1	in 143.6 May 31	Hay 2	<u> </u>	Year Age (-	FPANCE CAC General (31, 12/82) Ind Tendance (28 12/84)	229.4 128,5	259,3 129,5	230,7 129,8	251.5 150,6	285,1 181-51 180,4 181-51		
Ind Div Yield	. 86		⊢	June 7	+	4.85	4.70		4.9		GERMANY		—-					-
STANDARD .							<u> </u>	, .l			FAZ Aktien (51:12 56) Commerzbank (1 12 55)	470.28 1388.3	464,69 1569,9	* 469,65 1356,6	462,56 1565,4	470,28-12 6: 1588,3:12,6:	582.35	
2 (Millioum	Juna	Jeme	June	ميد	Jesse E	June 5	198 High	S.	Since Co	Low	HONG KONG Hang Seng Bankiš1:7 84,	1502,94	1492,1	1571,87	1542,55	1647,69 : 17 5	. 1220.74	2
Industrials	200.19	298.98	19 288.37	7 209.35	211.13	218.83	211.13	128.24 (4/1)	211.13		ITALY Banca Comm Stal. (1977:	323.9 1	525,54	314,50	511,67	525.54 -11 fr	228,56 -2	11
Composite	167.61	189,64	189.51	188.63	(31.06	120.16	151.86 (6/8)	163.68 (L/1)	191.05 (6/8/85)	4.48 (1/6/32)	JAPAN** Nikkei-Dow (16 5 49, Tokyo SE New (4:1,68)	12748.0 003.42		12685.5 1004.90	12718.6 1005,7	12790,3 :30 5: 1089,42 :11 8,	11545,2 /5 919,85 /	1
	<u> </u>	L		Jane 5	1	lay 29	May 2		Year Age (NETHERLANDS ANP-CBS General (1978) A NP-CBS Indust (1978)	211.8 176.9	213,8 178,8	213.4 177.5	214.5 178.1	214.5 -7 6: 178.8-11 6:	185.6 -8 147.9 -3	
ind div yield ind. P/E Rus Long Sav Bo	io			3.71 \$1.78 10.65		3.76 11,58 · 18,60	3.7/ 11,6/ 18.7/	•	4.1 10.9 13.4	路	JORWAY Oslo SE 14 1:851	 §38,51	540.02	341.46	542.62	345.97 tā 61	298.18 -2	
N.Y.S.E ALL							RISE	S AMO F	צעו		SINGAPORE Straits Times (1968)	791.32	797,97	805,21	800,52	852.65 -7 5:	764,38	16
June Ju		June	High	1985 Lo		stues trade		11 12 2.024	June 10 2,005	June 7 2,003	SOUTH AFRICA JSE Gold (28-8-75) JSE Indust (28.9-76)	=	963.D 960.8	945.9 962.2	ישי	1148.8 +15 4+ 975,6 +24 5+	838,1 :1 767,1 7	
198.87 198	199,83	189_97	118.68 (6/6)	109	AG R	ises alls Inchanged		732 813 479	633 900 472	592 967 444	SPAIN Madrid SE :28.12:84:	169,25	105,69	110.14	110,32	117,41 +4 2+	101,48 :2	h
	!	٠ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	 	 : Vo	ob Acti	ve Stoc	ks.				SWEDEN Jacobson & P (11 58)	1543.45	1351,14	1548.56	1557.69	1485,98 :11 2:	1742.54 .6	6
		Stocks Traded	3.89p.	30. Chu	nge Bay			Stricks Traded	S.86p.n Price 14Va	or Day	SWITZERLAND SwissBank Con./81, 12 58	457,5	485,4	485,3	458.4	458.4 17 6.	386.7 /3	1,
RCA		,988,50 ,589,79 ,514,58	g 194	š +	Na Pr	M-So MI or G E purty CP		971,495 961,205 929,585	21%	- % + %	WORLD Capital Intl. (1,1 70)		212,2	212,1	216,0	214,8 17 61	184.6 -4	1
Cost Date Cost Date Kanab SVC Advances S	1	335,39 291,08 25 983	274	- :	37/E A	M Express		918,800 886,29		+ % seek	** Saturday .	June 8:	Japon	Nikkei	.Dow (e). TSE (d	:).	
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MONTHEAL !			133.19*	132.95	133.48	134,14	175.57	5/\$	117.	(F/A) 8	Industrials plus 40 Up	lities,	40 Fin	ancials	and 20	Transports.	c-Clos	B.
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FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Technology dictates the course

WEAKNESS in technology stocks again proved the undoing of Wall Street yesterday, when a heavy fall in IBM stock helped drive the stock market down uncomfortably close to the Dow 1,300 mark breached only a few weeks ago, writes Terry Byland in New York

During the early part of the session, stocks traded steadily, and were rallying from initial falls. But the heart went out of the blue-chip sector when IBM disclosed that profits for the first nine months are unlikely to match last year's. Also discouraging was a fall of three quarters of a point in bonds as traders anticipated higher M1 figures today.

The entire technology sector turned down after bearish comments from Mr John Akers, IBM's chairman and chief executive, to securities analysts. He said that the company was "unlikely" to show solid growth in earnings and revenue this year, prompting an immediate \$5% slide in the company's share price to

Prices steadied at mid-session, but turned down as technology stocks lost ground on the IBM statement. By the close, the Dow Jones industrial average was a net 7.50 points down at 1,306.34 on reduced turnover of 98.4m shares. The Dow transportation average was sharply lower, as railroad issues ran into sellers.

End Month Figures

800

DJ Transport

The stock market was clipped back at the opening by other bad news from the technology sector, which has been a significant area of weakness in the equity market. The Semiconductor Association disclosed a 9 per cent drop in U.S. semiconductor orders in the three months to May.

Helping to buoy the market was a general rally in oil stocks ahead of the meeting of Opec ministers, rescheduled for July 5.

The latest in a number of bearish articles in the investment press questioned growth both for the computer industry in general, and for IBM, its brightest star, in particular.

Control Data, the troubled computer group, added to the sector's problems with news that it had abandoned attempts to sell Commercial Credit, its consumer finance subsidiary. Wall Street regarded the sale of Commercial Credit as an important step in the rebuilding of Control Data's computer business. Control Data stock fell \$3 to \$27% in heavy turnover.

North American Philips, still weak after warning that second-quarter earnings would be lower, dipped a further \$1½ to \$34¼.

Provisonal settlement of the strike by pilots at United Airlines found a mixed reception. United failed to sustain a rally, ending \$1/2 down at \$551/2, but stocks in other airlines, which have been taking traffic from United, were mixed. Pan American fell \$1/4 to \$6, and American at \$44% shed \$1%.

Railroad stocks were generally slightly down, although selling died away at noon. Burlington Northern fell \$1% to \$56% and Union Pacific dipped \$1 to

Turnover in motor stocks slackened as the investment press continued to review General Motors' purchase of

1985

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FFr

3-month U.S.S

62.15

U.S. DOLLAR

3.088

249.85

9.4125

2.598 3.481

1,964.5

62.25

1.371

INTEREST RATES

U.S BONDS

10023/32

1071%

Price

81.00

84%

June 12°

STERLING

1.263

315.5

11.87

3.2825

4.395

78.6

1.7315

12% 5% 51%

10%e

71%

3.9

1.2675

3.915

3.295

4.3125

2,485.0

78.8

1.733

June 12

5% 5% 10%

8.72 1002% 8.72

10.12 1071% 10.05

Price

101%

841/2

108% 10.36

Yield

10.90

100 10.65

94% 11.25

10.03 10817/52

10.43

Yleid

8.60

10.90

100 10.65

94% 11.25

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Latest High

78-09 79-02 78-09 78-19

92.77 92.89 92.75 92.79

92.60 92.86 92.58 92.59

91.93 92.09 91.87 91.93

108-09 106-16 106-14 106-16

KEY MARKET MONITORS

Tokyo New Stock Exchange

June 12 Previous

1,306.34 1,313.84

651.33

642.21

Year ago

463.07

Dil

Yen

Lire

C\$

Hughes Aircraft and its implications for both the auto and technology industries. At \$73%, General Motors shaded by \$% while Ford added \$% to \$45% and Chrysler dipped \$\% to \$36.

Grumman, the Long Island aerospace group seen by some on Wall Street as the next technology bid target, gave up \$1% to \$32 after rising sharply on Tues-

Sperry Corporation, another hot favourite for a bid, continued to rise, adding \$% to \$56%.

A gain of \$% put Warner . Communications at \$29% as investors pondered the implications of American Express's move to sell its half share in Warner-Amex at a "sweetened" price. The Warner board must either join in the sale or buy out American Express. Either course will be complicated by the attempts at a leveraged buyout of Warner by the hoard, which were stemmed last week by Chris-Craft, the major stockhol-

But the most actively bid stock was RCA, which gained \$% to \$46% after nearly 2m shares were traded. The company has been marked by Wall Street as a potential takeover situation, and there have been signs that arbitrageurs have built up substantial stakes, while wait-

ing for the starting gun.

The confirmation that Citicorp, as head of the creditor banks, has received \$250m from Argentina for distribution among the U.S. banks with loans out to that country, had little effect on stock prices. BankAmerica at \$19% gave up \$%, while Manufacturers Hanover, another major creditor, shed \$% to \$38%.

In the credit markets, short-term rates eased as federal funds slipped lower. In the bond market, turnover was light, with prices just below overnight levels, despite further buying of the bond futures contracts.

LONDON

Sidelined after drain on funds

NEWS of preliminary figures from Beecham, which failed to meet market expectations, was partly responsible for a reversal in the better trend which developed in London on Tuesday. Beecham shed 28p to 350p.

The current big drain on market funds

- the offer-for-sale of 135m Abbey Life
shares at 180p closed yesterday and was
believed to have been heavily oversubscribed - served to keep institutional investors on the sidelines. Oil price worries resurfaced and trading conditions became rather sensitive.

ter comment on the problems facing the computer industry, also undermined sentiment.

Lacking any trend from Wall Street, leading industrials opened cautiously and soon began to drift lower in the wake of sporadic selling.

Apart from the electricals, the sharp

fall in Beecham contributed to the setback in the FT Ordinary share index which closed 14.4 down at 984.0.

Government stocks, in contrast, continued to edge higher. Trading conditions remained relatively quiet, but assisted by sterling's steady trend, longdated stocks firmed another %. The

shorts also closed a fraction higher. The announcement of a ¼ per cent reduction in base rates by Barclays and Midland, which brings them into line with the other two major clearing banks. made little impact on sentiment.

Chief price changes, Page 41; Details, Page 40; Share information service, Pages 38-39

HONG KONG

BUYERS stepped into Hong Kong in search of bargains after Tuesday's sharp

Worries were allayed over the banking system, however, when Banking missioner Mr Robert Fell said that no other banks had problems similar to those at OTB.

Hang Seng Bank lost 25 cents to HK\$46.50 and Bank of East Asia shed 50 cents to HK\$23, while Hongkong and Shanghai Bank was steady at HK\$7.60. After a deal to sell OTB subsidiary

Hongkong Industrial and Commercial Bank fell through on Monday, its shares were suspended from trading at the bank's request.

Among property shares, Cheung Kong, which lost HK\$1.10 in the previous session, added 30 cents to HK\$15.60, Hongkong Land gained 15 cents to HK\$5.35 and Sun Hung Kai Properties put on 10 cents to HK\$10.90.

SINGAPORE

BANKING ISSUES suffered heavily in a generally lower Singapore as investors continued to be unnerved by persistently negative rumours.

OCBC, one of the market's blue chips, plunged 20 cents to S\$9.00 on speculation that its stock was among the assets found on the former OTB director when he was arrested at Hong Kong's airport.

Malayan Bank shed 10 cents to \$\$5.90, DBS lost 2 cents to \$\$2.49 und UOB and OUB were both 4 cents lower at S\$4.12 and S\$3.14 respectively.

Among other blue chips, industrial Fraser and Neave lost 10 cents to S\$5.15 and Genting remained stable at SS6.20. Keppel Shipyards added 2 cents to S\$1.60, coinciding with news that the Government intends to reorganise the shipyard industry.



EUROPE

Fresh peaks from foreign enthusiasm

FOREIGN investors again demonstrated faith in the outlook for the West German corporate sector with a concerted

round of buying in Frankfurt yesterday, which propelled prices to new peaks. U.S. and British investors were in evidence during pre-opening transactions and maintained their buying momentum until mid-day when domestic profittaking knocked prices sharply down from their highest levels for the day. The Commerzbank index, calculated

at mid-day, was 18.4 higher at 1,388.3. breaking the record set on Tuesday. The afternoon profit-taking is not reflected in this figure.

BMW's trading pattern was typical of the market's general trend. In unofficial pre-opening trading, the stock was quot-ed as high as DM 27 up on the previous day. During the late morning it traded DM 9 higher and as the day progressed the advance was worn-down to DM 1.20 as it closed at DM 421.00.

Other automotive stocks performed better overall than BMW. Daimler-Benz was pushed DM 7 higher to DM 430, while Volkswagen added DM 4.50 to DM 283 and tyre maker, Conti-Gummi, 70 pfg to DM 150.70.

Robot maker IWKA became the subject of market interest after a company statement that shareholders were in agreement on a proposal to impose a limit on voting rights. The stock eased DM 2 to DM 360 following Tuesday's DM 22 rise.

In the banking sector, Deutsche eased DM 1 to DM 552 while Commerzbank was also the brunt of profit-taking and closed DM 2.20 down at DM 203.50.

After opening DM 5.50 higher Siemens drifted lower to close DM 1 off at DM 575.50 despite the announcement that its subsidiary, Kraftwerk Union had signed a letter of intent to construct five nuclear power plants in China worth DM 5bn.

Bonds ended slightly higher after stronger sentiment on the U.S. credit markets. Prices were 5 to 10 pfg higher on thin trading. The Bundesbank sold DM 18.9m of paper after selling DM 14.1m in the previous session.

Zurich resumed its climb after a twoday consolidation phase, backed by international buying orders which persisted throughout the day.

Corporate earnings are expected to be a bullish factor for several months with additional encouragement provided by expectations of lower interest rates.

Baer was the focus of attention among the medium-sized banks as it firmed a further SwFr 100 to SwFr 8,800 and Holderbank added SwFr 8 to SwFr 758. Consolidation strengthened in Paris, stretching into its eighth day. Prices

closed narrowly lower on light turnover. Foreign buyers, who had absorbed recent selling from domestic sources, failed to provide support.

Retailers were under pressure for most of the session, having risen consistently over recent weeks. Galeries Lafayette dropped a further FFr 17 to FFr 561, while Printemps fell FFr 7 to

Peugeot stood out in the automotive sector with a FFr 5 rise to FFr 403, as the Government announced a loan for a joint high-tech venture.

Amsterdam prices retreated across a broad during a dull session.

Declines were led by Philips which fell Fl 3.20 to Fl 52.90 on news that its U.S. subsidiary had forecast disappointing second-quarter results.

Among other leading international stocks, Royal Dutch/Shell fell 50 cents to F1 191.90, Akzo F1 1.20 to F1 11.40, Unilever 50 cents to F1 347.50 and KLM F1 1

The banking sector was weaker. ABN fell Fl 2 to Fl 454, Amro Fl 1 to Fl 79.20 and NMB F1 2.20 to F1 189.50. Government bond prices were quiet and only marginally changed as traders

awaited a lead from the U.S.

A slight resurgence pushed prices off
their lows for the day in Brussels, although a large number of stocks reg-

istered declines.

Kredietbank was the weakest of the banks and closed BFr 60 down at BFr 8,990, while Solvay was at the forefront

of selling among chemical stocks and finished BFr 100 lower at BFr 4,590. Sellers moved into trading in Milan in

response to the impressive gains which preceded and followed the outcome of the national wage fixing referendum.

Stocks singled out for selling were Fi-

at, which eased L15 to L3,430, Italcementi L1,300 to L95,400 and Generali L480 to

Montedison moved against the trend to close at a record, following a further L42 rise to L1,821.

Stockholm ended marginally lower after another uninspired session dampened by continuing doubts about interest rates and the general economic out-

Ground lost on higher turnover

A DOWNWARD drift emerged during trading in Tokyo yesterday, despite consistent brisk activity in large-capital stocks and incentive-backed issues,

writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei-Dow market average rose to a record 12,795.82 in early trading, but closed 10.92 points lower from the previous day at 12,748.01. Volume swelled to 639.98m shares from the preceding day's 437.63m. Gainers outnumbered losers by 432 to 366, with 141 issues unchanged.

Buying interest in large capital stocks remained strong, with Mitsubishi Heavy Industries (MHI) again heading the active list with 122.27m shares traded. It closed Y12 up at Y324 after peaking Y14 higher. The issue accounted for 19 per cent of trading in the 10 most active is-

Speculative interest in MHI was fuelled by reports that Mitsubishi Motors, 85 per cent owned by MHI, would sell 5 per cent of its outstanding shares to Chrysler of the U.S. Institutional and individual investors led the buying.

Nippon Steel, the second busiest stock with 43.98m shares traded, gained Y1 to Y161. Nippon Yusen third with 27.88m shares, ended unchanged at Y312, while Kawasaki Heavy Industries, fourth with

21.94m shares, advanced Y12 to Y186. Incentive-backed issues were in the spotlight. Sumitomo Metal Mining, which plans to start boring in July at its

Hishikari gold mine in Kagoshima prefecture, western Japan, was the sixth most active stock with 12.66m shares, adding Y10 to Y1,970.

Biotechnology-related stocks fared well, Shionogi, the tenth most active issue with a turnover of 10.17m shares, gained Y15 to Y860, Tsumura Juntendo Y160 to Y1,930 and Eisai Y90 to Y1,380. Asset-heavy stocks were also bought,

with Nippon Express rising Y2 to Y433, Tokyu Hotel Y31 to Y716 and Mitsubishi Estate Y7 to Y785.

Conversely, blue chips eased off on small-lot selling. Hitachi lost Y10 to Y735, Sony Y40 to Y4,130 and NEC Y20 to Y1.050.

Bond prices firmed as trust and city banks stepped up buying in response to the downtrend of U.S. interest rates. Selling orders were prompted by linger-ing investor concern about higher price

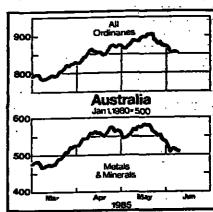
The yield on 7.3 per cent government bonds, maturing in December 1993, de-clined to 6.455 per cent from the previous day's 6.460 per cent and the yield on 6.8 per cent bonds, falling due in Decem-ber 1994, to 6.540 per cent from 6.560 per

AUSTRALIA

DULL trading left Sydney lower with foreign buying interest waning as the lo-cal currency climbed against the U.S.

Declines led advances by 244 to 179. By the end of the day, the All Ordinaries share index had slipped 2.3 to 854.6 and the Metals and Minerals index at 509.3 was 2.5 lower.

Gold shares continued to be affected by concern over tax reforms. Central Norseman shed 30 cents to A\$7.70, Gold



Mines of Kalgoorlie fell 10 cents to A\$8.70 but Bougainville was steady at

Diversified resource stocks slipped slightly in early trading but returned to end steady. BHP was unchanged at A\$6.18 and CSR, which plans a A\$40m Euronote issue, continued at A\$2.71.

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Elders IXL, which is creating a new listed company Elders Resources with assets of about A\$230m, also ended unchanged at A\$2.90. MIM, which has completed the sale of

its stake in the Mt Goldsworthy iron ore venture in Western Australia, shaded 4 cents lower to A\$2.78 and in other miners. CRA also fell 4 cents to A\$5.94.

Among banking issues, Westpac feli 4 cents to A\$4.20, National Australia Bank ended 5 cents off at A\$4.30, while the Australia and New Zealand Banking group added 7 cents to A\$4.52.

CANADA -

THIN TRADING persisted in To restricting price movements to within narrow limits.

Almost all sectors featured significant losers, however, a firm overall trend again failing to emerge. Bank stocks were mixed, with the

Royal Bank trading up CS% to C\$30% while Canadian Imperial was down CSV to C\$34% and Bank of Montreal shared the same decline to C\$29%. Among oils Texaco Canada traded

C\$14 lower at C\$311/2 and Norcen jumped C\$% to C\$15%. Dome was one of the most active stocks as it lost 11 cents to Montreal was generally weaker, al-

though banking and industrial stocks were well supported.

SOUTH AFRICA

MINING FINANCIALS ended generally easier in Johannesburg and gold shares recovered after also trading easier in response to the mixed reaction to the firmer price of bullion. Kloof put on 50 cents to R75, while 🏚

Buffels shed a similar amount to R73. Anglo American Gold added R2 to R170. In insurances, Liberty Life rose 50 cents to R77.50 after news of its R446m takeover bid for Capital and Countries

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



ARRANGED BY:



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Paying Agent:

Cassa di Risparmio di Tortona, Credito Varesino, Credito Romagnolo.

June 1985

BANQUE INIX ISUEZ - MALIA

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF **KAO CORPORATION**

(Formerly Kao Soap Company, Ltd.) (Kao Sekken Kabushiki Kaisha) 6 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1992 3 per cent. Convertible Bonds 2000

Sper cent. Convertible Bonds 2000.
Pursuant to Clause 7tB; (iii) of the Trust Deed dated 17th Aurust, 1977 and Clause 5tB; (iii) of the Trust Deed dated 12th March. 1985, respectively, under which the above Bonds were boused, notice is hereby given to Bondholders that Kao Corporation the "Company" will merce with Kao Chemical Company, Limited 4 "Kao Chemical" the Company wholly owned and consolidated subsideary. After the never see, the Company will continue to exist but Kao Chemical will cease to exist.

The above mentioned measure to the local continue to the local continued to the local

The above mentioned merger is to be submitted in the shareholders of the Company for approval on June 24, 1985 (Japan time). The merger is expected to become effective on April 1, 1895 (Japan

KAO CORPORATION By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust I company as Trust i

Dated. June 13, 1985

DJ Utilities 163.78 163.73 123.31 S&P Composite 187.61 189.04 152.19 LONDON FT Ord 1.291.4 1.308.1 1.064.7 FT-SE 100 497.90 625.39 632.00 FT-A Ali-share 683.07 544.37 FT-A 500 FT Gold mines 426.6 424.4 670.7 10.64 FT-A Long gift 10.64 10.77 TOKYO Nikkei-Dow Tokyo SE AUSTRALIA All Ord. 856.9 Metals & Mins. 509.3 511.8 439.1 AUSTRIA 102.75 101.60 Credit Aktier BELGIUM 2.336.45 2.349.46 Belgian SE CANADA Toronto Metais & Minis 1,906.01 1,928.9 2,709.17 2,717.2 Compos 132.78 132.96 DENMARK 193.56 181.86 FRANCE CAC Gen 230.3 129.3 128.9 87.4 Ind. Tendance WEST GERMANY FAZ-Aktien HONG KONG 1.502.94 1.492.13 958.9 Hang Seng ITALY 323.91 325.34 203.2 Banca Comm. METHERLANDS 213.8 156,1 ANP-CBS Gen 176.9 178.8 ANP-CBS Ind NORWAY 338.51 340.02 253.91 Oslo SE SINGAPORE Straits Times SOUTH AFRICA JSE Golds JSE Industrials 960.8 SPAIN Madrid SE 109.25 109.69 SWEDEN

Euro-currencies (3-month offered rate) 12 748 01 12 758 93 10 324 80 1.009.40 1.008.80 795.79 (offered rate) U.S. Fed Funds 108.54 1,388.3 1,369.9 1,004.8 124.2 791.32 797.97 926.82 981.0 86.78 1,345.46 1,351,14 1,428.87 SWITZERLAND 437.6 Swiss Bank Ind 435.4 359.3 WORLD Yearago 212.2 212.1 Capital Int7 GOLD (per ounce)

Treasury 250,000 32nds of 100%

1987 11% 1992 11% 1995 11% 2015 Corporate AT & T 10% June 1990 3% July 1990 8% May 2000 10% March 1993 100% 10.55 Diamond Shamrock 10% May 1993 10% May 2013 Abbot Lab 11.80 Feb 2013 105% 11.20 105% 11.20 12% Dec 2012 104% 11.75 104% 11.75 CHICAGO U.S. Treasury Bonds (CBT) 8% 32nds of 100% U.S. Treesury Bills (IMM) \$1m points of 100% Sept Certificates of Deposit (INIX) \$1m points of 100% June LONDON \$1m points of 100%

June 12 \$314.25 \$315.25 \$315.00 **\$3**15.25 S313.42 \$311.69 \$313.25 \$314.00

London Zürich Paris (fbing) Luxembourg \$316.70 \$316.90 New York (Aug)

COMMODITIES (London) Sliver (spot fiding) Copper (cash) Coffee (July)

485.80p \$26,425

\$2,080,00 \$2,068,50

£1,127.50 £1.125.50

485,950